The New-York Times.

VOL. XXI......NO. 6551. NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1872. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

POLITICAL.

Gen. Hartranft and His Accusers.

An Indiana Democratic Senator for Grant.

Another Slander Against the President Killed.

Something About One of Fernando Wood's Checks.

Conference Meeting of the Reform Association.

Hartranft, Paine and Forney.

From the Philadelphia Sunday Transcript.

It is about time that the crusade of John W. Forney against John F. Hartranft should stop. Not that Forney is damaging Hartranft, but that something is due to decency. Hartranft was a soldier when Forney was fattening on army contracts. Hartranft carried Antietam Bridge while Forney was skulking with sordid sutlers in Washington. Hartranft was a hero, as he is today, and an honest man, as Forney never was, and never will be, until the crack of doom.

Forney, because of this, is opposed to Hartranft. Years ago, nearly a half million dollars was stolen from the State Treasury of Pennsylvania. This robbery was exposed by John F. Hartranft to the chagrin of Evans and the corrupt herd who were feeding and fattening on the filching and frauds connected with the collection of the State claims against the General Government.

If Dr. Paine is to be believed, John W. Forney pocketed $50,000 of that stolen money. We have evidence in our possession, and can prove that Dr. Paine, Evans' representative and apologist, has stated to more than one honest, reliable and trustworthy citizen, that Evans bestowed upon Forney's family substantial presents, and upon Forney himself the sum of $50,000. This we know.

Now, Paine is either a liar, and bears false witness against his neighbor, or John W. Forney has profited from a crime that he denounces, and which Gen. Hartranft exposed. If Paine is a liar, he being the author of all the slanders against the integrity of Gen. Hartranft, his testimony is unworthy of belief. If, on the other hand, Dr. Paine is an honest and a truthful man, John W. Forney is the most consummate scoundrel that ever disgraced the State of his birth.

We have no quarrel with Forney. We knew that he was not for Grant at heart before Grant's nomination; and we know, too, that he was for Greeley, when Greeley was nominated at Cincinnati; and that he so said, at Guy's Hotel, the day after that ludicrous event. But that is nothing. Let him be where he may, the result will be the same. It is due, however, to say that we do not believe a word that Paine has said, though circumstances confirm his revelations.

It it be true that one fellow got a roll of Pacific Railroad bonds, and Forney got $50,000, and Forney's sons got handsome gifts, and the rag, tag and bobtail, including Dr. Paine, were fixed, is it a wonder that Gen. Hartranft should be denounced and belied and abused by every shameless scoundrel in the transaction? We can prove that Dr. Paine has stated what we state, in a Court of justice or elsewhere. If he has lied in this case he has lied in others. If he has falsified Forney he has falsified Hartranft. If he is a consistent and a persistent liar and falsifier, all his charges and allegations against Hartranft, who exposed the Evans rascality, deserve the reprobation of every honorable and decent man, and their author ought to be whipped naked out of human view.

For, be it remembered, Hartranft was a hero when his slanderers were skulks. He took Antietam Bridge while the scoundrels who are assailing him were shivering in their houses. As a soldier or a citizen, he has passed a spotless and an honorable and honest life, and it is a poor recompense for all that he has done for his country that he should be made the target of scoundrels who have filched to fatten, and robbed that they might ruin braver and better men than themselves.

Which is True?

The *Commercial Advertiser* of yesterday has the following: "Today and every day for a week the *Tribune* has declared that Mr. Kernan never 'tolerated the rascalities' of the City Hall Ring, and has been a steady and unswerving opponent of corruption and the corrupt. Only Mr. Tilden is his superior in rank. Turn backward to the *Tribune* of Oct. 5, 1871, and in an article upon the Democratic State Convention at Rochester, and Tweed's victory there, the *Tribune* says, 'There was never a more disgraceful backdown than that of the Seymours and Kernans and Tildens quailing before the audacity of this embodiment of wholesale corruption and vulgar profligacy.' This is tolerably strong language, but it is in equally strong contrast with the laudatory terms with which Mr. Kernan is now commended for doing what he was denounced for not doing less than a year ago."

The Tribune and Gen. Dix.

The *Evening Post* adds the following testimony to others sufficiently notorious, in regard to the bearing of false witness, which has come to be the chief occupation of Mr. Greeley's organ:

"We repeat: that paper garbled and mutilated a speech of Gen. Dix, with a purpose bitterly inimical to him. The very paragraph even from which it wrested a few lines, shows that Gen. Dix never, for one moment, consented to or advised submission to rebels in arms. The *Tribune* then, that it might prove a falsehood to be the truth, falsified Gen. Dix's record. This we call constructive forgery, a dangerous and dishonorable abuse of the influence of the Press, and that baser sort of journalism which so holds it in disrepute among honest and honorable men. The *Tribune* has not yet ventured to let its readers know what it has done by publishing the whole of the paragraph which is so mutilated. Its attempt now to shift the discussion off upon something Gen. Dix said or did before even South Carolina seceded is virtually a confession of judgement. There we leave it."

An Indiana Democratic Senator for Grant.

Hon. Jason B. Brown, a Democratic member of the Senate of Indiana, spoke at Greencastle, in that State, on the 12th, and took square ground against the Greeley national and State tickets, and declared it to be the duty of all good citizens in the present emergency to vote for Gen. Grant for President, and Gen. Tom Brown for Governor.

Veterans En Route for Pittsburg.

Large numbers of New-York veterans whose engagements would not permit them to leave the City by the special train on Sunday evening, went to the Pittsburg Convention by various trains yesterday. Many delegates from other States also passed through the City. A number of the veterans purchased the $10 excursion tickets provided for them by the Veterans' Committee. Tickets at the same rate may be purchased by veterans who desire to go to the Convention today, at the rooms of the Republican National Committee, Fifth-avenue Hotel, from Assistant Secretary Henry A. Glidden.

One More Slander Killed.

The Greeleyites find the respectable men of their own party repudiating their vile slanders against President Grant. One such has been circulated on the alleged authority of Gen. Frisbie, and this he has promptly disavowed. The circumstances are thus given by the Vallejo (Cal.) *Chronicle* of Sept. 14: "The New-York *Sun* of Aug. 12 reiterates the charge that the military reservation now forming the site of Vallejo was relinquished without authority by Gen. Grant while acting as Secretary of War *ad interim*, and in violation of an act which prohibited any relinquishment of lands reserved for military purposes by the Secretary of War. Gen. John B. Frisbie, at whose instance and that of the Bank of California, the *Sun* claims the property was opened up to pre-emption, declares that Gen. Grant had no knowledge of the matter, and had there been anything wrong in the relinquishment of the reservation, he in no manner should be connected with it. The *Sun* makes the Bank of California a party with Gen. Frisbie in the Suscol land case, but this is also untrue. What will give weight to Gen. Frisbie's testimony exculpating Gen. Grant from the charges made by Dana, is the fact that the former gentleman is President of the Greeley Club in Vallejo. Although politically not in accord with Gen. Grant's Administration, he is too honorable an opponent through a silent and thereby tacit acquiescence to let the impression go abroad that the *Sun* has not wilfully and maliciously falsified facts to injure Gen. Grant."

What Was the Consideration for this Check from Fernando Wood?

The Cleveland (Ohio) *Herald* says that the other day there was found on the floor of the Mt. Vernon Post-office a check, of which the following is a copy:

> NEW-YORK, Sept. 4, 1872.
> Tenth National Bank:
> { Rev. F. W. Stamp. } Pay to the order of Geo. W. Morgan Five Hundred Dollars.
> FERNANDO WOOD.
> $500.

On the back of the check was indorsed
GEO. W. MORGAN.

The payee of that check and the man who indorsed it is Gen. Morgan, the "Confederate" candidate for Congress in the Ninth District of Ohio. The check was found by a clergyman and returned to Gen. Morgan as his property. Upon these facts the *Herald* comments thus: "Is Fernando Wood sending his money into Ohio to control our elections? Was that money sent to Gen. Morgan to help elect him to Congress? The people wish to know about this thing. Has any of Wood's money come into this district? How much of Wood's money is apportioned to each Congressional District in Ohio?"

The Straight-Out Democracy—The State Committee Summoned to Meet at Apollo Hall on Thursday.

For the past few days the promoters of the Louisville movement in this City have been actively employed on measures looking to its success. Several informal meetings of the most influential members of the State and National Committees have been held, and the subject of the nominations and their reception by the people thoroughly discussed. Already ten States have reported to the Chairman of the National Committee. In each one of these a call for a State Convention has been issued. Several communications have been addressed to the Committee asking for an interpretation of Mr. O'Conor's letter. One of these comes from the editor of a Western paper that has already hoisted the names of O'Conor and Adams. The editor inquired if Mr. O'Conor has been asked the question directly, "Would you serve if elected?" To this Judge Goodlett, in a long letter, replies that the opinion held by Mr. O'Conor and expressed in his letter to the effect that the Presidency should neither be sought after nor declined precludes the possibility of an answer. The Committee do not expect any formal reply from Mr. Adams. That gentleman is acquainted with all the late proceedings of the National Committee and is in thorough accord with them. Yesterday Mr. John T. Van Allen, Chairman of the State National Committee, issued a call for a meeting of the members of that Committee to assemble next Thursday at Apollo Hall. From that date will commence the active organization of the movement. An electoral ticket will be issued, and all the details of the campaign thoroughly discussed and arranged. The Committee will meet at 12 o'clock noon, and remain in session all day.

The Reform Association—Conferring with Other Bodies—Making Out the County Slate.

The Conference Committee of the Reform Association held another conference yesterday. Delegates and committees were received representing nearly all the principal political bodies in this City. The Reform Association desire to unite all the Reformers upon one County ticket, and to that end are disposed to consider the fair claims of the respective parties. A. T. Stewart, Oswald Ottendorfer, Wm. F. Havemeyer, Robt. Lenox Kennedy, and several other leading citizens were named as candidates for Mayor.

Mr. Justice Leonard, the present incumbent, Randolph W. Townsend, E. H. Anderson, were favorably mentioned for the Supreme Court. For the Superior Court, Jas. W. Gerard, Jr., and others.

Ex-Judge Sutherland is very favorably urged for City Judge.

A. R. Lawrence, H. L. Clinton, John McKeon and others were named for District-Attorney.

An evening session was held in Room F of the Fifth-avenue Hotel, at which the Conference Committee were present. Major Bundy, Robert B. Roosevelt, Col. Vermilye, Roswell D. Hatch, William Gerard and other well-known citizens called in during the evening and took part in the deliberations. The German Reform Association, the Municipal Reform Association, of which Gen. Jackson is President, several Republican associations, and other organizations of great influence, sent representatives, who explained their views. At the present moment nothing definite is known, and it is probable that the conferences will continue for several days. They will be held to-morrow in the morning and afternoon, in the office of John Foley, No. 2 Astor House, and in the evening at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, Room F. Although premature, and to be received with allowance, the information comes from many respectable sources that the nomination for Mayor will be offered to Mr. Ottendorfer as a fitting tribute for the integrity, courage, zeal and ability he has displayed in fighting against corruption. But there seems to be a doubt in the minds of some members of the Reform Association Council as to his acceptance.

Greeley at the Newark Industrial Exhibition.

Horace Greeley reached Newark last evening, and visited the Rink where the exhibition is in progress. He was escorted through the building by the police, and made an address of some length, in which he related what he knew about Newark. At a later hour he was serenaded at the house of a friend, and made a short speech.

A Sum for the Greeley Arithmeticians.

An old Oneida County Democrat, who repudiates Greeley on account of his shameless affiliations with the Tammany gang, submits this problem in a recent letter explaining why he ardently supports Grant and Wilson: "Mr. Greeley, at Portland, Me., shows that Tammany has stolen in the City of New-York alone $30,000,000, and, with all of his assurance, claims that the defalcations of Federal officials during Grant's Administration amounts to but three times that amount. Admitting, for the sake of argument, that his figures are correct in the latter assertion, if $30,000,000 can be stolen in the short space of two years by a dozen Tammany officials in the City of New-York, what would become of our national treasury should 75,000 of the same stamp get control of it for four years? This is a reasonable problem, and much time might be advantageously employed in its solution."

Greeleyite Banner-Raising in the Sixteenth Ward.

The Thirteenth Assembly District Democratic and Greeleyite Clubs raised a banner last evening at the corner of Twenty-first-street and Eighth-avenue. Algernon S. Sullivan made a brief speech about the wrongs of Ireland, and was followed by Col. A. S. Keitt, of South Carolina, who made a long harangue about the Kuklux law, and said he had been opposed to Greeley for forty years. Then some persons on the stand suggested that it would be as well to get somebody to "go down and shout." R. S. Tharin, of South Carolina, made a speech and by the exertions of his body during his remarks broke one of the planks of the platform. He was followed by L. M. Coates, of Virginia, who tried to excite feelings against Henry Wilson by the cry of Know-nothingism. He was opposed by Alexander Sullivan, who said such old issues should not be revived. John F. Baker then spoke, and, after waiting some time, S. S. Cox appeared and made a humorous speech, in which he said but little on the issues of the campaign.

Miscellaneous Notes.

Mr. W. H. H. Pusey has refused to accept the Greeleyite nomination for Congress in the Eighth District of Iowa....Mr. Edwin C. Philpot has been nominated for Assembly by the Republicans of the First District of Madison County in this State....The Nevada Democratic State Convention meets in Reno, on Wednesday, Sept. 18....The Greeleyites of Mississippi have nominated Hon. Thomas J. Wharton for Presidential Elector, in place of Hon. J. L. Morphis, whom they first nominated, in utter ignorance of the constitutional provision...The Georgia Democratic State Committee meets in Atlanta today. ....The Greeleyites of the Seventh District of Wisconsin have nominated Stephen Marston for Congress, and those of the Eighth District, Wm. Carson....The Richmond (Va.) *Enquirer* justifies its support of Greeley by saying: "Means must be used first to obtain power, and then we can talk about the manner in which we will use it." ....Judge Merrimon says that if he can get any facts to prove "Radical frauds" he will contest the election for Governor of North Carolina.... The Greeleyites of the Fourth District of Georgia have nominated Henry R. Harris for Congress.

Congressman Du Bose Opposes Greeley.

Congressman D. M. Du Bose refused to be a candidate before the Greeleyite Convention in the Eighth District of Georgia for nomination for re-election to Congress, because of his uncompromising hostility to Greeley. He said: "I have endeavored faithfully, and to the best of my ability, to serve the district in the present Congress, and not having heard a word of complaint against a single one of my Congressional acts from any quarter, I had made known my willingness to submit my continuance in that service to a convention of the Democracy, organized upon and holding to the same Jeffersonian principles on which I was at first nominated and elected, and to which I committed myself and still adhere. Candor compels me to say that I am still willing to continue in that service upon those principles—but upon no other. I, therefore, for the reasons stated, and believing that the policy of committing the Democratic Party to the support of Mr. Greeley will be an abandonment of those time-honored principles, decline being a candidate before the Convention."

Serenade to Secretary Fish.

Hon. Hamilton Fish was serenaded in Burlington, Vt., on Friday night last, and responded in a brief speech, which the *Free Press* thus describes: "He congratulated Vermonters on their late glorious Republican victory, which, he said, spoke to the whole nation, giving courage to every loyal heart and every hopeful Republican. He could not tell them anything about politics worth knowing, for they knew all about it already. He was no prophet, yet he assured them that New-York would give a good account of itself in November. The Secretary excused himself from further remarks as he had had a fatiguing journey. Cheers followed for Grant and Wilson. Loud calls were then made for Senator Edmunds, who responded in a few pleasant, appropriate and stirring remarks, urging Republicans to keep up their strong interest in the cause, and make Vermont's majority for Grant and Wilson in November up to the grand old figures of 32,000."

The Colored Republicans.

The Colored Republican General Committee, at a recent meeting, appointed a committee to call upon the Republican State Committee to confer with them relative to a proposed mass-meeting at Cooper Institute. The colored Committee desired to have a meeting of their own people in that place to ratify the nomination of Grant and Wilson. The colored men called at the State Committee rooms, last evening, and were received by Mr. Hugh Gardner, Chairman of the Executive Committee. He suggested that the colored Republicans of this City should visit the Cooper Institute *en masse* on the Wednesday night appointed by the State Committee for Hon. Fred. Douglass to speak. The colored Committee, urging as the sense of their General Committee that the proposed ratification meeting should be distinctively of their race, it was finally promised that the matter should be referred to the State Committee for their consideration.

The colored men also visited the Central Executive Committee, to lay the matter of their proposed meeting before that body, who have it now under consideration. It is believed by the colored men that the meeting would have a beneficial effect upon their people throughout the country.

General Notes.

The Republicans of Irvington have formed a Grant and Wilson Club. Wm. Orton, Esq., is the President.

Hon. Silas B. Dutcher will address the Republicans of West New-Brighton, Staten Island, this evening.

On the morning express on the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad a vote for Presidential candidates was taken yesterday, which stood: Grant, 45; Greeley, 29; undecided, 3.

A large and enthusiastic Grant and Wilson meeting was held at Canastota last evening, and addressed by Senator O'Donnell and J. F. Crawford, Esq.

The Republicans of Newark, last evening, held their primaries for the Congressional Convention. Most of the delegates are understood to be in favor of the nomination of Ex-Gov. Marcus L. Ward for Congress.

The Democrats of the Thirteenth Congressional District, in Convention at Hudson yesterday, refused to indorse John H. Ketchum for Congress, and nominated instead John O. Whitehouse, Liberal Republican.

A large Republican meeting was held at Whitestone on Friday evening, under the management of the Grant and Wilson Club of that place. The Republicans of that section are wide awake.

The largest meeting ever held in Tioga County took place in Owego on Friday evening last. Gen. John C. Robinson, our gallant candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, was the principal speaker.

A Grant and Wilson Club, about sixty strong, has sprang into existence at Rutherford Park, N. J. Among the members are several gentlemen who have hitherto voted the Democratic ticket. J. P. Cooper, Esq., is President, and Luther Shafer, Esq., Secretary.

The Republicans of Perth Amboy, N. J., organized a Grant and Wilson Club Saturday evening. Thomas Goulding was chosen President, and Messrs. Tyrrell and Sofield Vice-President and Secretary. After the permanent organization of the Club had been effected, Hon. Courtland Parker, of Newark, was introduced, and addressed the meeting on the national and State issues of the day. A guard is to be formed in connection with the Club, to be officered and drilled by some gentlemen who formerly served with distinction in the Union armies.

Local Notes.

Mr. Joel W. Mason wishes it understood that he never was a member of a Greeleyite committee.

A Greeley and Brown banner was raised last night in the Tenth Ward, and speeches made indorsing the national and State tickets.

The members of the Thomas Jefferson Social Club, last night, at No. 545 Third-avenue, indorsed the nomination of Dr. Lewis Schultz for Coroner.

A Grant Club has been organized in the Eighteenth Ward, Brooklyn, with Henry J. Dawson as President and Mayer Schmidt as Secretary.

The Ninth Assembly District Greeley and Brown Club mustered sixty men last evening, at the corner of Charles and Hudson streets, to hear "Sunset" Cox.

The Fifth Assembly District Independent Democratic Grant and Wilson Campaign Club of the Eighth Ward was addressed last night by Messrs. Allen and Butler.

Last evening an O'Brien banner was unfurled on Second-avenue, between Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth streets, in the presence of a large number of Mr. O'Brien's friends. Addresses were made by Capt. Costelloe, Capt. Lyddy and others, in favor of the election of Senator O'Brien to the civic chair.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Eighteenth Assembly District Grant and Wilson Campaign Club was held, last night, at No. 609 Second-avenue. Resolutions were passed indorsing the Presidential and State nominations, and speeches were made by Mr. Goldhagen and others.

The Joint Committee of the Tammany Hall Democracy and the Apollo Hall Democracy of the First Assembly District held a conference last evening at the corner of Beach and Hudson streets, and it was unanimously resolved to hold a public meeting to ratify the nominations of Greeley, Brown and Kernan.

Upward of fifty residents of the Sixth Ward met last evening at Kassel's Hotel, Pearl-street, near Chatham, and organized a "James O'Brien Association of the Sixth Ward." The following officers were elected: John J. McGowan, President; Henry Gallagher, Vice-President; Matthew Smith, Secretary; Owen Golden, Treasurer; G. W. Williams, Sergeant-at-Arms.

The Eighteenth Ward Union Club met last evening at No. 437 East Fourteenth-street. The Committee appointed to inform Senator O'Brien of his nomination for Mayor by the organization reported that the resolutions, as published, had been presented to that gentleman. At the next meeting the question as to the candidate to be supported for President is to be discussed.

The Young Men's Republican Association of the Ninth Assembly District had a grand muster last evening at Bleecker Buildings, corner of Bleecker and Morton streets. Upward of 400 men thronged the hall. J. F. Manning, of Massachusetts, Col. T. B. Thorpe and others addressed the meeting. This association intend giving a social reunion every Monday night during the campaign.

At a meeting, last evening, of the Seventeenth Ward, Fourteenth Assembly District, Democratic and Liberal Republican Club, a resolution was passed to the effect that the Democrats and Liberal Republicans of that district heartily indorsed the nomination of Francis Kernan, and deprecated all questions of a religious character as having a tendency to demoralize and break up the unity and patriotism of the people. Speeches were made by Dr. Bristol, Col. Dudley and others.

THE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

Hearty Welcome to the Veterans by the People of Pittsburg.

Private Houses Thrown Open to Them—The Hotels Overflowing—The City Covered With Flags, Evergreens and Other Decorations.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Sept. 16.—The City of Pittsburg was a selection for the meeting of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention that surprised many people. "Why do they hold it in that smoky place?" was about the weakest form of expression in dissent that one would hear. The result thus far, however, proves the choice to have been an excellent one. No city could have been found where the whole people would have undertaken such liberal measures of entertainment. The whole population appears to be an organized Committee of Reception. The residences of private citizens have been generously and widely opened to make up the inability of the hotels to provide lodgings for the unusual crowd, and it is significant of the vast attendance that the hotels are overflowed and private entertainment made necessary, for it must be remembered that this is a city of 200,000 inhabitants, and that its hotel accommodations are in proportion to its size. Large sums of money have been expended in ornamenting and decorating the streets. Arches are erected in several places and trimmed with evergreens and flags. Private buildings for squares together are decorated with wreaths, flags, Chinese lanterns and other ornaments suitable to the occasion. The display of bunting is magnificent, equaling or surpassing anything in that line seen in this country for years. Small flags a yard in length are displayed by hundreds of thousands if not by millions. On some large buildings can be counted several hundreds.

Arrangements are in progress by the citizens for a grand illumination Wednesday night, and if the weather continues good the city will that evening present a splendid sight. The Convention absorbs the attention of everybody, and inanimate objects seem almost to share the impulse for preparation; for the smoke-breathing furnaces have thrown their black and sooty clouds higher in the air than usual, so that the winds have driven them away, and made the city more presentable and pleasant to its visitors.

The first delegation to arrive was that from Washington, composed of the "Go West Club" and "The Veterans' Club," together numbering 200, the former accompanied by Douche's Band and the latter by the Marine Band. The Hartranft Club was at the depot to do escort duty. Gen. Hartranft was on one of the trains that came in about the same time, and was escorted to the Monongahela House. With the Washington delegation was Gen. Chipman, Gen. Leggett, Gen. Rutherford, Gen. Abbot and others. There was a large delegation from Baltimore, led by Gen. Adam E. King. After this followed delegations coming from all directions, some new, one arriving each hour. Two hundred came from Massachusetts, fifty from Connecticut and twenty from Rhode Island. Brown's Brigade Band, of Boston, all veterans, accompanied the Massachusetts delegation. The New-York delegation came about 3 o'clock, numbering 500. There were among them Col. L. E. Dudley, Secretary of the Veterans' Committee; Gen. Davies, Gen. Ketchum, Gen. McIntosh, Col. Burns, Gen. Robinson, Gen. Jourdan, Capt. E. B. Gere, Major Steiner, Col. B. T. Morgan, and Major G. W. Cooney.

Besides the twenty delegates from Rhode Island that came today, 100 are said to be on the way for to-morrow. Among those who arrived today are Gen. Brayton, Gen. Baulch, Chairman, and Col. Thomas Steere, Secretary. Col. Steere was a member of the Democratic Convention four years ago, but is now for Grant. Seventy delegates came from Cleveland, Ohio, this evening. Gen. Noyes is here, and Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Lee, of Toledo. Besides those already mentioned as with the Connecticut delegation are Capt. C. A. Jewett, Col. Charles L. Upham, Capt. V. B. Chamberlin, Gen. N. B. Gilbert, Major E. O. Preston and Gen. H. W. Wessels. Gen. Jardine, of New-Jersey, is here, and so is Capt. Luther, of Massachusetts; Gen. Rice, of Iowa; Gen. Julius White, of Illinois; Col. Dudley, of Indiana, and Gen. Ed. McCook, of Dakota, who comes 1,300 miles, and says of 300 veterans in Dakota only two are for Greeley. Iowa will have about twenty delegates, Indiana sixty, Illinois seventy, and Wisconsin forty. Every State in the Union but South Carolina, and possibly that will be, is represented in the Convention. The Washington Club went to the house of Gen. Negley this afternoon, on invitation, and lunched with him, having a fine entertainment.

Gen. Burnside was serenaded at the Monongahela House, to-night, by the Go West Club of Washington, and at a later hour by the Massachusetts delegation, and still later by a local Grant club. He appeared on the balcony, but declined to speak further than to thank the clubs for their compliments to him. Gen. Hartranft and others were called out and spoke briefly. Gen. Burnside has been called suddenly to Europe on business, and will leave here to-morrow at midnight.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee this evening it was agree that Gen. Hawley should be made temporary Chairman of the Convention. The permanent Chairman will therefore be claimed by the West, and will, it is expected, be Gen. Logan or Gen. Noyes.

The city is ablaze with enthusiasm to-night. Some of the visiting delegations have been out marching, and some of the local clubs have been out with torches and transparencies. The evening has been pleasant and not too cool, and the walks have been thronged with people. The work of decorating has gone on far into the night. What has been done by the citizens is warmly appreciated by the visiting delegations, and was the subject of admiration in the meeting of the Executive Committee.

I telegraphed last night that thirty thousand people were expected. I had much doubt of the correctness of the estimate, but today it seems as if it were under rather than over. It cannot be told how many have arrived today, but the number must reach several thousand. As yet those from very distant points have not arrived, nor have those within a few hours' ride, living in this State and Ohio. Three trains came in at midnight, and many more will come in in the morning. A railroad official says the roads have put to special service every car that can be had, and have filled up the open flat cars with seats, and still will not be able to meet the demand for transportation. The numbers coming are so great as to amount to a positive embarrassment. There will be more soldiers than can be admitted to the Opera-house, and it was a matter of much earnest inquiry in committee how all should be provided with tickets, so that disappointment should be prevented to any who might have to be excluded. It was finally arranged so that the distant States, sending but few delegates, should have none left out of the hall, and that those who were not admitted should be from Pennsylvania and Ohio for the most part, as it was supposed it would be less a matter of disappointment to those coming only a few miles than to those coming several hundred. There will be as much of the speaking as possible done in the open air, and the grove meeting on Wednesday will afford an opportunity to all to participate.

The Executive Committee voted to approve the programme made by the resident Committee, and it will be carried out with some slight modifications, if any prove necessary. To-morrow night there will be speaking in eight different parts of the city by prominent members of the Convention. This is not a part of the Convention work, but was provided to utilize the assemblage for campaign purposes in the State, to give people who could not get admittance to the hall an opportunity to hear the distinguished speakers present. Col. B. T. Morgan, of New-York, was prominently mentioned this afternoon for temporary Chairman, and his friends were confident that if he were pressed warmly to the end he would be selected for the position, but when Gen. Hawley was proposed for nomination by the Executive Committee, Col. Morgan withdrew his name, not desiring that any contest should be made.

Journeymen Tailors Going on Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 16.—A mass-meeting of journeymen tailors was held this evening to hear the report from the Tailors' Exchange on their demand for an increase of seven and a half per cent. The meeting was largely attended, representatives from other cities being among those present. When the report was read, refusing the increase, telegrams were sent to all the principal cities, and answers were received, promising assistance in the movement. The meeting resolved to give the Tailors' Exchange until Saturday to reconsider their action, when, if the refusal is persisted in, a strike will follow.

MAINE.

Perham's Majority Over Seventeen Thousand.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 16.—The Kennebec *Journal* has received returns from 469 cities, towns and plantations, comprising nearly the entire State, and showing a majority of 17,062 for Gov. Perham, the Republican candidate. The few plantations to hear from threw, last year, a total vote of 836. Their vote this year will not materially vary the majority above given.

NEW-YORK.

Senator Conkling at Rochester—Two Immense Republican Meetings.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 16.—The largest meeting ever held in Rochester was addressed by Senator Congling in Corinthian Hall this evening. Many hundreds were unable to obtain admittance, and another meeting was hastily gathered in the City Hall, where it were addressed by Hon. Theo. M. Pomeroy. The people came from the adjoining counties in large numbers, and the streets of the city in the vicinity of the halls were alive with citizens and strangers. The meeting in Corinthian Hall was presided over by Gen. Martindale, and that in the City Hall by Judge Chamsero. Senator Conkling delivered an elaborate address, which was one of the happiest efforts of his life. He spoke for over three hours, and even then the audience, a large number of whom were standing, showed no signs of weariness, and called upon him to continue. His speech was a conclusive arraignment of the Greeley coalition, and a masterly vindication of the Administration, interspersed with brilliant sallies, which drew forth round upon round of applause. The energy, earnestness and enthusiasm of the immense meeting were in the highest degree cheering, and gave evidence of a crushing triumph in November.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Preparations to Receive Prince Arthur at Birmingham—International Meeting in London.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—As Prince Arthur is soon to visit Birmingham, the authorities have made the usual appropriation for the expenses of his reception. The "Republican" Club of that city at a recent meeting protested against the increase of the local rates for such a purpose, declaring illuminations, decorations and banquets at the public expense, on these occasions, no longer in accordance with the spirit of the age.

The members of the International Society met in convention today in the Hall of Science in this city. The meeting will continue four days.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 17—1 A. M.—The barometer has fallen from the lower lakes to the Atlantic coast, being lowest over the former. Northerly to Easterly winds, cloudy weather and rain have prevailed over New-England. Clear weather is generally prevailing over the Middle States, with westerly winds along the coast; generally clear weather over the Southern States, and light winds, with partly cloudy weather, along the Gulf coast; clear weather north-west of the Ohio Valley, with northerly to westerly winds.

PROBABILITIES.

North and west of the Ohio Valley northerly, to westerly winds and generally clear weather; for the Southern States, generally clear weather except over the Gulf coast, where partly cloudy weather will probably prevail; for the Middle States, partly cloudy weather and variable winds; for New-England, cloudy weather and rain continue.

The Lexington Races.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 16.—The attendance at the races today was large and the sport exciting. The first race, Phœnix Hotel Stakes, for three-year olds, mile heats; $50 entrance; play or pay; $250 added. Six started:

Fanny M.	1	1
Ellio	3	2
Ramadam	2	5
Malita	4	3
Florence J.	5	dis.
Bill Patterson	6	dis.

Time—1:44½; 1:44¼.

SECOND RACE.—Sweepstakes for two-year-old fillies, three-quarter-mile dash; $50 entrance; play or pay; $250 added. Eight started.

Marame C.	1
Grinstead's ch. f., by Lightning	2
Boyd's ch. f.	3

Time—1:19¾.

A River Boat on Fire.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Sept. 16.—The steamer Dean Richmond caught fire near the boiler. She was run ashore at Royhook, where a number of passengers landed and came to Peekskill. The fire was put out. Not much damage was done, and the steamer has gone on to Albany.

A Fiji Execution.

The first attempt made in Fiji to carry a capital sentence into effect brought about one of the most remarkable incidents to be found in the annals of public executions. The Fiji *Times* of June 1 furnishes the following account: "A horrible and brutalizing scene was witnessed last Tuesday morning by a number of persons who went to see the execution of the man Franks for the murder of Mr. Thomas Muir on board the Marion Rennie. He had been sentenced to suffer the extreme penalty of the law, and was to have been hanged on Monday, the 27th ult., but a gross miscarriage of justice was allowed to occur. The time appointed came and went, but the execution did not take place, for the simple reason that it did not suit the private convenience of the Sheriff. The poor wretch, who had by anticipation suffered the horrors of death, was then left in all the harrowing and unimaginable anxiety and uncertainty as to his fate from hour to hour until late in the evening, when he was informed that he must be hanged in the morning at 6 o'clock. Every preparation was made the previous night, the rope fixed, and the noose adjusted. Rain fell, however, and wetted the rope, which was a very thick one, and in the morning it had to be dried before a fire. The time came, the rope was again fixed, the culprit and the hangman were on the scaffold, and before slipping the noose over the wretched man's head the hangman had to sit down and place one of his feet in and pull with all his might to make the knot run; then after placing it over Frank's head he had the utmost difficulty in making it fit anything like tight, but not nearly so tight as it should have been. Then the drop fell, and when the rope tightened with a slow dull thud, Franks was apparently dead for about three minutes, when his limbs began to move and he gave several groans, and then spoke. He prayed of those around him to put him out of his agony, to 'let him meet his Maker in peace.' Then, through being improperly pinioned, he raised one arm and got hold of the rope, and so partly relieved himself from the fearful strain upon his neck. He still continued to beg to be put out of his misery, telling them he forgave them for the 'black job' they had made of it. But the frightful scene was not yet over. One of the officials, (the deputy was not to be found,) on the impulse of the moment, ran and cut the man down, when he fell heavily to the ground, there not being any attempt to catch him in his fall. Franks was then removed to the prison. Thus ended this 'black job,' which for horror is almost unparalleled. Its effect upon the spectators was such that one strong man actually fainted away. Thus the majesty of the law in Fiji has been asserted. Its most terrible sentence, death, has been attempted to be inflicted, and signally failed. The wretched man, after the terrible ordeal through which he passed, has been reprieved. Had another attempt been made to hang him, so strong was the feeling of indignation on the beach, we fully believe there would have been a riot. The question arises as to what should be done with the man. He has to all intents and purposes suffered the penalty of the law. Twice he has experienced horrors the like of which no man can imagine, and after being hanged and cut down by the officials, surely his punishment has ceased. The sentence was that he be hanged until 'dead,' but instead of being so hanged the officers of the law cut him down before death. The man should be free, for it must be clear that the law cannot punish him twice for the same offense. The best way to do now would be to pay his passage out of the country, and be rid of such a fellow from among us. Franks states that when the bolt was drawn and he fell, he thought he felt something break at the back of his neck, and he was praying and thinking of God and heaven. Then the memory of a wreck from which he was rescued passed before his mind. He saw himself cling to the chains till washed away; then seizing a rope attached to a floating spar, and clinging to it until washed back again on deck by a heavy sea. All the details of the wreck passed through his mind, and then came the thought, 'Why do I not die?' And finding he could breathe he suspected foul play and an intention to torture him by prolonging his sufferings. Then he spoke and clutched the rope, willing and wishing to die, but not a prolonged death."

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

Owing to the great rains the Colorado River is again high.

John Stokes fell into the river at Staatsburg, N. Y., yesterday, and was drowned.

Capt. Dwyer, of the Fifth United States Cavalry, died at Camp Dale Creek, Arizona, on the last of August.

Commodore Parrott relieved Rear-Admiral Steedman as Commandant of the Charlestown Navy-yard yesterday.

Capt. Stephen B. Luse yesterday relieved Capt. William F. Spicer as head of the Naval Equipment Office at Boston.

Major George G. Hunt, of the First Cavalry, is assigned to the charge of the Disbursing Office at Natchez, Miss.

The Customs receipts for the week ending Sept. 7, at this port were $3,522,303; at Boston, $552,305; at Baltimore, $165,749.

Father Gavazzi, the Italian priest and soldier, preached on Sunday at the Bromfield-street Methodist Church, Boston.

John Conley, in jail at Biddeford, Me., for attempting to murder his wife, hanged himself there on Sunday night.

Father Burke, the Irish Dominican orator, whose life was recently despared of, has recovered and will shortly resume his lectures.

The University of West Philadelphia opened for the reception of pupils yesterday. The formal dedication will take place in October.

Labor Reform Union No. 10, of Williamsport, Penn., yesterday passed a vote of thanks to Gov. Geary, for pardoning the men recently convicted of riot.

Capt. William F. Spicer is ordered to the command of the steamer Hartford, and Lieut.-Commander John W. Phillips to duty as Executive Officer of that ship.

The balance in the Treasury at Washington, at the close of business yesterday, was $5,796,870 72 in currency and $74,864,698 63 in coin, including $27,566,000 in coin certificates.

The following is the Supreme Court, General Term Calendar for Tuesday, Sept. 17, at Rochester: Nos. 77, 79, 85, 94, 57, 60, 95, 101, 106, 112, 113, 118, 119, 120, 123, 133, 137½.

The Republicans of Herkimer County held an enthusiastic mass-meeting at Ilion, N. Y., last evening. Addresses were delivered by Hon. Geo. W. Hoxie, Judge Greaves and others.

The annual Fair of the Dutchess County Agricultural Society opens at Poughkeepsie today, and will continue four days. A large number of entries for the races have been already made.

The verdict of a Coroner's jury charges John Cavanagh with causing the death of his sister, Mrs. Bridget Talbot, in East Cambridge, Mass., by blows and other injuries. Cavanagh is under arrest.

The second annual Convention of the National Catholic Temperance Union will be held in Cleveland, Thursday, Oct. 10. Delegates are expected from every State in the Union, as well as from the Dominion of Canada and the Provinces.

The Post-office Department, at Washington, yesterday, ordered an extension of the postal service on the Jacksonville, Pensacola and Mobile Railroad, from Quincy to Chattahoochee, Fla., eighteen miles, at $1,331 per annum.

The South and North Alabama Railroad, from Montgomery to Decatur, is completed, and through trains will run to Louisville in a few days. The formal opening will take place on the 29th inst., under the auspices of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company.

The schooner Bound Brook, Capt. Ginn, of Rockport, Me., with lime for Boston, struck on Gangway Ledge, early Sunday morning. She was got off leaking badly and run ashore on Dyer's Beach, below Owl's Head, and it is supposed that the vessel and cargo will be a total loss, the wetting of the lime having caused combustion.

The Ruth Murder—Dr. Medlicott Rearrested and Released.

From the Lawrence (Kansas) Journal, Sept. 11.

It has been generally understood, since the decision of the Supreme Court, that a *nolle* would be entered in the case of State *vs.* Medlicott, charged with the murder of Isaac M. Ruth. On Monday evening, however, a warrant was placed in the hands of Sheriff Carmean by County Attorney Hutchings, commanding him to arrest J. J. Medlicott on the charge of committing murder by poisoning—the name of the person alleged to be murdered was not specified, but was understood to be Mrs. Medlicott, the late wife of the prisoner. Sheriff Carmean went down on the train, Monday night, with Mr. Nevison, Medlicott's counsel, and informed him of his errand. Yesterday morning, at about 7 o'clock, Sheriff Carmean waited upon the Sheriff of Anderson County, and was by him taken to the jail and introduced to Dr. Medlicott. The doctor had previously been informed by Mr. Nevison that he was to be rearrested. He received Mr. Carmean, therefore, who proceeded to serve the warrant, with calmness, regretted that he could not make his acquaintance under different circumstances, and stated that while it was a great disappointment to him to be delayed in seeing his relatives, he had no fears of the final issue of his cause.

At 9 o'clock Medlicott was brought into Court, his case called and the District-Attorney stated that in compliance with the general directions of County Attorney Hutchings, of Douglas County, he should enter a *nolle prosequi* in the case of J. J. Medlicott, charged with the murder of Isacc M. Ruth.

Sheriff Carmean then took his prisoner into custody. Dr. Medlicott asked Mr. Carmean to go with him to a livery stable, get a team and take him to see Mr. Cook, the Ex-Sheriff of the county, in whose custody he had remained so long. The request was complied with. Dr. Medlicott, in the interview with Mr. Cook and his family, thanked him and them warmly for their kindness to him when a prisoner, and said he should always feel grateful. He then wished to be taken back to the jail, to bid good-bye to the present Sheriff and his family. At this interview the Sheriff's two little boys wept loudly at parting with their acquaintance. The doctor explained that the boys had been much in his cell, had slept with him, and he was greatly attached to them. The Sheriff then got into the hack with Dr. Medlicott and Dr. Medlicott's brother-in-law, Col. Jones, and proceeded to the depot. The train was nearly ready to start, when a telegram was placed in the Sheriff's hands, signed by Mr. Hutchings, saying, "You need not serve the warrant." The Sheriff took Dr. Medlicott and Col. Jones aside, read the dispatch, and informed the doctor he should release him. Col. Jones shed tears, and Medlicott was visibly affected. Medlicott at first thought of coming up to Lawrence, but changed his mind, and concluded to go east to Marietta, Ohio, where his relatives reside. The three—Sheriff Carmean, Col. Jones and Medlicott—stepped on the train and were soon flying northward. At Ottawa, Medlicott and Col. Jones parted with the Sheriff, Medlicott bidding Mr. Carmean a courteous and grateful good-bye. Thus ended the "Ruth tragedy." Medlicott was arrested on the 28th of April, 1871, and had consequently been in confinement nearly seventeen months.

The Comte de Chambord on Irreligion.

The *Union* publishes a letter from Count de Chambord to M. Nicolas, author of a book entitled, *L'Etat Sans Dieu*:

FROHSDORFF, Aug. 16.—I thank you, Sir, for having thought of offering me the new work which you have just devoted to the defense of truth.

You were right in counting upon my entire sympathy, which has long been accorded to all the productions of your pen, and I am charmed to express to you myself my esteem for your person, and my admiration for your eminent works. The State without God! is not that, in fact, the special social evil of our time?

Is it not the true cause of our misfortunes, the explanation of so many intricate events, the most incomprehensible aberration into which a Christian nation can fall in the name of progress? No possibility exists of demonstrating with more force than you have done that fundamental verity that 'the irreligion of the State is only favorable to general infidelity, and is the ruin of all Christian belief and of all society.'

Your book will bear fruit, for it is an appeal to good sense, which never entirely loses its rights; it is more, an act of patriotism, and, I will add, one of courage. And, alas! much is required at present to dare to proclaim the rights of God.

You, Sir, better than any one else, can serve the Church and France by the just authority attached to your name and your works. Continue thus to prepare the triumph of that great cause which you defend with so much zeal and talent and believe in all my gratitude and affection.

HENRI.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Fight Between Utes and a Cavalry Escort---Nine Savages Killed.

Visit of M. Thiers to the U. S. Steamer Shenandoah.

Mr. Sumner Will Not Accept the Massachusetts Nomination.

Dramatic Scene at a Caucus of the Spanish Cortes.

Zorilla Declares His Readiness to Die for the New Dynasty.

THE INDIANS.

Lieut. Wheeler's Exploring Party Impeded by Savages—Engagement Between the Escort and Utes—Nine of the Latter Killed—The Delegation in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—Private advices received from members of Lieut. Wheeler's exploring party, dated Filmore, Utah, Sept. 3, state that their operations are delayed by hostile Indians. Lieut. Dinwiddie, Second United States Cavalry, in charge of the escort accompanying the party, had an engagement with the Ute Indians on the 1st instant, near Beaver, in which nine Indians were killed and many wounded. On reaching Desert City, a town of about 140 houses, on the 2d instant, they found that place deserted by the inhabitants, they having fled, with their live stock, to regions of safety. The party expected to return to Salt Lake City, and not go further south at present.

This afternoon, white shirts, red handkerchiefs, looking-glasses, combs, brushes, &c., were distributed among the Missouri Indian delegation. Some of them did not seem to care for the shirts, but were evidently delighted over the red handkerchiefs. They were also measured for full suits of clothes, which it is understood they will receive just prior to their departure. They are anxious to get away before cold weather sets in, and desire to catch the last boat up the Missouri River to their hunting grounds, otherwise they will be obliged to walk overland. This evening the Indians in a body visited the Theatre Comique.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 16.—George McCormick writes from near the Colorado River under date of Sept. 8, that the Indians, on the night of the 4th inst., broke into the corral of James Grant, stage proprietor at Culler's Well, Arizona, and stole twenty-five horses.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 16.—Correspondents say that the Indian depredations in San Pete County are not all over yet. Lobiuna is reported as the leader of several hostile bands that have not yet started for the reservations, and the settlements continue to guard against raids.

FRANCE.

President Thiers Visits the United States Steamer Shenandoah and Compliments the Commander, Capt. Wells—Mr. Jay in Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 16.—President Thiers, when visiting the United States steamer Shenandoah on Saturday, complimented her commander, Capt. Wells, on the excellent condition of his ship and the discipline of the crew. He expressed the hope that friendly relations would always endure between France and the United States. Capt. Wells replied, cordially reciprocating the good wishes of the President, and thanking him for the honor conferred on the American Navy by a visit from the Chief of the French Republic.

Hon. John Jay, United States Minister to Austria, arrived here today from Vienna.

SUMNER DECLINES.

Arrival of the Senator in Liverpool—His Nomination Communicated to Him—He will Positively Decline.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—Mr. Charles Sumner arrived at Liverpool, from Boston, on Saturday last. Soon after landing he visited the American Club, where he received the first information of his nomination by the Democrats and Liberal Republicans of Massachusetts for Governor of that State. Mr. Sumner announced that he would positively decline the nomination.

SPAIN.

Cuba to be Subdued Again—Rivero to be Chosen President of the Cortes—Zorilla Protests His Loyalty to the New Dynasty.

MADRID, Sept. 16.—King Amadeus, in his speech on the opening of the Cortes, declared that the Government was determined to subdue the rebellion in Cuba, and would send to the island all the additional troops required to bring the war to a close.

The Senators and Deputies of the Ministerial majority in the National Cortes, in joint caucus yesterday, resolved to support Rivero for President of the Cortes, and Figuerola for President of the Senate. Señor Zorilla, the Prime Minister, was present, and made a loyal and patriotic speech. He assured his friends that the Government would be administered, not for a party, but for the whole country. As for the King, he would stand by him to the last, and die on the steps of the palace, if necessary, in defense of the dynasty.

THE COUNCIL OF EMPERORS.

Reported Demand of the Czar for the Abrogation of the Treaty of Paris—Denial of the Report by a Journal in the Russian Interest.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—It is asserted that the Czar of Russia will demand the abrogation of the Treaty of Paris, for the purpose of co-operating with Austria and Prussia.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 16.—The *Nord*, a newspaper published in this city in the interest of the Russian Government, categorically denies the report that the Czar will demand the abrogation of the Treaty of Paris as a consideration for the co-operation of Russia with Austria and Prussia.

THE GENEVA AWARD.

Opinion of the British Arbitrator not yet Published—Case of the Shenandoah—Tone of the English Press.

GENEVA, Sept. 16.—The opinion of Sir Alexander Cockburn, the British arbitrator, dissenting from the decision of the other members of the Alabama Claims Arbitration Tribunal, has not yet been published. Count Sclopis, Mr. Jacob Staempfli and Mr. Charles Francis Adams were the three arbitrators who voted to allow damages in the case of the Shenandoah.

Sir Alexander Cockburn and Mr. Evarts left Geneva on Saturday. Sir Roundell Palmer is looking greatly fatigued.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The London journals this morning rejoice over the conclusion of the Alabama claims controversy, and express the hope that the foundation has been laid for a permanent good understanding between the two nations, now that all necessary reparation has been made to America.

The *Standard*, however, thinks the tribunal should have awarded damages only for the depredations of the Alabama.

The Arbitrators Leaving Geneva.

GENEVA, Sept. 16.—Count Sclopis left the city this morning for Italy. Chief-Justice Cockburn, Sir Roundell Palmer and Prof. Montague Bernard, with their families, departed this afternoon for Paris.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Sept. 16.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10½ A. M.

$8,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '62.114	$4,000 U.S.5-20 C.,'65,n.112⅞
7,500 U.S.5-20 C.,'64...114	9,000 do........112⅞
1,500 U. S. 5-20 C., '67.113	2,500 U. S. 5-20 C., '65.114⅛
1,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '68 113⅜	26,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40 C.107⅝
12,000 do........113⅛	10,000 U. S. 6s, Cur....112⅞

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

300 Lake Shore........89½	900 Union Pacific R.. 38⅜
100 do........s3. 89⅛	800 do........38⅜
200 do........89	200 do........38⅜
300 do........89⅛	900 do........38⅜
200 do........s3. 89	600 do........b3. 38⅜
500 do........89	1200 do........38⅜
12000 Erie Railroad...51	2200 do........38⅜
100 do........51⅛	500 do........s3. 38⅜
400 do........51⅛	300 do........b3. 38⅜
100 do........c. 52	800 do........38⅜
400 do........51⅞	200 do........s3. 38⅜
300 do........51⅜	100 Bost. H. & Erie...7⅜
100 do........c. 52	200 North-western.s3. 73⅝
500 do........51⅝	300 do........73⅝
100 do........51⅝	100 do........s3. 73⅝
100 do........c. 52⅛	1100 do........73⅝
500 do........51⅝	100 do........73⅝
100 do........c. 52⅛	100 do........73⅝
300 do........52	200 do........b3. 73⅝
100 do........c. 52⅛	400 C., C. & I. C. R.....37⅛
500 do........52⅛	100 do........37⅛
200 do........52	100 do........37⅛
600 do........52⅛	600 do........37⅛
400 do........52⅜	200 do........c. 37⅛
500 do........c. 52⅜	100 do........37⅛
1200 do........52⅜	300 West. Union......71⅛
100 do........52⅜	100 do........s3. 71⅛
100 do........c. 52⅝	500 do........71
300 do........c. 52⅛	1200 do........71⅛
100 do........52	300 do........s3. 71
200 do........51⅞	600 Pacific Mail...s3. 71⅛
400 do........51⅜	300 do........71⅛
100 do........51⅛	100 do........b3. 71⅝
100 do........51⅛	100 do........s3. 71⅛
200 do........51⅜	200 do........71⅛
200 do........51⅛	300 N. Y. C. & Hud...99⅛
300 do........51	1300 do........c. 99⅛
200 do........50¾	100 do........c. 99⅛
200 Ohio & Miss. R...43⅝	200 do........99⅛
300 do........43⅝	

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

$55,000 S. C. 6s, new, April & Oct...24½	1000 L. S & M. S..b.c. 88⅞
3,000 do........24½	1500 do........89
1,000 Missouri 6s.......92½	300 do........89⅛
5,000 Erie R. 3d.......94½	300 do........b3. 89⅛
2,000 L. S. Div. Bds. 98	300 do........89
1,000 Pac.7s,Gd.by M. 97	1000 do........88⅞
5,000 Cen. Pac. G. Bs. 99⅞	400 do........88⅞
4,000 do........100	400 do........88⅞
1,000 do........100⅛	400 do........b3. 89⅛
1,000 Union Pac. 1st. 87⅛	46 N. Y. Cen. & H....99⅞
20,000 do........87⅛	200 do..bet. call. 99⅞
10,000 U. Pac. 10s,Inc. 78⅛	100 do........s3. 99
2,000 Chi.& N.W. 1st. 96	200 do........99
2,000 Gt. West. 2d....89⅛	100 do........99⅛
1,000 St.L. & I.M.1st. 94	100 do........b3. 99⅛
2,000 C. C. & I. C. 1st. 91⅛	200 do........99⅛
3,000 Tol. P.& W. 1st, West. Div.......89	100 do........99⅛
	100 do........99⅛
	300 do........99⅛
1,000 do........83⅛	300 do........b3. 99⅛
3,000 M. & S.P.7s,Gd. 96⅞	200 do........99⅛
30 Bk. of Commerce.117⅛	200 do........99⅛
14 Bank of N. Am....104	100 do........b3. 99
16 Adams Express.. 91	800 Union Pac. R.b.c. 38⅛
200 do........91⅛	200 do........b3. 38⅛
100 do..bet. call. 91	200 do........38⅛
100 U. S Express....80	100 do........b3. 38⅛
400 Pac. M.S.S.Co.b.c. 71⅛	100 do........s15. 38⅛
300 do........71⅛	100 do........b3. 38⅛
100 do........b3. 71⅛	200 do........38⅛
100 do........71⅛	100 do........b3. 38⅛
500 do........71⅛	300 do........s3. 38⅛
100 do........c. 71⅛	200 do........38⅛
200 do........71⅛	100 do........c. 38⅛
100 do........71⅛	700 do........38⅛
500 do........71⅛	600 do........38⅛
600 do........71⅛	500 do........s3. 38⅛
900 do........b3. 71⅛	100 do........38⅛
300 do........71⅛	600 do........38⅛
200 do........71⅛	400 do........38⅛
900 do........71⅛	100 do........38⅛
1900 do........b3. 71⅛	200 do........38⅛
2600 do........71⅛	100 do........38⅛
200 do........s3. 71⅛	20 N. J. Cen. R..b. c.105
100 do........71⅛	100 Chi. & R. I..b. c.110⅛
100 do........71⅛	100 do........c.110⅛
300 do........s3. 71⅛	150 do........b3.110⅛
30 Clev. & Pitts. G'd. 90	100 do........110⅛
200 Del., Lack. & W...100⅛	30 C., C., C. & I. R....90⅛
10 do........101	100 Chi. & N. W. R....73⅛
27 Chi. & Alton Pref.115	100 do....b.c.b3. 73⅛
100 Erie R....b. c. c. 51	100 do........73⅛
100 do........c. 51	200 do........73⅛
100 do........c. 51⅛	800 do........73⅛
100 do........c. 51	100 do........73⅛
200 do........50⅞	100 do........s3. 73
300 do........50⅞	200 do........73⅛
100 do........50⅞	100 do........b3. 73
100 do........50⅞	2100 do........72⅞
200 do........50⅞	400 Han. & St. Jo. R. 33
600 do........50⅞	700 Ohio & Miss..b. c. 43⅛
200 do........50⅞	100 do........b3. 43⅛
100 do........c. 51	100 do........43⅛
100 do........c. 51	200 do........43⅛
700 do........50⅞	100 C., C. & I. C..b. c. 37⅛
600 do........c. 50⅞	100 do........37⅛
300 do........50⅞	400 do........37⅛
200 do........c. 51⅛	300 do........s3. 37⅛
100 do........51	400 do........b3. 37⅛
1200 do........51	200 do........37⅛
1500 do........51⅛	200 do........37⅛
300 do........51⅛	100 do........37⅛
300 do........c. 51⅛	100 do........s3. 37⅛
1400 do........51⅛	800 do........37⅛
200 do........51	200 West. Un.Tel.b.c. 70⅞
100 do........50⅞	1500 do........71
200 do........50⅞	200 do........70⅞
100 do........c. 51⅛	300 do........70⅞
700 do........50⅞	200 do........70⅞
700 do........50⅞	100 Maryland Coal....17
100 do........c. 51	27 Del. & H. C.....b3.119
100 do........c. 50⅞	200 Quick.Pf..b.c.b.3. 55⅛
100 do........50⅞	100 Amer. Coal...b. c. 43

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—12½ AND 2½ P. M.

$1,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C..115⅛	$4,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67.113⅛
10,000 U. S. 5-20 R., '65, new.......112⅞	90,000 do..bet. call..113⅛
8,000 U.S.5-20 C.,'65.n.112⅞	25,000 U. S. 5 20 C., '68, bet. call.......113⅛
25,000 do........113	9,000 do..bet. call.113⅛

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12½ P. M.

100 Western Union....70⅞	200 Union Pacific......38⅛
100 do........70⅞	100 do........b3. 38⅛
100 do........s3. 70⅞	100 do........38⅛
1400 do........70⅞	400 do........38⅛
100 do........b3. 70⅞	100 do........38⅛
300 Quicksilver........c. 44	1100 do........s3. 38⅛
150 Adams Ex.......s3. 91	100 do........38⅛
400 Pacific Mail.....s3. 71⅛	1200 do........38⅛
200 do........71⅛	100 Ohio & Miss.......43⅛
100 do........b3. 71⅛	200 do........43⅛
100 do........71⅛	100 do........43⅛
200 do........b3. 71⅛	200 C., C. & I. C.......37⅛
600 N. Y. C. & Hud.c. 99	700 do........37⅛
500 do........98⅞	100 do........s3. 37
300 Erie Railroad.....c. 51	100 do........37
600 do........51⅛	500 North-western.......72⅞
200 do........51⅛	300 do........72⅞
100 do........50⅞	200 do........s3. 72⅞
300 do........50⅞	1200 do........72⅞
100 do........50⅞	200 do........72⅞
400 do........50	100 H. & St. Jos. Pf....48
200 do........49⅞	100 Han. & St. Jos.......31⅛
300 do........49⅞	300 do........b10. 32
200 do........49⅞	100 do........31⅛
100 do........49⅞	100 do........31⅛
1100 do........49⅞	100 do........30⅞
400 do........49⅞	100 do........30⅞
200 do........49⅞	100 do........30⅞
1000 Lake Shore.......88⅞	500 do........30⅞
100 do........b3. 88⅞	200 do........31

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$4,000 Un. Pac. 1st M. 87	200 Cleve. & Pitts.g'd. 89⅞
50 Adams Express.. 91	200 do....b. c..b3. 89⅞
300 United States Ex. 80	10 P., Ft. W. & C.g'd. 94⅞
200 Pacific Mail.......71⅛	13 do........95
600 do..bet. call. 71⅛	100 Erie Railroad.b. c. 49⅞
200 do........b3. 71⅛	600 do........50
100 do........s3. 71⅛	600 do........50⅛
200 do........71⅛	100 do........c. 50⅛
1000 do........71⅛	200 do........50⅛
100 do........s3. 71⅛	700 do........49⅞
100 do........71⅛	100 do........49⅞
200 do........b3. 71⅛	300 do........50⅛
100 Quicksilver M. Co. 44⅛	600 do........50⅛
100 do..bet. call. 44⅛	100 do........49⅞
100 do........c. 44	100 do........49⅞
100 Quicksilver Pf.b.c. 55	100 do........c. 50⅛
100 West. Union Tel., bet. call.......s5. 70⅞	100 do........49⅞
	100 do........cur. 50⅛
200 do........70⅞	15 N. J. Central R...104⅛
200 do........s3. 70⅞	100 Chic. & R. I..b. c.110⅛
200 L. S. & M. So..b.c. 88⅞	100 Mil. & St. P..b. c. 55⅛
400 do........88⅞	300 do........55
100 do........s3. 88⅞	100 Mil. & St. Paul Pf. 76
100 do........b3. 88⅞	500 Chic. & N. W.b.c. 72⅞
5 N. Y. C. & Hud... 99⅞	100 do........b3. 73
60 do........99⅛	200 do........s3. 72⅞
100 do..bet. call. 98⅞	200 do........b10. 73
400 do........b3. 99	200 do........b3. 73
300 do........99	200 do........73
300 do........c 99	300 do........s3. 72⅞
100 do........99⅛	100 H. & St. Jos..b. c. 31⅛
100 Panama Railroad.132⅛	400 do........31⅛
100 Un. Pac..b. c..b3. 38⅛	100 Bos., H. & Erie......7
900 do........38⅛	50 Del., L. & W..b.c.100⅞
300 do........s60. 37⅞	200 Ohio & Miss..b. c. 43⅛
300 do........s60. 37⅞	100 do........b3. 43⅛
300 do........38⅛	100 do........43⅛
300 do........38⅛	100 Mo. Kan. & T.s60. 40⅞
300 do........38	300 C., C. & I. C..b. c. 37
400 do........38	100 do........s3. 37
200 do........37⅞	100 do........37
500 do........37⅞	500 do........36⅞
900 do........37⅞	500 do........36⅞
100 do........38⅛	200 do........36⅞

SALES FROM 2½ TO 4 P. M.

$100,000 U.S.5-20 C..'67.113⅛	100 Panama........b3.133
500 Western Union...70⅞	200 Union Pacific...s3. 37⅞
100 do........b3. 70⅞	200 do........37⅞
600 do........s5. 70⅞	500 do........38
100 do........70⅞	700 do........s3. 37⅞
1200 do........70⅞	400 do........s60. 37⅞
400 do........70⅞	1100 do........b3. 38
1500 do........b3. 70⅞	1200 do........38
200 do........70⅞	200 do........b3. 38⅛
200 do........70⅞	900 do........38⅛
500 Pacific Mail......71⅛	500 do........b3. 38⅛
700 do........71⅛	800 do........s3. 38⅛
200 do........71⅛	300 do........b30. 38⅛
300 do........71⅛	200 do........38⅛
100 do........s3. 71⅛	400 Lake Shore.......s3. 88⅞
100 do........71⅛	1100 do........88⅞
200 N. Y. C. & Hud...99	200 do........88⅞
100 do........s4. 98⅞	200 do........88⅞
100 do........98⅞	200 North-western.s3. 72⅞
100 do........99	600 do........72⅞
100 do........b3. 99⅛	400 do........72⅞
800 do........99⅛	400 do........72⅞
600 Erie Railroad......49⅞	100 do........b3. 72⅞
300 do........49⅞	300 do........b3. 72⅞
100 do........49⅞	100 do........73
200 do........49⅞	200 Pittsburg........90
200 do........49⅞	200 N. J. Central...s3.104
1300 do........49⅞	100 Rock Island......110⅛
700 do........cur. 50⅛	100 St. Paul........55
1300 do........49⅞	200 St. Paul Preferred. 75⅛
100 do........49⅞	400 Toledo & Wabash. 72
200 do........50	100 do........72
100 do........50⅛	100 do........71⅞
200 do........50⅛	100 Ohio & Miss.......43⅛
100 do........50⅛	200 Han. & St. Jos......31⅛
300 do........50⅛	100 do........b30. 32
100 do........50⅛	100 do........32
400 do........50⅛	200 do........32⅛
300 do........50⅛	300 C., C. & I. C.......38⅛
100 do........50⅛	400 do........b3. 37⅛
200 do........50⅛	400 do........37⅛
100 do........50⅛	

MONDAY, Sept. 16—P. M.

A further advance of ⅛@⅜ ⅌ cent. was made in Gold today, the sales being at 113⅜@⅝@⅜@½ ⅌ cent. The speculation for the upward turn on Saturday was assisted today by a strong demand for sight Exchange and Cable transfers on London, at an advance of ⅛@¼ ⅌ cent. on last week's transactions. For Sight bills 109⅛@109¼ ⅌ cent. was paid, and for Cable transfers 109½ ⅌ cent. asked; while the 60-days' rate continued at 108¼@108½ ⅌ cent. The sudden demand for sight Exchange is probably due to the settlement of London credits loaned to the Stock Brokers late in July in the shape of 60-days bills. These fall due in London about the close of the present month, and while larger loans in the same way have been very recently made also to the Stock Brokers, the operation has nothing to do with covering the previous negotiations. Another explanation of the demand for Exchange was connected with the active speculation in Erie Stock, the rumor running to the effect that a large amount of the Stock has been ordered from London to supply the market here now ruling above the English quotations. We have little doubt that such orders are going on all the time, but doubt whether they had very much to do with Exchange today. It may have been pleasant to some of the Brokers who have been caught on the wrong side of Erie to encourage the rumor that the Stock is coming from the other side in such large amounts as to seriously affect the rates of Exchange, if not the demand for Gold.

The course of the Money market is unchanged from last week. The Banks are calling in their outstanding loans below 7 ⅌ cent., or else marking them up to this rate, but there seems to be more private lenders on the Street at 5@6 ⅌ cent. on call than the Stock Brokers had a right to expect on the upward turn of rates at Bank. It is believed today that the weekly Bank Average of Gold Notes reported on Saturday was a rising one, as $3,000,000 was deposited with a single Bank, at the close of the week, which counted only one day out of six on the averages. We hear of no important demand for Greenbacks from the Country. The Treasury Office here is now strong in its Currency balance, although the larger part of it stands to the credit of disbursing officers in place of the United States Treasurer at Washington. This accounts for the apparent discrepancy in the reports of the latter from Washington.

On the Stock Exchange the Public Funds made a further advance on the 5-20s, and 5 ⅌ cents. current abroad, in sympathy with the rise in Gold and Exchange. The Pacific Mortgages were ⅛@¼ ⅌ cent. better than on Saturday, the Centrals recovering to 100½ ⅌ cent. There were sales of new South Carolinas, April and October, at 24½@24⅝ ⅌ cent.

There was a lively time at the Stock Exchange through the day in Erie Stock, Pacific Mail and some of the Western Stocks, Erie led the market from the start, so far as the interest in speculation was concerned, and the extremes in price were 52⅝@49⅞ ⅌ cent., with enormous transactions for Cash, regular way and seller's option, 30 days. After the price touched 49⅞ in the Afternoon there was a turn upward to 50⅝ ⅌ cent. The Cash Stock this morning brought 52⅝@52⅞ ⅌ cent.. when the regular sales were at or a fraction below 52⅛@52 ⅌ cent. The Stock was scarce for delivery outside, the Banking Houses controlling this and the London market. In Union Pacific Stock the fluctuations were 1 ⅌ cent. on large transactions. The Bull interest now controls the Stock, and other influences favoring the movement, they mean, no doubt, in their own season to advance the price above 40 ⅌ cent. The party in Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central entertain a similar purpose, but may not be so strong in means as the Union Pacific people. The Capital Stock they are trading in is $13,000,000, as against $36,000,000 Union Pacific. The New-York Central demand was liberal this forenoon. and so was the demand for Lake Shore, but the prices varied inconsiderably through the day. Large purchases and sales are recorded in North-west, the sellers pressing the Stock rather below Saturday's price. In Ohios and Rock Island the business was not above the usual daily average. The purchases of Pacific Mail were large, and the price, for the most part, better than on Saturday. At the close of the market the following quotations were made as compared with Saturday afternoon.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS—SEPT. 16.

	Saturday.	Monday.
United States New 5s	110⅞	111⅛
U. S. 5-20s, '65, May and Nov	114⅜	114⅜
U. S. 5-20s, '67, Jan. and July	113⅛	113⅛
American Gold	113⅜	113⅜
Bills on London, 60 days	108⅛	108½
N.Y. Central and Hudson	99⅜	99
Chicago and Rock Island	110⅜	110⅛
North-west Common	73⅜	72⅞
Pacific Mail	71⅜	71⅜
St. Paul Preferred	76	75⅛
St. Paul Common	55⅜	55
Ohio and Mississippi	43⅞	43⅛
Western Union Telegraph	71⅛	70⅞
Erie	51⅛	50⅜
Union Pacific	38⅜	38⅛
Lake Shore	89⅛	88⅞
C., Chicago and Ind. Cen	37⅞	37⅛

At the very close of the Hall of the Exchange, at 4 o'clock P. M., the general speculation in the Railroads, &c., was steady.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW-YORK, Sept. 16, 1872.

Gold receipts	$660,332 49
Gold payments	89,076 83
Gold balance	53,611,091 23
Currency receipts	826,271 31
Currency payments	271,347 89
Currency balance	16,182,218 04
Customs	604,000 00

The following bids were made at the close of the Exchange Board for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ⅌ cent. reg., '81......114	5-20 reg., new iss.. '65.113⅛
6 ⅌ cent. coup., '81......115⅛	5-20 coup., new iss., '65.113⅛
5 20 reg., '62......114⅛	5-20 coup., '67......113⅛
5-20 coup., '62......114⅛	5-20 coup., '68......113⅛
5-20 reg., '64......114⅛	10-40 reg......108
5-20 coup., '64......114⅛	10-40 coup......108
5-20 reg., '65......114⅛	5s coup., '81......111⅛
5-20 coup., '65......114⅛	6s Currency......112⅛

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83..... 91⅛	Chi. & N.W. Int.bds.100
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87..... 91	Chi. & N.W.Con.bds. 91⅛
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Es.. 87	Chi. & N. W. 1st...... 95⅛
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub..... 87	Han. & St. Jo. L. G..102
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76......100	Han. & St. Jo. conv.. 85
N. Y. Cen.7s. con.,'76.100	Del., L. & W. 2d......100
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '65-'76..100	Tol.& W. 1st,St.L.div. 88
Erie 1st, ext......102	Tol. & W. Eq. bds....87
Erie 2d 7s, '79...... 99	Great West. 1st, '88.. 93⅛
Erie 3d 7s, '83...... 94⅛	Great West. 2d '93.... 89⅛
Erie 4th 7s, '80...... 96⅛	Morris & Essex 1st...102⅛
Erie 5th 7s, '88...... 95	Morris & Essex 2d.... 97⅛
B., N. Y.& E. 1st.'77. 95⅛	N. J. Cen. 2d......100
Hud. R.7s,2d,S.F.'89..106	N. J. So. 1st, 7s...... 76
Hud. R. 7s, 3d, '75......102	P., Ft. W. & Chi. 3d... 95
Harlem 1st, 7s......101⅛	Clev. & P. con. S. F. 95
Mich. Cen. 1st. 8s, '82.116	Clev. & P. 3d...... 99⅛
Mich. So. 7s, 2d...... 98	Clev. & P. 4th...... 83
M. S. & N. I. S.F. 7s.102	Chi. & Alt. S. F......100
Clev. & Tol. n. bds... 97	Chi. & Alt. 1st......105
Clev. P. & Ash.. o. bs. 95	Ohio & Miss. 2d con.. 87
Det. M. & Tol...... 95	St. L. & I. M 1st...... 92⅛
Buff. & Erie n. bds.. 96	Mil. & St. P. 1st, 8s...106
L. S. Con. Reg. bds.....100	Mil.& St.P..Iowa div. 87⅛
Cen. Pac. G. bds......100⅛	Mil. & St. P. 2d...... 84⅛
Union Pac. 1st...... 87⅛	C., C. & I. C. 1st...... 91
Union Pac. L. G. 7s.. 79⅛	C., C. & I. C. 2d...... 75⅛
Union Pac. Inc. 10s.. 78⅛	Tol., P. & W., E. D... 94
Alt. & T. H. 1st......100	Tol., P. & W., W. D.. 88⅛
Alt. & T. H. 2d Pf.... 90	N. Y. & N. H. 6s...... 99⅛
Alt. & T. H. 2d Inc.... 82	Bos., H. & E. 1st, 7s.. 39⅛

We understand that the sealed offers for the remainder of the Chesapeake and Ohio Loan left with Messrs. Fisk & Hatch today will be opened to-morrow morning in their office, by or in the presence of the President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Company, Mr. C. P. Huntingdon, and the awards soon thereafter announced.

The decease of Mr. George Carpenter, of the Stock Exchange, at the age of seventy-seven years, occurred at Poughkeepsie on Saturday last. Mr. Carpenter was for nearly forty years the senior partner of the old and thrifty firm of Carpenter & Vermilye, (now Vermilye & Co.,) in Wall-street, Bank-note and Stock Brokers, and was much esteemed by his neighbors for his sterling integrity and unpretending courtesy. His funeral will take place from the Madison-square Presbyterian Church, of Rev. Dr. Adams, on Tuesday morning.

The earnings of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway Company for the month of August were:

1872	$283,037 76
1871	272,812 19
Increase, 1872	$10,225 57

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

Lake Ontario Shore R.R.

7 PER CENT. GOLD

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

At 90 and Accrued Interest.

Issue $20,000 to the mile, in denominations of $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000. This enterprise is undertaken with **subscriptions to the Capital Stock of over $2,000,000. Sixteen miles of the Road are finished and in operation, 44** miles in addition fully graded, and a total length of **55** miles of track will be laid this season, while the whole Road, of about **150** miles, with the exception of **5** miles of easy work, is entered upon and contracted to be finished by responsible and wealthy parties within the ensuing year.

The Road will extend from the City of **Oswego** to **Lewiston** on the Niagara River, with branches to **Suspension Bridge** and **Buffalo**, connecting at its Western terminus with the **Great Western**, the **Canada Southern**, and the **Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroads**, and at Oswego with the **New-York Midland**, and by way of the Midland with the proposed **Boston, Rome and Oswego Railroad**, which, when built, will thus provide a route from Chicago to Boston, **70 miles shorter** than by any existing or contemplated line; connecting also at Oswego with the **Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railroad**, and thence by the **Vermont Central** it completes connection with the entire railroad system of Northern New-England; while connections at Oswego with the Syracuse and Oswego Railroad, **secures access to the coal fields of Pennsylvania.**

With these connections a large through business is assured. Running through populous towns and villages, and a rich agricultural district, its local business alone will doubtless take care of the interest on the First Mortgage Bonds. The assessed value of the farm property of the six counties through which the road passes is......**$194.319,052**
Annual production is......**31.492,340**

We confidently commend the above Loan as one of the most attractive and reliable ever offered. For sale by

GEO. OPDYKE & CO.,
NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.

☞ FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND LAND GRANT BONDS OF THE **ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD COMPANY,**

In denominations of $1,000, $500, and $100, Coupons or Registered, thirty years to run. Interest at eight per cent., payable February and August. Interest and principal payable in gold. Price 97½ and accrued interest in currency. For sale by

TANNER & CO., No. 11 Wall-st.

☞ **NEW-YORK STATE 6s.**
GOLD BONDS due 1887, for sale by GWYNNE & DAY, No. 16 Wall-st.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Sept. 16, 1872.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs	3	Moss, bales	124
Bees-wax, pkgs	8	Oil-cake, pkgs	132
Cotton, bales	4,120	Oil, Menhaden, bbls	50
Eggs, bbls	431	Pea-nuts, bushels	856
Dried Fruit, pkgs	1,118	Pecans, pkgs	75
Flour, bbls	16,305	Beef, pkgs	100
Meal, bbls	300	Pork, pkgs	131
Wheat, bushels	165,159	Cut-meats, pkgs	147
Corn, bushels	313,343	Lard, tcs	364
Oats, bushels	80,503	Stearine, tcs	25
Rye, bushels	2,024	Butter, pkgs	1,971
Malt, bushels	850	Cheese, pkgs	2,449
Barley, bushels	8,652	Grease, pkgs	43
Grass-seed, bags	344	Tallow, pkgs	33
Flaxseed, bags	242	Ystle, bales	71
Hemp, bales	10	Sumac, bags	140
Hops, bales	186	Starch, pkgs	1,482
Hides, No	13,158	Skins, bdls	73
Hides, bdls	154	Silver Ore, sacks	911
Leather, sides	3,302	Tobacco, hhds	263
Spirits Turp., bbls	179	Tobacco, bxs. & cs	1,801
Tar, bbls	310	Whisky, bbls	565
Resin, bbls	4,868	Wool, bales	290

ASHES—Pots have been in demand and steady at $8 25@$8 75 ⅌ 100 lbs. Pearls scarce and quiet at $11 50@$12 ⅌ 100 lbs., in the absence of supplies.

BEES-WAX—Has been in fair demand at 34c.@35c. for Western, and 35½c.@36½c. for Southern.

BRICKS—Have been moderately inquired for, with Common Pale quoted at $4 75@$5; North River, $6 50@$8 50; Croton, $12@$16; Philadelphia Front, $40@$45 ⅌ thousand.

CANDLES—Have been inactive, including Adamantine, 12@16 ounces, 14c.@18½c.; Paraffine, 28c.@29c.; Sperm, plain, 31c.@33c.; Sperm, patent, 42c.@43c.; Stearic, 28c.@29c.

CEMENT—Has been in request and steady; Rosendale, $1 60 ⅌ bbl.

COAL—Has been in fair demand at uniform rates. We quote Liverpool Gas Cannel at $15@$16; House do., $22@$24, ⅌ ton of 2,240 lbs.; Anthracite, $3 50@$5 25 ⅌ ton for cargoes.

COCOA—Continues very quiet, including Maracaibo at 29c.@30c.; Caracas, 15c.@16c.; Guayaquil, 13c.@14c.; San Domingo, 7½c.@8c., gold, in bond, ⅌ lb.

COFFEE—Has been generally dull in the line of invoices, with prices quoted about as before; 3,000 bags Rio, by the Aquidneck, sold at Baltimore on private terms. The week's receipts here of Rio and Santos have been 3,560 bags; sales, 5,234 bags; stock in first hands this evening, as made up by Messrs. Wm. Scott & Sons, 71,093 bags, and at all the ports 123,052 bags, of which 22,187 bags at Baltimore, 13,929 bags at Hampton Roads, 2,000 bags at Savannah, 7,382 bags at Mobile, 3,961 bags at New-Orleans and 2,500 bags at Galveston. Other kinds inactive. We quote invoices thus: Rio cargoes as follows: Ordinary, 14¾c.@15c.; fair, 15¾c.@16c.; good, 16¾c.@16¾c.; prime, 17¾c.@17¾c., gold, ⅌ lb., 60 and 90 days' credit; Rio, in job lots, at 14¾c.@18c., gold; Java, 18¾c.@20¾c.; Maracaibo, 15¾c.@17¾c.; Laguayra, 16¾c.@17¾c.; Native Ceylon, 15¾c.@17¾c.; San Domingo, 13¾c.@14¾c., gold, ⅌ lb. A moderate jobbing trade was reported at steady rates.

COTTON—Has been moderately dealt in for early delivery at easier prices. Good Ordinary Orleans and Texas having been reduced ⅛c.; Low Middling, all growths, ⅛d.; Middling, ⅛c.; and Good Middling, 1c. ⅌ lb.; sales, 1,747 bales (of which 50 bales were to arrive,) including 1,010 bales to shippers, 576 bales to spinners, 61 bales to speculators, and 100 bales in transit. For forward delivery, a fair business was reported, but at a reduction of ⅛c.@3-16c. ⅌ lb. Sales, 14,400 bales, (4,000 bales on Saturday evening and 10,400 bales today,) basis of Low Middling, with September contracts closing at 19 7-16c.; October at 18 15-16c.; November at 18 15-16c.; December at 18 15-16c.; January at 19⅛c.; February at 20c., and March at 20⅜c. The averages of Saturday's forward deliveries, as officially reported on the Bulletin, were as follows, viz.: September, 19.28c.; October, 18.80c.; November, 18.74c.; December, 18.85c.; January, 19 3,16c.; February, 19.73c.; March, 20⅛c. The receipts at this port today were 4,120 bales, including 2,070 bales from New-Orleans, 270 bales from Wilmington, 330 bales from Norfolk, 58 bales from Newbern, 1,272 bales from Savannah, 120 bales per rail. The reported receipts at the shipping ports today were 9,826 bales, and thus far this week 13,441 bales, against 9,137 bales the preceding week, and since Sept. 1, 58,147 bales, against 27,945 bales same time last year. The following quotations are based on Cotton running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted:

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York Today.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	16⅛	16⅛	16¾	16¾
Good Ordinary	19⅛	19⅛	19⅜	19⅜
Low Middling	20	20⅛	20⅜	20⅜
Middling	20⅜	20⅜	21	21
Good Middling	21⅜	21⅜	22	22

FISH—There has been a rather better inquiry noted for most kinds, within our range. We quote: Dry Cod at $5 25@$5 75 ⅌ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel at $14@$15 50; No. 2 do. at $10@$11 50; No. 3 do. at $5 50@$7 50, ⅌ bbl.; Pickled Herring, $3 50@$5 50; Smoked Herring, 20c.@30c. for Scale, and 12c.@15c. for No. 1, ⅌ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The demand for State and Western Flour has been fairly active, and prices have been quoted rather firmer, particularly for good No. 2, desirable lots of Superfine, lines of shipping extras, and the better grades of Minnesota, which have been in more request and offered with reserve. Sales have been made since our last of 19,850 bbls., including inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $6@$6 60; inferior to very good Extra at $7 25@$7 75, chiefly at $7 45@$7 65, part to arrive; very good to fancy at $7 75@$8 15; poor to good shipping Extra Western at $7 15@$7 65; poor to good shipping brands round-hoop Ohio at $7 25@$7 75, ⅌ bbl., and trade and family Extras at proportionate rates. Included in the sales were 3,800 bbls. City Mills Extras at $7 45@$7 75, chiefly at $7 65, ⅌ bbl.

Southern Flour has been more sought after at firmer rates, on reduced offerings. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 2,250 bbls., at $5 75@$8 30 for very inferior to very good, and $8 20@$12 50 for very good to very choice Extra, ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour has been in fair demand at from $4 20@$5 25 ⅌ bbl.; sales, 300 bbls., chiefly at $5 10@$5 25 ⅌ bbl. Corn-meal continues in good demand at $3 40@$3 75 for Yellow and White Western; $3 55@$3 70 for Jersey, and $3 80@$4 for Brandywine; the reported sales reach 500 bbls.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has been more freely offered at rather easier prices, especially new Nos. 2 and 3, leading to a livelier trade, mainly for shipment, though, in part, for milling; the market closing about steady for desirable lots at the ruling figures. Winter Wheat has been in limited supply and quoted firm, but has been inactive. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 153,000 bushels, at $1 60 for straight new and mixed new, and old No. 2 Milwaukee Spring, afloat; $1 58@$1 59 for prime to choice new No.2 Chicago do., afloat; $1 50@$1 55 for inferior to good new No.3 Spring; $1 45@$1 50 for rejected lots of new Spring, from cars; $1 55@$1 70 for inferior to prime Red, and $1 70@$1 80 for Amber Western; and $1 95@$2 for White Western, in lots. For forward delivery Spring was nominally quoted as before....There has been a more active inquiry for Corn at a shade better prices, chiefly for the better grades of Mixed Western, for export, on less urgent offerings. Sales have been reported since our last of 312,000 bushels at 63½c.@64c., closing at 64c., for prime sailing-vessel grades, afloat; 64½c.@64¾c. for fancy do.; 61½c.@63½c. for poor to prime steamer grades of new Mixed Western afloat; 64½c.@65¼. for Yellow Western; 63c.@67c. for White Western; 60c.@61½c. for damaged Mixed Western, in lots, and 78c.@80c. for White Southern, ⅌ bushel....Rye has been held above the views of buyers, and has been inactive; small lots sold at 80c. for Western and 85c. for State....Barley quite nominal as yet....Barley-malt steady, but quiet....Of bonded Canada Peas, 4,000 bushels, in bulk, sold at 97½c., in store, ⅌ bushel; market essentially unchanged; offerings limited. ....There has been more activity in new Oats, chiefly in new Mixed Western, which constituted the bulk of the offerings, and prices of desirable lots have been quoted firmer; old stock offered very sparingly and somewhat nominal. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 106,600 bushels at 47c. (nominally for old Mixed Western, afloat, with holders asking more;) 46c. for do. do., in store; 48c.@52c. for old White Western, from store, track and afloat: 42c.@45c. for ordinary to choice new Mixed Western; 40c.@43½c. for inferior to good new Black and Dark Mixed; 44c.@48c. for poor to fair new White Western, and 52c. for choice Mixed State, nearly White. The stock of Grain afloat on the New-York canal comprises 976,830 bushels Wheat, 2,218,851 bushels Corn, 1,624 bushels Rye, 9,19 bushels Barley, 58,252 bushels Oats, 33,218 bushels Malt, and 869 bushels Peas.

GUNNY CLOTH—Sales, 500 rolls Domestic at 14½c.; market unchanged.

HAY—Bale Hay has been in moderate stock and fair request, with Bale quoted at $1@$1 05 for shipping, and $1 30@$1 62½ for local use, ⅌ 100 lbs.; Straw in demand at from 65c.@$1 05 for the range of qualities, Short and Long, ⅌ 100 lbs.

HARDWARE—A fairly active trade has been reported in nearly all kinds of stock at very full rates, holders showing decided confidence in values.

HEMP—Sales, 550 bales Jute Butts at 2⅛c., currency. Market steadier.

MOLASSES—The demand for foreign has been more active, with prices quoted essentially as before; sales, 409 hhds. and 46 tcs. Trinidad (about 50 tests) at 30c.; and 93 hhds. Demerara at 36c. ⅌ gallon. Other kinds quiet, and somewhat nominal. We quote: New Crop Porto Rico at 30c.@57c.; Cuba, 20c.@26c.; English Islands, 30c.@36c., and New-Orleans, 40c.@85c. ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Strained Resin has been very quiet on the basis of $4 10@$4 15 ⅌ 280 lbs. Of Pale Resin, 1,500 bbls. sold at $5@$5 75, market steady.... Nothing new in Tar....Spirits Turpentine sold to the extent of 290 bbls., in lots, at 58½c.@59½c. for merchantable, now quoted at 60c., and 60½c. for New-York pkgs.; market decidedly stronger.

PETROLEUM—Crude has been quiet and weaker here at 11½c.@11½c., in bulk. At Philadelphia, 4,500 bbls., in shipping order, sold at 16c....Refined dull here at 24½c. At Philadelphia sales were reported of 2,600 bbls., on the spot, at 23c.: 1,000 bbls., early delivery, at 23⅜c.; 1,000 bbls., high test, at 23⅜c.; market lower....Case-oil quiet at 28⅜c.@29½c. Naptha inactive at 16c.@16½c.

PROVISIONS—There has been a good demand noted for Pork, for early delivery, chiefly for Mess and Prime Mess at firmer rates on restricted offerings. Sales have been reported of 825 bbls., in lots, at $14 10@$14 20 for round and job lots of new Western Mess; $13 25 for old do.; $12 75@$13 for new Prime Mess; $11@$11 50 for Prime and for Extra Prime, and $17 50@$17 75 for Sheer Clear, ⅌ bbl. For forward delivery the demand has been moderate with Western Mess, seller September, quoted at $14 10, and do., seller October, at $14 15, bid, ⅌ bbl....City-dressed Hogs continue in moderate demand at 6¾c.@7¼c., ⅌ lb.. Cut-meats have been in request at about former rates, with dry-salted and pickled Hams ranging from 13c.@14c.; Shoulders at 6½c.@8c., and Bellies at 8c.@9c., ⅌ lb. Sales equal to 200 pkgs. Also, 500 Pickled Hams, 13½ lbs., at 14c.; 500 do. 16 lbs., at 13c.; 1,000 do., 12 lbs., at 13½c.; 1000 Pickled Shoulders, about 9 lbs. at 8c....Bacon has been quiet, but without further material changes as to values; 250 boxes City Long Clear and Stratford sold at 9c.; also, small lots of Long Clear at 8¾c.@9c., early delivery and 75 boxes Boston Backs at 9¾c., free on board....Western Lard has been in less demand and rather easier in price. City moderately sought, sought after and quoted about steady. Sales have been reported of 850 tcs. and bbls., for early delivery, chiefly at 9⅛c.@9¾c. for good to choice old Western Steam, 9¾c.@9⅛c. for choice Western Steam and Kettle-rendered; 9c. for new Western Steam; 9c. for City Steam and Kettle-rendered; 9⅛c. for fancy do., (250 tcs., Lockitts;) 8¾c. for No. 1, and 9¾c.@9⅛c. for Refined. For forward delivery the demand has been light, with prime Western Steam, seller September, quoted weak at about 9¾c.; sales, 250 tcs., seller December, at 9c. ⅌ lb. Beef products have been in less request since our last at from $4@$8 for inferior to prime brands Mess, and $8@$11 for Extra Mess; sales, 125 bbls. Tierce Beef quiet at $12@$16 for Prime Mess; $16@$20 (nominally) for ordinary to fair India Mess, and $24@$26 for Extra do., special brands, ⅌ tierce. Old Beef Hams quiet at $20@$27 50; New, $30@$32.

RICE—Has been in fair request at steady rates, including Carolina at $8 25@$9 50 for ordinary to choice; Rangoon, $6 75@$7 25, and Patna, $7 75@$8 ⅌ 100 lbs.

SALT—Has been more sought after and quoted firm, including Turk's Island at 35c.@40c.; Liverpool Ground, $1 40@$1 50; Liverpool Fine, $2 25@$3 ⅌ sack, from store; Syracuse, $1 25; Buriaps, $1 25; Factory filled, $2 15@$2 25; Bulk, 36c.@63c.; Coarse, 45c.

SALTPETRE—Has been slow of sale; Crude quoted nominal at 8c.@8⅛c., gold, ⅌ lb.

SUGARS—The market for Raw has been unusually quiet, but quoted very firm. The inquiry for refining purposes was limited. By the recent extensive purchases of stock refiners made ample provision for present wants. The trade call has been very light. Sales have been confined to 30 hhds. fully fair to good refining Cuba at 9c.@9⅛c., and 40 hhds. Melado at 6⅛c. ⅌ lb. We now quote fair refining Cuba at 8⅞c.; good do. at 9⅛c.; prime do. at 9⅜c.; refining Porto Rico, common to prime, at 8⅛c.@9⅞c.; grocery grades Porto Rico, fair to strictly choice, 9½c.@10½c.; No. 12 Clayed Box Sugar at 9⅛c.; Manila, in bags, 8c.@8⅜c. for superior to extra superior. Refined have been in good demand at full prices, including Powdered at 12⅝c.; Crushed at 12⅝c.; Granulated at 12⅛c.@12⅜c.; A's, 11⅝c.@12c., and the range of Yellows at 10⅛c.@11⅛c. ⅌ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Tallow has been less sought after, and quoted about as before as to values. Sales have been reported since our last of 91,000 lbs. Tallow at 8⅝c.@9⅜c. for ordinary to choice, chiefly at 9⅛c.@9 5-16c., ⅌ lb. Stearine has been more in demand; 175 tcs. sold at 9⅝c.@10⅛c. for fair to strictly choice.

WHALEBONE—Has been very quiet at $1 05 for North-west, and 85c., gold, for South Sea, ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—There has been rather more activity in this line at about steady rates; 550 bbls. were reported sold, in lots, at 92¾c.@93c. ⅌ gallon.

WOOL—A somewhat livelier inquiry has been noted for desirable grades, with rather more steadiness as to values. Domestic Fleece has been in meagre supply. Domestic Pulled offered with some show of freedom. Other kinds of stock comparatively plenty. The more favorable foreign advices tended to strengthen the confidence of holders. The London reports are of a stronger market. From Boston, according to the *Commercial Bulletin* of that city, a less active trade has been noted there: "Manufacturers are doing a little more, as the cool weather comes on, but are only buying for actual consumption. Prices are a trifle weaker than last week, and concessions are made to buyers in order to effect sales. The stringency of the money market has its effect upon Wool dealers, and tends to weaken prices, though there are few houses that are carrying large stocks." And from Philadelphia, the advices are of continued dullness. The *Price Current* of that city says: "Receipts from the West have materially fallen off, but the stocks here largely in excess of the demand. Some dealers being anxious to realize, prices dropped 1c.@3c. ⅌ lb. The manufacturers, in the present condition of the Woolen Goods market, manifest no disposition to operate, except to supply immediate wants. At the close of the week there was a better feeling.",

FREIGHTS—Grain room was in active request, and rates were again quoted rather firmer, on both berth and charter. The offerings of other kinds of Produce were quite moderate, at about previous quotations....For Liverpool, the reported engagements since our last have been, by steam, 98,000 bushels Grain at 10½d. for Corn, and 10¾d. for Wheat; 4,000 bushels Wheat at 11d. ⅌ bushel; 1,200 bales Cotton at ½d. ⅌ lb....For London, by sail, 1,000 bbls. Flour and 500 tons Oil-cake on private terms; 15,500 bushels Corn at 10d. ⅌ bushel; 1,060 cases Preserved Fish at 25s ⅌ ton; and, by steam, 15,500 bushels Grain (reported) at 10d. for Corn, and 10½d. for Wheat; 63,000 bushels do., at 10¼d. and 10½d. ⅌ bushel; also the British steam-ship Hutton, 1,971 tons, placed on the berth for cargo.... For an Irish port direct, a British bark, 683 tons, (to arrive,) hence with about 4,500 quarters Grain, at 7s. 9d. ⅌ quarter....For Cork and orders, a Norwegian bark, 499 tons, hence, with about 3,000 quarters Grain, at 8s. 6d.; a British bark, 482 tons, with 3,400 quarters do., (a recharter,) same rate; and an Austrian bark, 776 tons, (to arrive,) with about 4,500 quarters do., at 8s....For Hamburg, by sail, 50 hhds. Tallow, at 40s.; 120 cases Tobacco, at 30s....For the German Baltic, a German bark, 370 tons, with about 2,700 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 7s. 6d....For Amsterdam, a German bark, 452 tons, with a full cargo of Tobacco, from Baltimore, at 35s. ....For Marseilles, an Italian bark, hence, with about 1,000 hhds. Tallow, &c., on the basis of ¾c. ⅌ lb.... For Cadiz, a bark, 437 tons, with general cargo, from Boston and back, at $5,500....For Martinique, a brig, 440 tons, with general cargo, from Boston, at $3,000....For the Canary Islands, a Spanish bark, with general cargo, from Philadelphia, on private terms....For Porto Rico, a brig, 150 tons, with general cargo, from Boston, at $1,350....For Cuba, a brig, with Coal, from Pictou, at $6; and a brig, 225 tons, with general cargo, from Boston, privileges confined to the north side, at $2,225. ....For St. Jago, a bark, 250 tons, reported from Boston, with general cargo, at $2,300....For Aspinwall, a brig, with Lumber, from Pensacola, at $16, gold.... For New-York, a schooner, with Lumber, from Woodstock Mills, at $14; and another, with do., from Jacksonville, option of Boston, at $15.

NEW-YORK CATTLE MARKET.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Sept. 16, 1872.

On yesterday forenoon, at Weehawken Yards, trade in horned Cattle was fair. Forty-six cars came to hand. The prices obtained ranged from 7½c.@14c. ⅌ lb., weights from 5¼ cwt. to 7¾ cwt., on 55 lbs. to 57 lbs. to the cwt., net. All the Cattle on sale were not cleared off. On this forenoon, at One Hundredth-street Yards, trade in good Beeves was brisk, and very dull in poor and common Beeves. Prices ranged from 11½c.@14¾c. ⅌ lb., weights from 5¼ cwt. to 9 cwt., on 55 lbs. to 59 lbs. to the cwt., net. Prime Beeves sold from $125@$135@$145 ⅌ head. Milch Cows are firm on our last quotations. Veals fair from 7c.@10c. ⅌ lb.; grass Calves from $6@$12 50 ⅌ head. Sheep sold, in large lots, from 5¾c.@7½c. ⅌ lb.; Lambs also from 7½c.@9c. ⅌ lb.; live Hogs from 5⅜c.@5½c. ⅌ lb.; City-dressed from 6¾c.@7¼c., with a few choice light Pigs at 7¼c. ⅌ lb.

SALES.

W. Thompson sold for self 97 Missouri Steers, fair Cattle, at 12¼c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt.; also, 60 Kentucky Steers, choice Cattle, from 14c.@14½c. ⅌ lb., weight 8¾ cwt.; some were sold by the head from $125@$135@$145; again, 222 Illinois Steers, from common to fair, from 11½c.@12¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt.; held on sale, 38 Texan Steers. G. W. Vail sold for self 31 Illinois Steers, smooth Cattle, from 12½c.@13c. ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt. T. C. Eastman sold for self 33 Illinois Steers, good Cattle, at 13¾c. ⅌ lb. T. Gillis, 40 Kentucky Steers, good Cattle, at 13¼c. ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt., strong; also, 160 Illinois Steers, from common to good, from 12c.@14c. ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt., scant. M. Martin shipped 30 nice Illinois Steers for Bermuda. S. Ulery sold for self 82 Steers, Kentuckys, good Cattle, from 13c.@14c. ⅌ lb., weight 7½ cwt. R. Murray sold for self 32 Illinois Steers, from fair to good, from 12½c.@14c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt. S. C. Glover sold for self 32 Illinois Steers, from fair to good, from 12¾c.@14c. ⅌ lb. Burchard & Merritt sold for selves 56 Ohio Steers, good Cattle, at 14½c. ⅌ lb.; also with Williams and Valentine, 80 Illinois Steers, from fair to good, from 12½c.@13½c. ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt. J. & D. Waixel sold for selves 233 Illinois Steers, fair Cattle, at 12¼c., strong, weight 7 cwt., scant; 38 Texan Steers at 9¼c. ⅌ lb., weight 5¼ cwt. Williams & Valentine sold for selves 29 Steers, mixed lot, from 12c.@14¼c. ⅌ lb., weight from 6½ cwt. to 9 cwt. C. J. Fagan sold for W. V. Wood 68 Illinois Steers, fair Cattle, at 12¼c. ⅌ lb., weight 6½ cwt.; also 16 Ohio Steers, nice Cattle, at 13c., scant, ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt. T. Wheeler sold for self 116 Steers, nice Cattle, mixed lot, from 13½c.@14½c. ⅌ lb., weight 8 cwt.

At Forty-eighth-street Sheep Market, Hume & Elliott sold 15 Veals, weight 22,995 lbs., from 7c.@10c. ⅌ lb.; 214 Lambs, weight 16,550 lbs., at 9c. ⅌ lb.; 87 Lambs, weight 5,170 lbs., at 8½c. ⅌ lb.; 245 Lambs, weight 16,095 lbs., at 8¾c. ⅌ lb.; 251 Sheep, weight 20,740 lbs., at 6¾c. ⅌ lb.; 79 Sheep, weight 5,570 lbs., at 6c. ⅌ lb. J. Kirby sold 11 Sheep, weight 980 lbs., at 7c. ⅌ lb.; 190 Lambs, weight 11,920 lbs., at 8c. ⅌ lb.; 228 Sheep, weight 17,215 lbs., at 6c. ⅌ lb. S. McGraw sold 203 Sheep, weight 14,340 lbs., at 5¾c. ⅌ lb.; 151 Lambs, weight 8,900 lbs., at 7½c. ⅌ lb.

At Fortieth-street Sheep Market, Lerch & Barnes sold 30 Sheep, weight 3,060 lbs., at 7½c. ⅌ lb.; 352 Sheep, weight 25,690 lbs., at 6¼c. ⅌ lb.; 332 Lambs, weight 22,820 lbs., at 8c. ⅌ lb.; 353 Lambs, weight 24,440 lbs., at 8¼c. ⅌ lb.; Judd & Buckingham sold 340 Sheep, weight 27,970 lbs., at 5¾c. ⅌ lb.; 336 Ohio Lambs, weight 21,670 lbs., at 7½c. ⅌ lb.; 108 Sheep, weight 7,870 lbs., at 6¼c. ⅌ lb.; 193 Sheep, weight 16,830 lbs., at 6¾c. ⅌ lb.

RECEIPTS.

Gross arrivals at Communipaw Yards, for week ending Sept. 14, 1872: 6,086 head of horned Cattle, 13,213 Hogs, 9,075 Sheep and Lambs.

Gross arrivals at One Hundreth-street Yards, for week ending Sept. 16, 1872: 1,679 head of horned Cattle, 7 Cows, 350 Veals, 93 Sheep.

Gross arrivals at Forty-eighth-street Sheep Yards, for week ending Sept. 16, 1872: 9,900 Sheep and Lambs, 550 Veals, 59 Cows, 28 Bulls.

Gross arrivals at Fortieth-street Hog Yards, for week ending Sept. 16, 1872: 30,017 Hogs, 8,300 Sheep and Lambs.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Our quotations are the wholesale prices paid for sound merchantable Produce in good clean packages.

BUTTER—The receipts have been 7,796 pkgs. for the past three days, and 15,440 pkgs. for the week. The trade in most kinds is comparatively slow. There is but little call for other than the choicest makes, which are in moderate request, chiefly for local use, and not being offered with freedom, are generally quoted firm as to price, with, in the instance of fancy pails, which are scarce, holders insisting on extreme rates. The export movement is yet quite unsatisfactory, and packers are buying with reserve. Receivers show rather less urgency in their efforts to place supplies. The week's exports were 1,188 pkgs. The receipts of Butter since Jan. 1 have been 423,123 pkgs., against 422,000 pkgs. same time in 1871; exports, 3,059,-608 lbs. against 3,531,511 lbs. same time in 1871. We quote:

State pails, ordinary to extra fine, ⅌ lb	15@35
State firkins and halffirkins, ⅌ lb	12@30
State firkins, selections, ⅌ lb	30@31
State tubs and half tubs, ⅌ lb	12@28
Western, common to fine, ⅌ lb	10@22
Western selections	22@23
Grease Butter, original packages, ⅌ lb	7@ 8½

CHEESE—The receipts during the past three days have been 17,043 boxes, and for the week 27,034 boxes. There has been a fair home trade and moderate export demand noted for suitable grades of stock, without any material alteration of values. The offerings of most kinds have been comparatively liberal at the ruling figures. The week's exports were 41.802 boxes. The receipts here since Jan. 1 have been 1,168,949 pkgs., against 921,000 pkgs. same time in 1871. Exports, 51,777,864 lbs., against 50,384,391 lbs. the same time in 1871. We quote as follows:

State Factory, extra fine, small lots	13½@13¾
State Factory, fair to fine	12 @13½
State Factory, poor to fair	9 @12
State Dairy, ordinary to very choice	7 @13
Western	8 @12½
Skimmed	4 @ 9

EGGS—The demand has been moderate, while the arrivals have been fair, giving buyers the advantage as to prices. The receipts of the past three days have been 3,143 bbls., and during the week 5,718 bbls.

State, loss off, ⅌ dozen	28@28
New-Jersey and Long Island	27@28
Western	25@27
Canada	26@27

VEGETABLES—Generally meet with a fair inquiry within our revised range.

Potatoes, ⅌ bbl	$1 00 @$2 25
Sweet Potatoes, ⅌ bbl	3 00 @ 4 00
Onions, new, ⅌ bbl	2 00 @ 4 00
Onions, ⅌ 100 bunches	2 25 @ 3 50
Egg Plants, ⅌ dozen	50 @ 87
Turnips, ⅌ bbl	2 00 @ 2 50
Cabbages, new, ⅌ 100	8 00 @12 00
Tomatoes, ⅌ basket	50 @ 75
Squashes, ⅌ bbl	62½@ 1 00
Pumpkins, ⅌ 100	6 00 @ 8 00
Garlic, ⅌ 100 bunches	10 00 @14 00
Green Corn, ⅌ 100	75 @ 1 25
Lima Beans, ⅌ bag	1 50 @ 1 75

POULTRY AND GAME—A freer movement of stock has been noted, but at generally easier prices.

Geese, ⅌ pair	$1 75 @$3 00
Ducks, ⅌ pair	62½@ 1 12½
Turkeys, ⅌ lb	18 @ 22
Fowls, ⅌ lb	15 @ 20
Spring Chickens, ⅌ lb	16 @ 20
Roosters, ⅌ lb	10 @ 11
Pigeons, stall-fed, ⅌ dozen	2 00 @ 2 50
Woodcock, ⅌ pair	1 00 @ 1 25
Partridges, ⅌ pair	1 00 @ 1 50
Prairie Chickens, ⅌ pair	62 @ 87
Grouse, ⅌ pair	75 @ 85

GREEN FRUITS—There has been a good demand for the leading kinds on the basis of our quotations. Supplies have been liberal in most instances.

Apples, ⅌ bbl	$ 62½@$2 00
Peaches, ⅌ basket	40 @ 1 50
Peaches, ⅌ crate	65 @ 1 50
Water-melons, ⅌ 100	5 00 @25 00
Nutmeg Melons, ⅌ bbl	37 @ 1 37
Pears, ⅌ bbl	1 00 @15 00
Pears, ⅌ crate	75 @ 3 25
Grapes, ⅌ lb	3 @ 15
Plums, ⅌ bbl	3 00 @ 6 00

DRIED FRUITS—The market has been comparatively tame, though values have not varied much.

Apples, sliced, ⅌ lb	7 @ 9
Apples, quarters, ⅌ lb	4 @ 9
Peaches, peeled, ⅌ lb	15 @ 17
Peaches, unpeeled, ⅌ lb	4 @ 6
Blackberries, ⅌ lb	9½@ 11
Raspberries, ⅌ lb	22 @ 25
Cherries, ⅌ lb	20 @ 21
Pea-nuts, domestic, ⅌ bushel	1 00 @2 25

BEANS AND PEAS—Of Beans, Mediums are in most favor, Marrows attracting but little attention. Peas continue in demand on light offerings.

Beans, Marrow, ⅌ bushel	$2 25 @$3 10
Beans, Medium	1 50 @ 3 15
Beans, Kidney, ⅌ bushel	2 00 @ 3 10
Peas, Canada, ⅌ bushel, in bond	0 97½@

SUNDRIES—We quote:

Broom-corn, ⅌ lb	$ 3 @$ 9
Brooms, common to extra	2 00 @ 5 50
North River Flax, ⅌ lb	15 @ 18
Canadian Flax	15 @ 17
Spinning Tow, ⅌ lb	8 @ 10
Green Tow, ⅌ lb	2½@ 3
Oil-cake, Western, ⅌ ton	38 00 @38 25
Oil-cake, City, (gold)	37 00 @38 50
Feed, ⅌ ton	20 00 @25 00
Oat-meal	6 75 @ 8 00
Corn-meal, bag lots, ⅌ 100 lbs	1 22 @ 1 50
Syrup, ⅌ gallon	25 @ 1 30
Ginseng	1 00 @ 1 15
Egg Oats, ⅌ bushel	40 @ 45
Feathers, Live Geese, ⅌ lb	45 @ 75
Castile Soap, ⅌ lb	11 @ 11½
Colgate Family Soap, ⅌ lb	8½@
South Am. Mixed Hair, ⅌ lb. (gold)	31 @ 34
Western Hog Hair	11 @ 11½
American Horns	2 50 @11 00
Guano, ⅌ ton	61 00 @68 50
Domestic Rags, White, ⅌ lb	7½@
Linen Canvas, ⅌ lb	5½@ 5½
Cotton Canvas, ⅌ lb	7¾@ 8
Country Mixed Rags (free of Woolen)	4 @
City, ⅌ lb	1 @
Common Paper, ⅌ lb	1¼@ 1¾

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—Flour steady; Extra Spring, $6@$7. Wheat dull, unsettled and lower; No. 1 Spring, $1 28@$1 28¾; No. 2 Spring, $1 21, cash; $1 18¾, September; $1 16¾, October; No. 3 Spring, $1 11; Rejected, $1. Corn in fair demand and lower; No. 2 Mixed, 35½c.@36c. for regular and fresh cash; 35¾c., September; 36¾c.@36¾c., October; Rejected, 35c. Oats dull and a shade lower; No. 2 at 24¾c.; Rejected, 20½c. Rye steady; No. 2 at 57c. Barley active and higher; No. 2 Fall, 69c. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Pork held at $14 50, cash; sales, December, at $12. Lard firm; Winter, 9c.; Summer, 8¾c.@8⅞c. Bulk Meats firm; sales of Shoulders, 6¼c.; Short Rib Middles quotable at 8¾c.@9c. Bacon nominally unchanged. Whisky steady at 89c. Freights higher; vessels scarce; Corn to Buffalo, 12¾c.@13c.; Wheat to Buffalo, 13¾c.@14c.; to Kingston, on Corn, 20c. Receipts—4,500 bbls. Flour, 85,000 bushels Wheat, 159,000 bushels Corn, 48,000 bushels Oats, 6,000 bushels Rye, 44,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—5,000 bbls. Flour, 148,000 bushels Wheat, 510,000 bushels Corn, 104,000 bushels Oats, 10,000 bushels Rye, 65,000 bushels Barley.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Sept. 16.—Flour steady; sales of 2,100 bbls. at $8 25 for No. 1 Spring; $9 25 for Amber Winter; $10 for White Winter; $10 50 for Double Extra. Wheat dull; sales of 2,000 bushels Red Ohio at $1 63; 1 car No. 1 White Michigan at $1 95. Corn dull; sales of 700 bushels at 60c.; 3,000 bushels, by sample, at 59c.@59½c. Barley quiet. Corn-meal, $1 60 for bolted; $1 50 for unbolted, ⅌ cwt. Mill-feed steady; Shorts, $18; Shipstuffs, $20; Middlings, $22, ⅌ ton. Highwines, 91c. Canal Freights—Wheat, 8½c.; Corn and Rye, 7¾c., to New-York; Lumber, $4 to the Hudson, $5 to New-York. Railroad Freights—Flour to Boston, 60c.; to New-York, 50c.; to Albany, 42c. Receipts by Lake—39,300 bushels Wheat, 19,600 bushels Corn, 6,500 bushels Barley, 3,983,000 feet Lumber. Shipments by Canal—6,200 bushels Barley, 1,901,000 feet Lumber.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 16.—Grain in Store—Wheat, 126,721 bushels; Corn, 520,959 bushels; Oats, 100,409 bushels; Rye, 16,460 bushels; Barley, 82,321 bushels; Peas, 966 bushels; Barley-malt, 37,885 bushels. Lake Imports—Flour, 10,094 bbls.; Wheat, 115,843 bushels; Corn, 152,002 bushels; Oats, 66,180 bushels. Canal Shipments—Wheat,199,710 bushels; Corn, 346,572 bushels. Rail Shipments from Elevators—Wheat, 204,780 bushels Corn, 384,763 bushels. Canal Freights—Wheat, 12¾c.; Corn, 11c.; Oats, 7c. Flour improving in inquiry; Western Spring, $7 25@$7 50; Baker's, $8@$8 50; Amber, $8 50@$8 75; White, $9@$9 50. Wheat quiet, with an upward tendency; sales, 15,000 bushels Chicago Spring, No. 3, at $1 37½; Milwaukee No. 2 Spring held at $1 46. Corn quiet and slow; sales, 20,000 bushels No. 2 at 53c. Oats quiet; No. 2 Western held at 37c. Other articles unchanged.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 16.—Flour steady at $7 40@$7 65. Wheat firm and in fair demand; Red, $1 40@$1 45. Corn steady at 45c. Rye steady at 68c.@72c. Oats steady; old, 34c.@40c.; new, 28c.@33c. Barley quiet and unchanged. Butter firm and in fair demand. Pork in good demand at full prices; sales, 1,700 bbls. at $13. Lard firm; Summer, 8⅝c., steam, 8¾c.; kettle, 8¾c.@9c. Bulk Meats in good demand; Shoulders, 6¼c.; Sides held at 9c.; Sales, Clear Rib at 9c.; Clear Sides held at 10c.. Bacon in good demand; Shoulders, 7¼c.; Clear Rib, 10½c.; Clear Sides, 11c., with sales. Sugar-cured Hams firm; Winter, 18c. Live Hogs in good demand at $4 50@$5 25. Whisky firm and in fair demand at 90c.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 16.—Flour in good demand at full prices. Wheat slow; sample lots No. 3 Fall, $1 65; No. 1 Red Winter, $1 79@$1 80. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed, 36c.@36½c. Oats in fair demand and advanced; sales at 26½c.@27c. cash; 27c.@27¼c. seller October; 28c.@28¼c. buyer October. Barley quiet; No. 2 Spring, 65c.@70c. Rye firm; No. 2 at 63c.@65c. Whisky steady at 90c. Pork quiet; order lots at $14 50@$14 75. Bacon firmer; order lots Shoulders, 7⅛c.; Clear Rib, 10⅛c.; Clear Sides, 11c. Lard firm; Summer, 8¾c. Live Hogs dull at $4 30@$5. Cattle dull at the full range, $1 50@$6 25. Receipts—7,000 bbls. Flour, 49,000 bushels Wheat, 6,000 bushels Corn, 12,000 bushels Oats, 5,000 bushels Barley, 1,000 bushels Rye.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 16.—Tobacco unchanged; firm and sales unimportant. Flour active; sales of Extra Family at $6 50@$7. Wheat in good demand at $1 30@$1 50 for Red and White, on arrival. Corn in fair demand at 56c.@58c. Oats quiet. Rye in good demand at 65c., on arrival. Provisions in good demand and firm; sales of Pork at $13 50. Bacon—Shoulders sold at 7¼c.; Clear Rib Sides, 10½c.; Clear Sides, 10¾c.@11c. for packed. Bulk Meats have an advancing tendency; sales of Shoulders at 6¼c.; Clear Rib Sides, 9¼c.; Clear Sides, 9¾c., for loose. Hams—Sales Sugar-cured at 17c.@17½c. Lard—Sales of Tierce at 9¾c.; Kegs, 10¼c.; small lots advanced ¼c. Whisky firm at 90c.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Sept. 16.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet; sales of Extra White Michigan at $1 80; No. 1 White Michigan, $1 50@$1 59; Michigan Amber, $1 45, cash, or seller September; $1 46 buyer September; $1 44 seller October; No. 2 Illinois Amber, $1 64@$1 64½; No. 1 Red, $1 56; No. 2 Red, $1 44@$1 45. Corn dull; sales of High Mixed at 45¼c.; Low Mixed, 45c. Oats unchanged and dull. Freights unchanged. Receipts—4,000 bbls. Flour, 41,000 bushels Wheat; 54,000 bushels Corn, 27,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—3,000 bbls. Flour, 14,000 bushels Wheat, 92,000 bushels Corn, 19,000 bushels Oats.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 16.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat in fair demand and firm; sales of No. 1 at $1 22, No. 2 at $1 20½. Corn dull and lower; No. 2 Mixed at 36c. Oats steady; sales of No. 2 at 28½c. Rye in fair demand and higher; sales of No. 1 at 57c. Barley in fair demand and higher; sales of No. 2 Fall at 68c. Lake Freights—Wheat to Buffalo, 14c.; to Oswego, 21c. Receipts—2,000 bbls. Flour, 134,-000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—7,000 bbls. Flour, 131,-000 bushels Wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 16.—Clover-seed nominal at $10 25@$10 50. Flax-seed in good demand at $1 95@$2. Coffee dull; Rio, 16½c.@18½c. Sugar firmer; Cuba, fair to good Refining, 8¾c.@9c.; Porto Rico, 9¾c.@9¾c. Petroleum quiet and steady; Crude, 16c.; Refined, 23c. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat steady; fair and prime Red and Amber Western, $1 64@$1 70; Amber, $1 75; White, $1 80@$1 90. Rye, 80c. Corn firmer; Yellow, 65c.@66c. Oats unchanged. Whisky, 94c.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 16.—Wheat—The market is firm; sales, 1 car of Canada White to arrive, at $2 05. Rye quiet at 90c.@85c. for Western and State. Corn—The market is weaker; sales, 8,000 bushels Western Mixed, in store, on private terms; asking price, 63c.@64c. Barley is attracting more attention; sales, 1 car six-rowed State to arrive, at $1. Malt—Nothing doing. Oats more active; sales of 3 cars No. 2 Chicago at 43c., and 400 bushels No. 2 Old Western at 47c.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 16.—Flour steady. Wheat in good demand; sales of No. 2 Red Winter at $1 42. Corn dull; held at 48c.@49c. Oats steady; sales of new No. 1 at 34c. Refined Petroleum firm and unchanged.

GALVESTON, Sept. 16.—Cotton dull and nominal; Good Ordinary, 16½c.; net receipts, 558 bales; exports, coastwise, 854 bales; sales, 25 bales; stock, 9,774 bales.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sept. 16.—Cotton firmer: Good Ordinary, 18¾c.; Low Middlings, 19¾c.; Middlings nominal; net receipts, 1,162 bales; gross, 1,763 bales; sales, 2,300 bales; stock, 18,408 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Sept. 16—11½ A. M.—Consols opened at 92⅞ for money and 92⅞ for the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1865s, old, 93⅛; 1867s, 92⅞; 10-40s, 87⅞; new 5s, 89⅞. Erie Railway shares, 39⅛.

5 P. M.—Consols closed unchanged. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1867s, 92. Erie Railway Shares, 38⅞.

PARIS, Sept. 16, P. M.—Rentes closed at 54f. 40c., ex interest.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 16—11 A. M.—Cotton—The market opened dull. Middling Uplands, 9⅞d.; Middling Orleans, 10⅛d. The sales of the day are estimated at 8,000 bales.

1½ P. M.—Cotton—The market is dull; Middling Uplands, 9⅞d.@9⅞d.; Middling Orleans, 10⅛d. The sales of the day are now estimated at 10,000 bales, including 3,000 for export and speculation. Provisions—Lard, 40s. 9d. ⅌ cwt.

5 P. M.—Cotton—The market closed irregular. Middling Uplands, 9⅞d.@9⅞d.; Middling Orleans, 10d.@10⅛d. The sales of the day have been 10,000 bales, including 3,000 bales for export and speculation. Breadstuffs—The market is firmer.

LONDON, Sept. 16—Evening.—Linseed-oil, £37 ⅌ ton. Spirits Turpentine, 44s. 6d.@45s. ⅌ cwt.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

Board of Supervisors—Bills Ordered to be Paid.

The Board of Supervisors met yesterday, Mayor Hall in the chair. A number of reappointments of Court officers previously made were confirmed, in conformity with resolutions passed by judges of the several Courts.

Upon the recommendation of the Committee on County Offices, the bill of Lanigan & Adams, for awnings supplied to the various Courts and county offices, amounting to $10,035, was passed, and the Controller directed to pay it.

Upon recommendation of the Committee on Armories and Drill Rooms, the following bills were passed, and the Controller directed to pay them:

William Brosser, for services as armorer, First Regiment, Infantry, $304; David Bull, Third Regiment, $364; Charles Bechet, Sixth Regiment, $364; A. M. Gans, Fifth Regiment, $406; D. Edwards, Seventh Regiment, $312; John McDermott, Ninth Regiment, $366; H. Engel, Eleventh Regiment, $364; George Rowan; Twelfth Regiment, $304; C. Fusch, Fifty-sixth Regiment, $364; Timothy Carr, Sixty-ninth Regiment, $364; James Kennedy, Seventy-first Regiment, $458; John Shearer, Seventy-ninth Regiment, $364; Wm. Douglass, Eighty-fourth Regiment, $364; C. F. Belinghoff, Ninety-sixth Regiment, $364; John Muldoon, Washington Greys, $384; John Schelling, Battery C, $364; John Aubner, Battery K, $364; total, $6,204.

The Board then adjourned to Thursday next.

Board of Aldermen.

The Board of Aldermen assembled immediately after the adjournment of the Board of Supervisors.

A resolution was adopted directing the Commissioner of Public Works to notify the Hudson River Railroad Company to immediately relay the pavement between the tracks on Eleventh-avenue, between Forty-eighth and Fifty-second streets, and failing to do so the Commissioner is requested to cause the work to be done and to enter an action against the Company to recover the expense so incurred.

On motion of Alderman Falconer, a resolution was passed granting permission to the Grahamite Asphalte Paving Company to pave Broadway, between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth streets, with their patent pavement.

The pavement is to be laid without expense to the City or to the property-owners, and if not deemed satisfactory at the expiration of twelve months, it is to be raised and the present style of pavement restored.

The Board then adjourned.

Board of Assistant Aldermen.

The Board of Assistant Aldermen met at 2 P. M. yesterday, Otis T. Hall, President in the chair.

An ordinance in relation to the transportation of explosive oils through the streets of the City, providing security against accident to the citizens, was referred to the Committee on Ordinances, to report at an early day.

City Finances.

The City Chamberlain's statement of the condition of the City finances during the past week gives the following figures, showing the total balances in the Treasury on Saturday, the 14th inst.

Total balances, Sept. 7	$6,190,972 08
Receipts during the week	223,745 61
Payments for same period	1,176,164 03
Total balances Sept. 14	$5,141,604 99

SANITARY SCIENCE.

The American Public Health Association—A New Organization.

After several months correspondence and a preliminary meeting last Spring, a large number of medical and other scientific men connected with the public health service or devoted to practical studies that promote sanitary science, organized themselves into an Association under the above title. The first object is to secure reasonable and practicable methods of sanitary administration, and to bring the best results of study and experience into the common stock of this Association, which invites the contribution of such results from every competent source. The second object is to promote the diffusion and practical uses of sanitary knowledge. The following are the officers of the Association:

President, Stephen Smith, M. D., of New-York; First Vice-President, Edwin M. Snow, M. D., of Providence; Second Vice-President, C. B. White, M. D., of New-Orleans; Treasurer, John H. Rauch, M. D., of Chicago; Secretary, E. Harris, M. D., of New-York.

The following-named gentlemen, with the officers, constitute the Executive Committee:

Dr. Francis Bacon, of New-Haven; Dr. Wm. Clendenin, of Cincinnati; Dr. C. C. Cox, of Washington, D. C.; Dr. Henry Hartshorne, of Philadelphia; Dr. Moreau Morris, of New-York; Dr. John M. Woodworth, Washington, D. C.

After the organization several sessions were devoted to the discussion of important questions relating to the public health. The subjects thus referred, and the names of the Chairmen of the several Committees, are as follows:

Codification and Digest of Health Laws of the different States—Prof. J. Ordronaux, of New-York.

Comparative Mortality of different Seasons of the Year and in different Sections of the United States—Prof. Henry Hartshorne, of Pennsylvania.

On Healthy Dwellings for the Poor, and the Sanitary Reconstruction of Unhealthful Houses—Stephen Smith, M. D., of New-York.

On Local and Domestic Causes of Tubercular Phthisis, with reference to Preventive Measures—Prof. H. A. Johnson, of Chicago, Ill.

On Sanitary Drainage of Towns and Cities—Dr. J. H. Rauch, of Chicago, Ill.

Water Supplies for Cities and Villages—Prof. C. F. Chandler, of New-York.

Practical Lessons of the Recent Prevalence of Small-pox, with reference to its prevention in future.—Dr. E. H. Janes, of New-York.

The Progress and Prevention of Asiatic Cholera—Dr. E. Harris, of New-York.

Quarantine and the Official Methods of Sanitary Control of Contagious and Infectious Diseases—Dr. Henry Hartshorne, of Pennsylvania.

The sanitary and medical management of the mercantile marine, and the care of sick seamen, with reference to the interests of the public health.—Dr. J. M. Woodworth, of the Marine Hospital Bureau, Washington, D. C.

Hospitalism in the United States and the relations of hospitals to the public health.—Dr. Stephen Smith, of New-York.

Sanitary restrictions upon prostitution and syphilis. Dr. Chas. P. Russell, of New-York.

A National Sanitary Bureau of Information, &c.—Hon. Christopher C. Cox, Washington, D. C.

A uniform system of registration of diseases and causes of death.—Dr. J. H. Rauch, Chicago, Ill.

The facts and records of meteorology and climatology that may promote sanitary knowledge.—Lorin Blodgett, Esq., of Philadelphia.

The influence of the production and use of native wines upon intemperance, in the location of vineyards in the United States and upon the public health.—Dr. W. Clendenin, of Cincinnati.

Practical applications of chemistry to public hygiene.—Prof. C. F. Chandler, of New-York.

Sanitary treatment of animal and other offal in cities.—Dr. Moreau Morris, of New-York.

Sanitary principles and their requirements in public edifices and private residences, especially in respect of ventilation, lighting and warming.—Carl Pfeiffer, of New-York.

Sanitary value and uses of shade trees, parks and forests.—Fred. Law Olmsted, of New-York.

Sanitary preparation and improvement of the sites of cities and villages.—Prof. J. S. Newberry, of Columbia College, New-York.

Areas of sanitary administration and the practical adaptation of general laws and local ordinances relating to the public health.—Dr. E. Harris, of New-York.

Public health reports and the means of promoting a practical knowledge and application of sanitary science among the people.—Dr. C. B. White, of New-Orleans.

The Association will hold its next meeting at Washington during the last week in February next.

Naturalization in the Courts Yesterday.

Applications to be naturalized, which during a few months past were confined to only an occasional one, or at most two or three a day, begin to increase rapidly as the time of election approaches. Yesterday seems to have been the commencement of earnest work in this line, the number naturalized running up to nearly one hundred each in the Superior Court and Court of Common Pleas. In the latter Court several applications were rejected by Judge Robinson for defective testimony as to age, time of residence, &c.

Mr. Jarvis, Clerk of the Court, has caused a notice to be published for the guidance of persons applying for duplicate certificates of naturalization, as follows:

Applicants for duplicate certificates of naturalization must furnish (as near as possible) the date of admission, and the name of the witness on the application. This is necessary, owing to the similarity in names. No other person than a clerk of the office will be permitted to examine the records or indices of naturalization.

The Mercer-Street Fire—Losses and Insurances.

The following are the losses and insurances at the fire at No. 43 Mercer-street on Sunday night, as reported a tFire Marshal McSpedon's office yesterday:

A. Moore & Co., hatters, first floor and basement, loss $2,000; insurances—Howard, $5,000; Manhattan, $10,000; Ætna $5,000; Equitable, $10,000; North British and Mercantile, $10,000; Rutgers, $10,000; Commercial, $5,000; Phœnix, $5,000; Niagara, $10,000; New-York, $5,000; total, $95,000. H. M. Graves & Co., hatters, second, third and rear of the fourth floors, loss $6,000; insured for $13,000 in the Ætna, Merchants', and two other companies. Seymour & Co., hatters, fifth floor and front of fourth floor. loss slight; insured in the Ætna for $4,000, and Lafayette, $2,000.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—IN BANKRUPTCY.—Held by Blatchford, J.—Pierson vs. Jones, Parmenter vs. Heath & Austin, Pike vs. Cooke & Daly, Jones vs. The American Seal Lock Company, Davis vs. Conant & Avery, Costro vs. Gerson, Simon vs. Rosenblath, The Security Bank vs. Andrews & Andrews, Leahy vs. Williams, Harris & Ward, Hotchkiss vs. Cohen, Gibbs vs. Bock, Schneider & Bechtel, Connolly vs. Allen, Botherer vs. Kohl & Witzel, Eldridge et al. vs. Simonds & Spooner, Yuskee vs. Hamburg, Mott vs. Hogan, Puig et al. vs. Rooner & Avelline, Gibbs vs. Bock, Schneider, Bechtel & Shoen, Wallace et al. vs. Donnellan, Bates et al. vs. Gedney & Gedney, Fessenden et al. vs. Rider, Headley et al. vs. Keogh, Conant et al. vs. Roome & Townsend, Conant et al. vs. Millbank, Waring vs. Palmer, Salomon vs. Bach.

Argument Calendar—Bankruptcy Suits.—James Bishop vs. Decker C. Wickham and Oscar D. Wickham, Robert E. Kelly vs. Bernhard Pollak and Charles B. Pollak.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Leonard, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M., Calendar called at 12 M.—3, Dater et al. vs. Tallman; 4, Same vs. Same; 16, Gregory vs. McGinnis et al; 26, Blenett vs. Lamon et al.; 28, Gimbrede vs. Gimbrede; 43, The People ex rel McCauley vs. Green, Controller. Call 47, Myers vs. Hanford.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Shea, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—15, Collins vs. Reilly; 124, Van Ordt vs. Fraser; 160, Haller vs. Jolly; 34, Mount vs. Christmas; 56, Jones vs. Jones; 88, Colby vs. Sink; 154, Mohr vs. Heckman; 163, Hull vs. Stevenson; 206, Haas vs. McAuley; 234, Decker vs. Tupper; 834, Bracht vs. Eisas; 286, Klein vs. Flanner; 290, Alexander vs. Echeveria; 292, Davidson vs. Rauscher; 294, Van Volkenburgh vs. Ohlman.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—Held by Joachimsen, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—45, Atwatter vs. Fuller; 55, Jones vs. Jones; 57, Jones vs. Doe; 245, Ritterband vs. Hosseberg; 249, Sacks vs. Moeller; 268, Jones vs. Michael; 265, McCullough vs. Paton; 271, Ballard vs. Roberts; 273, Sonneborn vs. Bock; 275, Mayer vs. Marheimer; 277, Shepard vs. Simms; 279, Blunt vs. Brown; 281, Holland vs. Marsh; 283, Dixon vs. Barwick; 285, Lookschiwdt vs. Cunba.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART III.—Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—284, Riker vs. Cowen; 298, Cornish vs. Boonhagen; 300, Gleason vs. Tallmadge; 302, Murphy vs. Mathews; 304, Gale vs. Bonnett; 306, Stieppel vs. Weiner; 308, Davis vs. Landwehr; 310, Andreas vs. Nicholson; 312, Cole vs. Winters; 314, Frank vs. Gallagher; 316, Lemon vs. Wilson; 318, Lyon vs. Davis; 320, Dohrman vs. Smith; 322, Roth vs. Curet; 324, Ruppel vs. Nicholson.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part IV.—Held by Spaulding, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—108, Lane vs. Phippany.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Held by Bedford, J.—1, Hugh Reilly, robbery; 2, James Fitzsimmons, felonious assault and battery; 3, James Finn, felonious assault and battery; 4, Thomas Cunningham, forgery; 5, John Reynolds, burglary; 6, Wm. Howard, Patrick Kane and Hugh Reilly, burglary; 7, Henry Williams, grand larceny; 8, Leon Jassoda, grand larceny; 9, John McCarthy, grand larceny; 10, Thomas Gorman, grand larceny; 11, Hugh Reilly, grand larceny; 12, James Boardman, Richard Reading and Denis Shay, grand larceny; 13, Charles V. Stillman, grand larceny; 14, Wm. Kenny, larceny from the person.

BROOKLYN CITY COURT.—Nos. 21, 22, 23, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—SEPT. 16.

By Judge Leonard.

Thompson vs. Waterman et al.; the proceeding must be dismissed.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—SEPT. 16.

By Judge Robinson.

Berry vs. Boromalu et al.; motion to continue injunction, and order for temporary injunction vacated, with $10 costs.

By Judge Joseph F. Daly.

Barbara Held vs. John Held; divorce granted to plaintiff, and custody of child.

COMMON PLEAS—GENERAL TERM.

NOTICE TO THE BAR.

All notes of issue, in cases for the General Term Calendar, must be filed for such term at least eight days before the first day of the term, and must contain the title in full, the nature of the appeal, the date of issue, with the attorneys' names. If on an appeal from an order, the note must, in addition, state the name of the Judge by whom the order was made at Special Term, the date of the same, and the nature thereof. In case of appeal from inferior Courts, the notes of issue must state from what district, and if return be filed, must give the date of filing thereof. No case will be placed on the Calendar unless the return shall have been filed at least eight days before the first day of the term. By order of the Court.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SCHULTZ & WARKER
HAVE REMOVED
THEIR BUSINESS OFFICE TO
No. 860 Broadway,

Corner 17th-st. and Union-square, where they receive orders and sell all the leading mineral waters, as Selters, Vichy, Kissingen, Carlsbad, Congress, &c., on draft.

These are the only artificial mineral waters, which, after analysis by the first chemical authorities of the country, have been proved to exactly correspond in composition with the natural waters they represent, and which are exclusively prescribed by the medical profession. They are perfectly pure and free from metallic contaminations, and are drawn from our patent ten-gallon

Glass Fountains Only.

CAMPAIGN GOODS FOR 1872.

Agents wanted for our campaign goods. **Sell at Sight. Pay 100 per cent. profit.** Now is the time. Send at once for descriptive circulars and price-lists of our fine steel engravings of all the candidates, campaign biographies, charts, photographs, badges, pins, flags and everything suited to the times. Ten dollars per day easily made. Full samples sent for $3. Address MOORE GOODSPEED, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

REVENUE STAMPS, ALL KINDS, IMPERFECT; also stamped documents, as checks, stock and other certificates, insurance policies, &c.; mutilated currency (at low rates) bought by DAVID H. ANTHONY, No. 44 Wall-st.; Post-office box, 4,475.

LIFE POLICY HOLDERS MAY OBTAIN independent and experienced advice, policy valuations, &c., from D. P. FACKLER, Consulting Actuary, No. 293 Broadway, Rooms Nos. 4 and 5.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S
CLASSES FOR DANCING,
AT NO. 212 5TH-AV.,
WILL COMMENCE OCT. 5.

Twice-a-week classes on Mondays and Thursdays, Tuesdays and Fridays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Once a week, on Saturday morning and Friday evening.

Monday and Thursday evenings for gentlemen

For terms, &c., send for circular.

ACADEMY OF DANCING.
LYRIC HALL, No. 723 6th-av., and
ADELPHI HALL, Broadway, 52d-st. and 7th-av.
Mr. TRENOR is pleased to announce that his superior academy rooms are now open. See circulars.

SAUSE'S DANCING ACADEMIES ARE now open at Masonic Hall, Nos. 114 and 116 East 13th-st., and Brevoort Hall, Nos. 154 and 156 East 54th-st. PRIVATE LESSONS at any hour, day or evening. Circulars at private Academy. No. 212 East 11th-st.

J. MAR'S DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 239 Bleecker-st., (late Thompson's,) will open Oct. 1; for terms, &c., send for circular. N. B.—Opening soirée MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 30.

MARBLE MANTELS.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, RICH and elegant designs; slate work of every description; marble and wood mantels. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 220 and 222 West 23d-st., near 7th-av.

A. KLABER.—STEAM MARBLE AND MARBLEIZING works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st. Marble and marbleized mantels, tiling, marble counters, monuments, at prices that defy competition. Marble turning for the trade.

METALS.

THOMAS J. POPE & BRO.,
METALS,
No. 292 PEARL-STREET,
Near Beekman-st., **NEW-YORK.**

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the "Times" Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av.,
And the "Times" West-Side Office,
No. 208 West 23d-st., corner of 5th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

ALL EMPLOYERS
Returning to the City wanting good German, French, English, Irish and American help, suited immediately at WALKER'S, No. 139 6th-av., over drug-store.

AT PELTON & CO.'S, NO. 645 6TH-AV., near 38th-st., (formerly with Bedell,) will be found a large number of very desirable servants, both Protestant and Catholic, viz.: Ladies' maids, seamstresses, cooks, laundresses, chamber-maids, waitresses, nurses, general work, waiters, &c.

AT BEDELL'S, NOS. 340 AND 342 4th-av., will be found a large selection of first-class servants, both Protestant and Catholic, viz.: cooks, laundresses, nurses, seamstresses; also, waiters and coachmen, &c.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—A CHAMBER-maid and waitress' situation by a German young woman; very respectable; excellent waitress and chamber-maid; best testimonials; City or country. Call at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS —COOK.—Two English girls, (recently arrived,) one as chamber-maid and waitress, the other as cook; will go together or separate. Apply at No. 437 6th-av., between 26th and 27th sts.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—NURSE, &c.—Two young girls, sisters, want situations; one to do chamber-work and waiting; the other to take care of children and do sewing; have good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 236 East 41st-st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A RESPECTABLE young girl wishes a situation as chamber-maid or waitress; a private family preferred; the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 344 West 26th-st., first floor, front room.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, a situation as chamber-maid and waitress, or to do general house-work in a small family; good City reference. Call at No. 254 West 28th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY AN ACTIVE young woman as chamber-maid and waitress, or chamber-work and assist in washing, or as first-class waitress alone; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS—By a girl who understands her work in all its branches; will give unexceptionable City references from last employer. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A YOUNG woman as chamber-maid, waitress, or as chamber-maid and assist with the fine washing and ironing; good City reference. Call in the store, No. 438 West 42d-st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—A reliable girl wishes a situation as chamber-maid and waitress, or assist in washing; is very willing and obliging. Can be seen at No. 624 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—A YOUNG GIRL as chamber-maid and to assist in washing, or to take care of growing children; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 156 East 33th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A YOUNG AMERICAN girl as chamber-maid in a hotel; understands her work thoroughly; good references; can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A GIRL AS CHAMBER-maid and waitress, or to do chamber-work and sewing; two years' reference from last employer. Call at No. 115 West 19th-st., near 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A MOST COMPETENT chamber-maid; is very attentive, careful and very tidy; can go in a first-class family as very good servant. Apply at No. 621 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A RESPECTABLE girl as chamber-maid in a private family; excellent reference from last employer. Call at No. 147 East 32d-st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as chamber-maid and to do sewing, or take care of children; best City reference. Call at No. 248 West 30th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A RESPECTABLE young girl as first-class chamber-maid, or to do fine washing and ironing, or as laundress; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 110 West 19th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—A NEAT, TIDY girl, lately landed, wants a situation to do chamber-work and waiting, or would take care of children. Call at No. 4 White's-place, West 18th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—AN ENGLISH girl as chamber-maid and seamstress; City references. Call at No. 8 West 44th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY AN ENGLISH girl, a situation as chamber-maid, &c., in the City; good reference. Apply at No. 3 Whitehall-st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A COMPETENT GIRL as chamber-maid, or as chamber-maid and to do sewing; excellent reference. Call at 4 West 44th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted for chamber-work and waiting, or nurse. Can be seen for two days at No. 154 East 30th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—A YOUNG GIRL to do chamber-work and washing; best City reference. Call at No. 443 West 26th-st., grocery-store.

CHAMBER-WORK.—A COMPETENT WOMAN desires a situation to do chamber-work and plain sewing; good reference. Call at 259 West 33d-st.

CITY AND COUNTRY LADIES WHO wish to employ good faithful women and girls at moderate wages can be nicely suited at E. CARROLL'S Agency, No. 69 6th-av., first floor.

COOK, &c.—CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—Two respectable young girls wish situations; one as plain cook, good washer and ironer, the other as chamber-maid and plain sewing; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call at No. 339 1st-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

COOK.—BY A VERY CAPABLE AND EXPERIENCED cook: can do all kinds of cooking, soups, meats, game, desserts of all kinds, side dishes, &c.; good City references. Can be seen at No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

COOK.—SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook: understands all kinds of meats, poultry, game, &c.; good bread and biscuit maker; a most respectable young woman. Call at office No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman as good cook and an excellent baker; will assist in coarse washing; is careful, capable and reliable; in a small family; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A SITUATION in a private family; understands her business in all its branches: soups, game, desserts and pastry and all kinds nice cooking. Call at No. 312 East 34th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

COOK.—GOOD FAMILY COOK, WHO CAN do very good cooking, soups, meats, game, jellies, creams, preserves, &c.; wages $20; willing to assist with coarse washing if required. Apply at No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

COOK.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT girl as first-class cook; understands all kinds of cooking, meats, poultry, game, &c; boning, larding, pastry, desserts of all kinds, creams, jellies, &c. Call at Office No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO English Protestant girls, situations in Connecticut; one as first-class cook; other as chamber-maid or nurse. Apply two days at No. 435 West 33d-st.

COOK, &c.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN as good cook and plain washer in a small private family; good City reference. Apply at No. 200 East 49th-st. and 3d-av.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN A situation as plain cook; has good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 28 East 40th-st., over the livery stable.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO Protestant girls, one as good cook, the other to do light chamber-work and sewing; good reference. Call at No. 432 West 40th-st.

COOK, &c.—A MOTHER AND DAUGHTER wish situations as cook or first-class laundress: all kinds of fluting; daughter to do waiting; best City references. Apply at No. 347 East 17th-st.

COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—BY a respectable person, with best City references; a small family preferred; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK.—BY A NORTH OF IRELAND PROTESTANT woman, a situation as cook in a private family; would do the coarse washing; City references. Call at No. 391 8th-av.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK; BEST reference. Can be seen at present employer's, No. 6 East 14th-st.

CHILD'S NURSE.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman a situation as child's nurse; can take a child from its birth; first-class references can be given as to ability and character. Call at No. 347 East 17th-st., in the store.

CHILDREN'S NURSE.—BY A NEAT, active young woman, to take care of grown children, or will assist in chamber-work and waiting, or do plain sewing; best City reference. Call at No. 205 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

CHILDREN'S NURSE, &c.—A YOUNG girl as maid to growing children and seamstress or lady's maid; no objection to travel to Europe or South for the Winter. Mme. LA FABOUR, No. 661 8th-av.

CHILDREN'S NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE Protestant young girl to take care of growing children or do any other light work. Apply at No. 140 West 17th-st.

EMPLOYERS

Can be supplied with first-class help of every description, for City or country, at
S. & E. V. ODELL'S,
No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.
ON HAND:
COOKS, LAUNDRESSES,
NURSES, WAITRESSES,
HOUSE-WORKERS, CHAMBER-MAIDS, &c.
Also, small girls and girls lately landed.
References Investigated.

EMPLOYMENT AND INSURANCE OFFICE,
No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.
Families, Hotels and Others Supplied with First-class Help.

EMPLOYERS WANTING FIRST-CLASS colored servants, male and female, to fill any capacity, should call at SIMMS' Servants' Institute, No. 543 6th-av.

FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS
Supplied, of all nationalities; also, servants wanted to fill different household positions. Apply with references.
MISS S. M. OSBORNE,
No. 330 4th-av.

GERMAN SERVANTS FOR ALL POSITIONS, capable and trustworthy, constantly found at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.
Mrs. LOWE.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

J. W. CARPENTER
Supplies employers in City or country with reliable Protestant and Catholic Servants,
at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

HOUSEKEEPER.—SITUATION AS housekeeper, &c.; any position of trust; unexceptionable references. Call or address Mrs. C. E. H., No. 402 9th-av., near 34th-st.

HOUSE-WORK, &c.—BY A COMPETENT German girl, a situation to do general house-work, or as cook, washer and ironer; is willing and obliging; good reference. Call at No. 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GOOD GERMAN woman, a situation to do general house-work; is a plain cook, a good washer and ironer. Apply at No. 127 Norfolk-st., of M. Hild.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A TRUSTWORTHY Protestant woman, a position as lady's maid, or would assist with housekeeping, or any position of trust; can produce first-class City reference. Call for three days at No. 15 East 29th-st.

LADIES' MAID, &c.—A SITUATION BY a competent lady's maid; is also a first-class dress-maker and hair-dresser; can operate on sundry sewing-machines. Call or address No. 312 East 11th-st., for two days.

LADY'S MAID.—A FIRST-CLASS LADY'S maid wishes a situation; excellent City references. Call for two days at No. 14 East 22d-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman: she is an excellent laundress; French fluting, box plaiting; can do up ladies' and gents' fine washing in the best manner; best City testimonials. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman, a situation as first-class laundress; thoroughly understands fluting, polishing, &c.; has unexceptionable references. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS laundress; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; does up linens and fineries in superior style; best City references. Call or address at last employer's, No. 13 Gramercy Park, in 20th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE woman, who thoroughly understands her work in all branches; can flute, polish, starch, &c.; will give first-class City reference. Call at 138 West 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN desires to take washing to her own house, or will go out by the day; best City reference. Apply at No. 443 West 26th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE girl, as first-class laundress; understands her business perfectly; fluting, polishing, &c.; best reference. Call at Office, No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

LAUNDRESS.—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS solicits gentlemen's or families' washing; fluting and linens done in superior style; terms moderate. Mrs. LAWLOR, No. 248 West 32d-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, as first-class laundress; understands her business perfectly; fluting, polishing, &c.; reference from best families. Call at office No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

LAUNDRESS.—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS laundress, or to do chamber-work and fine washing, in a small private family; City reference. Call at No. 438 6th-av., between 26th and 27th sts.

LAUNDRESS.—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS solicits families' washing, or would take a permanent situation in a small family; good reference. Call at No. 345 West 28th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS wishes the washing of a family or gentlemen at her own house. Call or address Mrs. CARR, No. 204 East 26th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—AN EXPERIENCED laundress solicits families', or gentlemen's washing to do at her house, No. 160 West 28th-st.; best reference.

LAUNDRESS.—A COMPETENT LAUNDRESS solicits washing and ironing to do at home; linens done in superior style. Call at 205 West 36th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—AN EXPERIENCED LAUNDRESS solicits washing to do at home; linens done in superior style. Call at No. 63 West 43d-st., top floor.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, AS first-class laundress. Call at her present employer's, No. 62 West 21st-st.

LAUNDRESS.—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES a situation as laundress; a good reference can be given. Call at No. 349 East 32d-st.

MONTHLY NURSE.—AN EXPERIENCED monthly nurse just disengaged, wishes a few engagements; references from best physicians and former patrons. Address Mrs. McDONALD, No. 781 7th-av., between 51st and 52d sts.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A Protestant woman, as nurse and seamstress; can take charge of a baby, or see to a grown child, or to wait on a lady and sew; a good home more thought of than high wages; first-class references. Call at No. 659 6th-av., near 38th-st.

NURSE, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE COLORED woman, a situation as a nurse and seamstress with a nice Christian family; can take entire charge of an infant and children; City reference. Can be seen for two days at her employer's, No. 35 Charlton-st.

NURSE.—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A Protestant woman; is very experienced; best of City and country references. Can be seen for two days, from 10 to 3 o'clock, at No. 154 7th-av., corner 19th-st., third floor.

NURSE, &c.—A SITUATION AY A COMPETENT German woman as nurse and plain sewer, or chamber-maid and fine washer, or lady's maid; good hair-dresser; excellent recommendations; City or country. Call at 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS nurse and plain seamstress; understands care of children, and do plain sewing; is very respectable and competent; can give good references. Can be seen at Office No. 621 6th-av.

NURSE AND CHILD'S GOVERNESS—By a respectable American Protestant girl; can give good reference; a pleasant home wanted rather than large wages. Can be seen at No. 133 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—AS COMPETENT nurse and seamstress; the best of City references. Call at No. 150 8th-av., between 17th and 18th sts.

NURSE, &c.—A COMPETENT YOUNG woman, as nurse and hair-dresser; capable of taking charge of an infant from birth; four years' reference. Apply at No. 338 West 48th-st.

NURSE.—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE young American girl, a situation to take care of a child. Apply at No. 437 6th-av., between 26th and 27th sts.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A SITUATION as nurse and seamstress by a very neat and competent woman, with good references. Apply at No. 4 Union-square.

NURSE—CHAMBER-MAID.—TWO SISTERS, Protestants, lately landed, wish situations; one as nurse and seamstress, the other as chamber-maid. Call at No. 203 1st-av.

NURSE.—AN ENGLISH YOUNG PERSON as nurse to take care of one or two children. Call at No. 8 West 44th-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE girl; has two years' references from last employer; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; will assist with chamber-work if required. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

SEAMSTRESS.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman as seamstress; understands operating on Wheeler & Wilson's and Wilcox & Gibbs' machines; first-class City references. Apply at No. 260 West 19th-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as seamstress; thoroughly understands cutting, fitting and operating on any machine; has two years' references. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

SEAMSTRESS.—A FIRST-CLASS SEAMSTRESS; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses, operate, make shirts, embroider and do all kinds of family sewing; unexceptionable references. Call at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

SEAMSTRESS.—A YOUNG WOMAN wants a situation as first-class seamstress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; would like to take her own machine to work on. Call at No. 141 1st-av., in fancy store.

SEAMSTRESS.—A GOOD FAMILY SEAMSTRESS and dress-maker wishes a situation in a private family; good reference. Call at No. 345 West 28th-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY AN EXPERIENCED middle-aged woman as seamstress and lady's maid, or would travel with a lady; best City reference. Apply at No. 309 7th-av., near West 28th-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—A GOOD SEAMSTRESS wishes a few engagements by the week. Call at No. 46 Watt-st.

TO EMPLOYERS.
Families are deceived when told that the French Office does not exist any more at No. 405 5th-av.; over a thousand first-class families are attesting its existence by recommending it as the most reliable one; No. 405 5th-av.

FRENCH OFFICE.

WAITRESS.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG woman; she is a thorough waitress; understands the care of silver, getting up salads, &c., in the best manner, or will do chamber-work and waiting; very best testimonials; country or City. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

WAITRESS.—BY A VERY COMPETENT young girl as first-class waitress; can take a man's place in caring for silver and arranging dessert; can take sole charge of dining-room; very best City reference. Apply at No. 621 6th-av.

WAITRESS.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS competent waitress or chamber-maid; best City reference from former employers. Call for two days at No. 209 East 20th-st., near 3d-av.

WAITRESS.—A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS wishes a situation; can make all kinds of salad-dressing; excellent City reference. Call at No. 211 West 53d-st., between Broadway and 8th-av.

WAITRESS.—A COMPETENT WAITRESS wishes a situation in the City; good reference. Call at No. 131 West 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman by the month, or permanently; cuts and fits dresses for ladies and children; does all kinds of family sewing; has her own machine; is obliging; best of reference given. Call or address No. 1,194 Broadway, in the store.

WASHING WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE widow woman, a family's or a few ladies' or gentlemen's washing; all kinds fine washing done; fluting by machinery; terms moderate; the best of reference. Mrs. MOORE, No. 309 West 44th-st., third floor, front building.

WANTED.—AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 335 4TH-av., all parties wanting help of all kinds can be suited, and nurses, waitresses, cooks of all kinds, laundresses, seamstresses, house-workers, young girls and those lately landed.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

A PROFESSIONAL MALE NURSE for sick gentlemen, is open to engagement. Call at or address T. D., No. 313 East 32d-st.

CASHIER.—A YOUNG MAN OF TWENTY-one wishes a position as cashier; unexceptionable references, and security if required. Address L., Box No. 127 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN, COOK, &c.—BY A MAN and his wife, (Scotch Protestants;) the man as coachman and general useful man on a gentleman's place; is willing and not afraid of work; his wife as cook and laundress, or general house-work servant; is willing and obliging; both are reliable and trustworthy and well recommended. Apply at or address No. 42 Court-st., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES to obtain a situation for his coachman, and wife to do the chamber-work and assist in the washing; both thoroughly understand their business, and will be found sober, honest, and reliable. Call at No. 19 West 26th-st., or at the office, No. 54 William-st., Room No. 12.

COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MAN AS coachman and gardener or useful man; good coachman, groom and careful driver; willing to make himself useful about the house, grounds and garden, and, in short, willing to make himself useful in every respect; good references. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

COACHMAN.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHman, a situation in a private family, who can give best of City references. Can be seen with his present employer at private stable, No. 301 East 21st st.; none but a Protestant family need apply; seen until Oct. 1; address or call.

COACHMAN.—BY A NEAT, GENTEEL-APpearing, young colored man as coachman; thorough horseman and driver; understands the care of harness, carriages, &c.; would be obliging, and assist about the house if required; testimonials good; City or country. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

COACHMAN.—BY A FIRST-CLASS ENGlish coachman; one who thoroughly understands the management and care of horses, carriages, &c.; best City and other testimonials; none but those wanting such a man need apply to D. D. KING, No. 123 Cedar-st.

COACHMAN.—A PROTESTANT COACHman, of long experience in this City in good families, wishes a situation as coachman or coachman and groom. Address JOHN T., Box No. 112 Up-town *Times* Office, for two days.

COACHMAN.—BY A MARRIED MAN, with no incumbrance, as coachman; is willing and obliging, and understands his business; has the best of references for City or country. Call or address D. WRIGHT, No. 311 4th-av.

COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED BY a single man, who thoroughly understands the business; will make himself generally useful; satisfactory references given. Address C. G., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—A FIRST-CLASS COACHman, of good appearance and long experience, and four years' good character from late employer, wants a situation; is sober and obliging. Address B. M., care of Mr. Campbell, No. 50 4th-av.

COACHMAN.—A MAN OF GREAT EXPERience; good knowledge of horses; a careful and thorough driver and steady man; a married man with a small family; excellent references. Address A. B., Box No. 215 *Times* office.

COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a young man as coachman, one who understands plain gardening and can come highly recommended from his last employer. Address J. L., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—A VERY RESPECTABLE young colored man as coachman and groom; understands his business thoroughly; can furnish the best of reference as to character and capability. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

COACHMAN.—BY A COLORED MAN, SITUation as coachman by one who understands himself in caring and driving. Call at No. 223 East 20th-st., or address STABLE.

COACHMAN.—A SITUATION AS FIRST-class coachman by a middle-aged man who is highly recommended; has had fifteen years experience. Address J. C., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

GARDENER OR COACHMAN.—BY A Protestant German, aged twenty-five years, who understands the care of greenhouse, flowers and kitchen garden; is also a good driver and groom; can keep harness and carriages in nice order, and has good recommendations. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

GARDENER.—A SITUATION BY A MARried man, (Scotch,) who has been employed in this country over twenty years, and thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has the most satisfactory recommendations. Address C. B., No. 67 Nassau-st.

GROOM, FOOTMAN OR COACHMAN.—By a temperate and industrious man, aged twenty-four years; is a careful driver and good groom; will go in City or country; can refer to last employer. Call at 138 West 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

GROOM.—A SITUATION AS GROOM, OR groom and valet; thoroughly understands his business; single, and a Protestant; first-class City reference. Call or address A. B., No. 34 East 40th-st.

USEFUL MAN—COOK, SEAMSTRESS, &c.—By man and wife, (no incumbrance;) he is a good driver and groom; also, plain gardener; can milk and do farm work; wife understands cooking and all branches of house-work; both are willing to make themselves useful. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

USEFUL MAN OR COACHMAN.—BY an experienced young man, who is willing to make himself generally useful; will go in the City or country; can do plain gardening, milk, &c. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

USEFUL MAN.—BY AN AMERICAN man; is well acquainted with the care and driving of horses; is also a good plain gardener; can milk and do all kinds of work about a gentleman's place. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

USEFUL MAN.—BY A USEFUL MAN WHO can milk, work in a garden, and make himself useful, a situation; he understands the care of horses, and is a good driver. Apply at No. 87 3d-av., corner 12th-st.

USEFUL MAN ABOUT FARM, GARDEN, &c., by a young Englishman who understands the care of stock, farming in most branches, milking, driving, &c.; has good recommendations. Apply No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WAITER.—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE French waiter, who speaks German; is very competent, and understands thoroughly a first-class waiter-man's place; has lived in the highest families in Europe, and can give reference as an honest, temperate and sober man. Apply at No. 621 6th-av.

WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION IN A private family by a first-class waiter; a Protestant; has two years' first-class City references from his last places. Address R. P., No. 920 Broadway, corner 20th-st.

WAITER.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN, A situation as waiter in a private family, with best of City reference from last place; left on account of the family going to Europe. Address N. Y., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family by a Protestant young man; has reference; no objection to go in the country. Call at No. 237 West 33d-st.

WANTED—BY A STEADY, INTELLIGENT Englishman, aged 26, a situation in a gentleman's service to take charge of horses and garden; good references. Address H., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

BOY WANTED—IN THE OFFICE OF A book-publishing house; one that writes a good and rapid hand required. Address, in handwriting of applicant, M., Box 1,619.

COOK.—WANTED, FOR MORRISTOWN, N. J., a respectable woman as cook in a private family, who understands making good bread and desserts; wages $16. Call Tuesday morning from 10 till 12 o'clock, at No. 66 Union-place, north-east corner 4th-av. and 18th-st.

COOK.—WANTED A FIRST-CLASS COOK who thoroughly understands her business; boning, larding, side-dishes and desserts, and willing to come to Brooklyn in a family of two; good references required. Apply at No. 140 Clinton-st., Brooklyn.

COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a respectable woman to cook, wash and iron: must be willing to go a short distance in the country. Apply at No. 152 East 27th-st., at any time after 9 o'clock.

COOK.—WANTED, A FIRST-CLASS COOK, for a small family; those having best references may call at No. 25 Irving-place, between 12 and 2 o'clock today and to-morrow.

COOK.—WANTED A COLORED COOK IN A private family; must be a first-class cook and good baker; the best of City references required. Call for two days at 169 Madison-av., from 9 to 12 A. M.

COOK.—WANTED, A GOOD COOK, WASHer, and ironer, in a family of four persons, with City references. Apply at No. 110 East 19th-st.

LAD WANTED—IN A SHIPPING AND commission office to make himself generally useful; salary first year, $150. Address, with references, E. W., Box No. 127 *Times* Office.

R. H. MACY & CO. WANT INTELLIGENT and industrious saleswomen in all departments of fancy goods; experienced saleswomen preferred; must be correct at figures and have good references. Apply at the desk of the Superintendent, between 2 and 4 P. M.

R. H. MACY & CO. WANT SMART WOmen as cashiers; must be quick and correct at figures and good judges of money; best of references required. Apply between 2 and 4 P. M., at the desk of the Superintendent.

RELIABLE HELP OF ALL DENOMINAtions wanted at the French Office, No. 405 5th-av.; situations most satisfactory always procured in it.

SALESMAN.—A SALESMAN ACQUAINTED with the book and stationery business. GEORGE R. LOCKWOOD, No. 812 Broadway.

WAITER—WANTED IN A PRIVATE family; a young man, and English preferred; no Irish need apply; must understand his business thoroughly, including care of silver, making of salads, &c., and come well recommended. Address, stating names of references, Box No. 1,820, New-York Post-office.

WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED AND REliable children's nurse; only German or English need apply; good wages. Apply at No. 82 Franklin-st., or to G. CRAMER, College Point, Long Island.

WAITRESS AND CHAMBER-MAID.—Wanted, a capable girl as waitress and chamber-maid for a small family. Those who have first-class references may call at No. 25 Irving-place, between 12 and 2 o'clock today and to-morrow.

WAITRESS.—WANTED, A FIRST-CLASS waitress. Apply at No. 17 East 62d-st., from 9 until 3.

WANTED—BY A PRIVATE FAMILY, HALF an hour from the City, two Protestant women (white or colored) for cooking, washing and ironing and chamber-work. Apply at No. 184 Grand-st., from 11 to 1 o'clock.

WANTED—TWO YOUNG MEN AS STUdents to learn the dental profession. Inquire at No. 24 West 29th-st.

INSTRUCTION.

Anthon
GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
No. 252 Madison-Av.
Nineteenth Year Commences Monday, Sept. 9.
School Hours, 9 1-2 A. M. to 2 1-2 P. M.

DEPARTMENTS—PRIMARY, for boys under nine; JUNIOR ENGLISH, for boys from nine to twelve, and SENIOR ENGLISH, for boys above twelve years of age; JUNIOR CLASSICAL, for beginners, and SENIOR CLASSICAL, for advanced pupils in Greek and Latin: a FRENCH department, and one of PENMANSHIP. German, Spanish and the elements of Drawing taught by special agreement. Further particulars in circular, sent on application.

Mount Washington Collegiate Institute,
NO. 40 WASHINGTON-SQUARE (SOUTH.)
GEO. W. CLARKE, PH. D., PRINCIPAL.
Classical, Commercial, English, French, German and Primary Departments. Prepares pupils of all ages for business or college on reasonable terms.
Reopens Sept. 11. Circulars of full particulars and interviews with the Principal to be had at the Institute.

GARDNER INSTITUTE,
No. 620 5th-av.
Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children. Fifteenth year opens Sept. 24.
REV. AND MRS. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

DOLBEAR'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, No. 875 Broadway, is new open day and evening for special lessons in business, writing, book-keeping, arithmetic, &c. Apply for circulars.

MLLE. ROSTAN'S
Boarding and Day School, for young ladies, will reopen TUESDAY, SEPT. 24, at her new residence,
No. 25 WEST 52D-ST.,
Near 5th-av. and Central Park.
The COURSE OF INSTRUCTION is designed to COMBINE A THOROUGH ENGLISH EDUCATION with the PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE of the FRENCH AND OTHER MODERN LANGUAGES.
The Musical Department is under the care of Profs. S. B. MILLS and F. L. RITTER.
A limited number of young ladies will be received in the family, and welcomed to share all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home.

CARD.
Wells Female College, Aurora, on Cayuga Lake, N. Y., will reopen (contrary to published and unauthorized card) WEDNESDAY, Sept. 11, the extensive improvements being nearly completed. There are still a few vacancies. M. M. CARTER, Vice-President.

HASTINGS INSTITUTE,
HASTINGS, ON HUDSON, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.,
A BOARDING SCHOOL FOR TWELVE BOYS,
Terms, $400 per annum.
O. WINTHROP STARR, Principal.
Circulars, &c., of THOS. H. WAGSTAFF, Esq., No. 61 Broadway, New-York; communications to the Principal must be addressed Hastings, ON HUDSON, Westchester County, N. Y.

MISS HAINES
AND
MLLE. DE JANON
Respectfully inform their friends and the public that having secured the aid of an accomplished Kindergarten teacher from Germany, propose to open a select Kindergarten school, No. 10 Gramercy Park, entirely separate from their preparatory school and infant class. They solicit early applications, as the number will be limited.

NEW-YORK NORMAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
NO. 28 EAST 14TH-ST., (near Union-square.)
Superior instructions in all branches of VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, and in MODERN LANGUAGES. The Fall term of the Conservatory opens on MONDAY, Sept. 2, 1872.

MISS OLSSEN'S
English, French, and German School for young ladies and children, No. 280 4th-av., will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 25; Physical Culture; daily exercises with the use of rings and dumb-bells. Number of pupils limited.

MISS STEERS'
ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 48 West 17th-st., will re-open Thursday, Sept. 26. Application may be made by letter, or personally, as above.

MISS M. AYRES'
English and French Day School for young ladies and children, No. 132 West 22d-st., will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 23, 1872.

MISS BALLOW'S
English and French School for young ladies and children, No. 24 East 22d-st., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25.

MISS MARY Y. BEAN'S
English, French and German Day School, for young ladies and children, No. 137 East 55th-st., reopens on TUESDAY, Sept. 24.

FEZANDIE INSTITUTE.—DAY AND boarding-school for young gentlemen, No. 37 West 33d st.; only a few scholars will be received into the family, where they will have the comforts of a home. Pupils prepared for business, college, and engineering schools. Modern languages taught practically as well as thoroughly. Circulars and the school-roll may be obtained by addressing M. E. FEZANDIE.

DR. SACHS' COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 53½ West 32d-st., corner Broadway, opens Sept. 16. Boys prepared for the leading colleges; thorough English and mathematical instruction; German a part of regular course.
References: Drs. Barnard, Crosby, Drisler. Circulars at the rooms.

NEW SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 117 EAST 38th-st., will open SEPT. 26; number limited; a few received into the family; classes for special studies; all teaching by experienced teachers; no extras. Circulars sent on request. Written or personal application as above.
ANNA C. BRACKETT,
IDA M. ELIOT.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S SCHOOL, NO. 1,214 Broadway, near 30th-st., reopens MONDAY Sept. 16. Number limited to forty; one teacher to ten boys. A few boarders taken. Circulars at PUTNAM'S, corner 4th-av. and 23d-st., and at store under school.

GERMAN-AMERICAN INSTITUTE, Nos. 367—371 West 23d-st., will reopen Sept. 10. Young ladies' and young gentlemen's department. Kindergarten and boarding-shool for young gentlemen. FEODOR THURM, Principal.

J. HARRIS PATTON'S CLASSICAL School, No. 1,193 Broadway, reopens Sept. 18. Circulars at Thomson's book-store, No. 1,107 Broadway, and at the rooms.

PROF. ROUSSEL'S FRANCO-AMERICAN Institute for young gentlemen, corner Broadway and 45th-st., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 16. Teaching thorough. Send for a full circular.

MISS McCREDY'S CLASS FOR CHILDREN will commence THURSDAY, Sept. 26. For further particulars apply to Miss McCREDY, No. 104 West 34th-st.

DR. BERTHES' FRENCH. ENGLISH, classical and mathematical school opens Sept. 16, at No. 105 East 40th-st. Prospectus at LOCKWOOD'S, No. 812 Broadway.

J. H. MORSE'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, NO 1,193 Broadway, near 28th-st., reopens WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18. Circulars at Putnam's, corner 4th-av. and 23d-st., and at No. 737 7th-av.

JACKSON INSTITUTE, MORRISANIA.—Ladies' Boarding School, reopens Sept. 11; beautifully located; thirty minutes from New-York. Send for circular. Mr. and Mrs. JACKSON, Principal.

MRS. M. S. PARKS WILL REOPEN, Sept. 18, the Boarding and Day School for young ladies, formerly known as "Miss Hoyt's," at No. 13 Livingston-av., New-Brunswick, N. J.

MISS WALSH'S ENGLISH AND French School for young ladies and children will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 23, at No. 36 West 35th-st., near 5th-av.

PROF. T. B. COMSTOCK, LECTURER on Geology and Natural History. Testimonials first class. Address care Am. Lit. Bureau, Cooper Union, New-York.

MISS PERINE WILL REOPEN her English and French School for young ladies and children, No. 106 East 38th-st., between Park and Lexington avs., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25.

MISS BULKLEY'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, TARRYTOWN, N. Y., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18. Applications by letter until Sept. 1.

WM. H. LEGGETT'S SCHOOL, NO. 1,214 Broadway, next to 30th-st., will be reopened Sept. 16. Primary department and gymnasium. Address No. 224 East 10th-st.

LATIN AND GREEK ARE TAUGHT gratuitously in Yonkers Military Institute, by Rev. Dav. Cole, D.D., late Greek Prof. New-Brunswick. BENJAMIN MASON, Box 654 Yonkers, N. Y.

DUANE S. EVERSON'S SCHOOL FOR boys, reopens Sept. 23, at No. 1,146 Broadway, between 26th and 27th sts.; number limited.

THE MISSES WREAKS' SCHOOL FOR young ladies, No. 257 3d-st., Jersey City, reopens THURSDAY, Sept. 19.

MISS WARREN'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, reopens MONDAY, Sept. 16, in Trenor's Lyric Hall, No. 723 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts.

E. A. GIBBENS' SCHOOL FOR BOYS REmoved to No. 650 7th-av.; eighth year commences Sept. 16, 1872.

MISS S. M. ROGER'S SCHOOL WILL REopen Sept. 16; Lexington-av., south-east corner of 37th-st.

MISS SARAH SEDGWICK'S SCHOOL for boys will open Sept. 18, at No. 1,193 Broadway, Apollo Hall.

NEW-YORK SCIENTIFIC AND MILITARY Academy, Peekskill, on the Hudson, commences Sept. 9. Z. S. SEARLE, Graduate West Point, Prin.

SUMMIT INSTITUTE.—FRENCH PROTestant boarding school for boys, opens Sept. 16. Address Rev. A. GORY, Summit, N. J.

MADISON CLASSICAL INSTITUTE—A boarding-school for boys, opens Sept. 4, at Madison, N. J. JAMES SHIER, M. A., Principal.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL—White Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

D. CHERBULIEZ'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 127 East 24th-st., reopens Sept. 19

INSTRUCTION.

M. W. Lyon's Collegiate Institute,
NO. 5 EAST 22D-ST., CORNER OF BROADWAY.
Opens Sept. 16. Seventeenth year.

Rooms—Unsurpassed, newly fitted up, all on same floor, airy, steam-heated.
Plan—Young pupils with Mrs. Lyon. All others with Mr. Lyon.
Studies—All needful for business or college. Yearly boys enter leading colleges; such taught wholly by the Principal, a Yale graduate.
Assistants—Best obtainable, devoted, tried.
Government—Minimum of authority, maximum of kindness.
Pupils—Good in the past. Only such desired.
Patrons—Of from 5 to 10 years' connection:
H. M. Alexander, Nathl. W. Chater, James C. Holden,
Jno. Auchincloss, Benjamin Curtis, T. F. Jeremiah,
Dr. E. G. Bartlett, Henry Day, Wm. Morrison,
John Brooks, Parker Handy, Ralph Wells.

IRVING INSTITUTE,
AT
TARRYTOWN, N. Y.

The Eighteenth Annual Session begins Sept. 11.
First-class educational advantages for boys, with healthful location and beautiful grounds.
Special attention paid to Commercial Studies and Modern Languages.
Thorough training in English Branches, Latin and Greek by graduates of our best Colleges.
Circulars at Thomas Kirkpatrick's, No. 889 Broadway, or on application to
A. ARMAGNAC, A. M., } Principals
D. A. ROWE, A. B., }

Boys' Preparatory School,
NO. 64 MADISON-AV.
LIMITED TO 25.
Dr. WILLIAMSON will reopen his school MONDAY, Sept. 16.
The most thorough individual instruction. None of the work committed to subordinates. Primary Department.
REFERENCES.
James Miller, G. Lee Knapp, Ex-Gov. Morgan, Rev. Dr. Gillettee, Wm. H. Pell, Rev. Dr. Samson, Shepherd Knapp, Samuel Adams, Jacob Vanderpoel, Israel T. Potter, Philip R. Wilkins, Lucien B. Terry, Spencer Kirby, John T. Conover, Geo. M. Clearman, &c., &c.

REV. D. A. HOLBROOK'S
MILITARY SCHOOL,
SING SING, N. Y.
Pupils return for next term on Sept. 17, 1872.

FRIENDS' SEMINARY,
Corner Rutherford-place and East 16th-st., opposite Stuyvesant-square.
The twelfth annual session of this institution commences on the 10th day of 9th month, 1872, under the care of a Superintendent and competent assistant professors and teachers, for special studies, including the languages. It offers to its patrons superior facilities for a thorough practical and classical education, and pupils wishing to enter college will be prepared to do so. The situation of the Seminary, in close proximity to Stuyvesant-square, is unequaled, affording fine opportunity for recreation and exercise. The school buildings were erected with every consideration for the health and comfort of the pupils, and fitted in the best manner with modern furniture and furnished with all appliances of apparatus, &c., &c., needed in a first-class school. Circulars can be had at the Seminary. Applications for admission may be made to the Principal, at the Seminary, or either of the Trustees.

MOUNT PLEASANT
MILITARY ACADEMY,
A SELECT BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT SING-SING, ON THE HUDSON.
The course of instruction embraces the following departments: classical, modern languages, elementary, mathematical, English studies and natural science. Classes are also formed in music, drawing, fencing and elocution.
A thoroughly organized military department, riding-school, with well-trained horses, gymnasium, &c. Will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18.
BENJAMIN & ALLEN, Principals,
Sing Sing, N. Y.

EDGEHILL MILITARY SCHOOL,
Merchantville, N. J.,
Four miles from Philadelphia,
(formerly located at Princeton, N. J.)
Rev. S. HOWELL, A. M., Principal.
Forty-fourth Annual Term begins Sept. 10.
Send for Circular.

LESPINASSE.
FORT WASHINGTON FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES.
French language of the school. Opens MONDAY, Sept. 23, 1872. Circulars at
SCHIRMER'S, No. 701 Broadway,
BRENTANO'S, No. 33 Union-square,
G. LESPINASSE, 112 Broadway, New-York.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE,
A BOARDING SCHOOL
for making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian men.
ESTABLISHED 1854.
Earnest teaching; Common-sense management.
BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 654, Yonkers, N. Y.

MISS ARMSTRONG'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, NO. 88 MADISON-AV., between 28th and 29th sts., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 23, 1872.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—SCHOLASTIC exercises will be resumed in this Institution on MONDAY, Oct. 7. Candidates for admission, to the College or to the School of Mines, are requested to present themselves on FRIDAY, Oct. 4, at the College, on East 49th-st., between Madison and 4th avs., at 9½ o'clock A. M.
Students of the regular classes having conditions to fulfill, and candidates for admission conditioned in June, will present themselves on SATURDAY, Oct. 5, at the same hour.
F. A. P. BARNARD, LL. D., L. H. D., President.

GIRARD INSTITUTE, NO. 35 EAST 62D-st., near Madison-av., one block from the Central Park, which is the play ground of the school.—French and English day and boarding school for young gentlemen with a separate primary department for children of both sexes; complete studies in French and in English; modern languages; good cares and comforts. Prof. PAUL E. GIRARD, Director. Prospectus at Messrs. Francis & Loutrel, No. 45 Maiden-lane; Brentano, No. 33 Union-square.

FORT WASHINGTON FRENCH INSTITUTE.—Boarding and Day School for Young Gentlemen. 170th-st. and Kingsbridge Road, New-York. 18th year. The School will reopen Sept. 16. V. PREVOST, Principal, successor to Lespinasse & Prevost. Circulars at G. LESPINASSE'S, 112 Broadway, or on application at the Institute, Station M.

MMES. DA SILVA & BRADFORD'S (formerly Mrs. OGDEN HOFFMAN'S) English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 17 West 38th-st., New-York, reopens Sept. 18. Application may be made by letter or personally as above.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, ESTABLISHed in New-York in 1814, for young ladies and misses, Nos. 1,527 and 1,529 Spruce-st., Philadelphia, Penn.; French is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.
Mme. D'HERVILLY, Principal.

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY.—Fall Entrance Examination Oct. 3.
For Catalogues, Annual Reports, or Entrance Examination Papers of June 3, apply to Prof. SAMUEL KNEELAND, Secretary, Boston.

FREEHOLD INSTITUTE, FREEHOLD, N. J.—A boarding-school for boys. Circulars at Mr. ALEX. HUDNUT'S, No. 218 Broadway, and at ACKER, MERRAL & CONDIT'S, corner of 42d-st. and Broadway.

A FEW YOUNG LADIES AS BOARDing pupils, are received by the Misses BUCKNALL, at their suburban residence, New-Brunswick, N. J.; the ensuing school year will commence Sept. 18.

MRS. J. M. CALDWELL—ENGLISH, French and Spanish Day School for young ladies and children, (Kindergarten,) will open THURSDAY, Sept. 19, at No. 1,311 Park-av., (4th-av.,) third door above 85th-st. Application may be made by letter or personally.

MRS. WHEELER'S ENGLISH AND French select school for young ladies and children will open at No. 621 Lexington-av. Sept. 16. Pupils received any time during the term. For terms apply as above.

THE MURRAY HILL INSTITUTE—A Boarding and Day School for boys, No. 58 Park-av., commences its ninth year Sept. 23. Circulars, with full information, sent on application to Rev. JOSEPH D. HULL.

THE MISSES CARTER'S ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, White Plains, Westchester County, N.Y., will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 16. Application made by letter or personally.

MLLE. TARDIVEL'S FRENCH, ENGlish and Latin Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children reopens on Sept. 17, at her new and commodious residence, No. 25 West 46th-st., New-York. Circulars sent on application.

PROF. AND MRS. O. P. HUBBARD'S Boarding and Day School for young ladies, at Grove Hall, New-Haven, Conn., Sept. 25. Circulars sent on application.

MRS. DOTY'S & MRS. TRIVETT'S English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies, at Astoria, N. Y., will reopen TUESDAY, Oct. 1.

MISS RYER'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG children, will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 10, in the Wesleyan Church, on 7th-av., between 13th and 14th sts. Entrance by the south tower.

FOR COLLEGE OR BUSINESS—A thorough preparation. Address
REV. E. B. EMERSON, Stratford, Conn.

THE MISSES MARSHALL'S SCHOOL, No. 250 West 38th-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 16. A few pupils can be received as boarders.

MISS RANNEY'S BOARDING AND DAY school for young ladies, Elizabeth, N. J., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18.

MISS C. E. FERRIS' SCHOOL FOR young ladies and children, reopens Sept. 17, at No. 108 East 12th-st.

MR. CORNWALL'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 1,267 Broadway, re-opens on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18.

THE MISSES DOREMUS' DAY SCHOOL for young ladies and children reopens THURSDAY, Sept. 26, at No. 47 East 21st-st.

THE MISSES HUBBARD'S SCHOOL for young ladies and children, No. 30 East 28th-st., reopens Sept. 24.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY—FOR young ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. Address Miss EMILY NELSON.

FOR BOYS—SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES AT Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER
Protestant French Institute
FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN ONLY,
NOS. 126, 128, 130 EAST 24TH-ST.,
NEAR MADISON PARK.
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

Eighteenth year begins Sept. 17. College, Business, West Point, Annapolis, German, Spanish, Primary Department, Gymnasium, Military Drill.
Catalogues with full details. Home after Sept. 2.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

STAMFORD INSTITUTE FOR BOYS.
Twenty-third Year Begins Sept. 11.
Fits for Yale College and Sheffield Scientific School, or for active business. Salutary discipline and faithful instruction from the elementary English up. Military drill and boating. *A safe, healthy, happy home for boys.* For circulars, address
W. C. WILLCOX, A.M., Rector, Stamford, Conn.

REMOVAL.
MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
NOS. 6 AND 8 EAST 53D-ST.,
Central Park, between 5th and Madison avs., New-York, formerly corner Park-av. and 38th-st.
In September, 1872, this school will occupy buildings erected for the purpose. The class-rooms will be large, well ventilated and well warmed, and the sleeping-rooms arranged for single occupants.
Mrs. Sylvanus Reed is at home, Nos. 6 and 8 East 53d-st. Her school will open on Oct. 1. Stages will be sent for pupils at a distance. Lectures in History, in Belles Lettres and in Natural History will commence during first week, and graduates and ladies wishing to attend them will please apply at once.

MISS COMSTOCK,
Nos. 32 and 34 West 40th-st.,
Reservoir Park, New-York.
English, French and German Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children. Fall term will commence Sept. 24. Boarding pupils (always limited) will be increased this year to sixteen. Single rooms if desired. Information through circulars and personally may be obtained at any time at the above address.
Miss Comstock will be at home from Sept. 1.

DR. VAN NORMAN'S
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN FAMILY AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, Nos. 71, 73 and 75 East 61st-st., New-York, will commence its sixteenth year Sept. 26, 1872. For full information send for catalogue. Address as above at No. 75 East 61st-st.

MRS. LEVERETT
will re-open her
SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES
on THURSDAY, Sept. 26, at her residence,
No. 32 West 18th-st., New-York.
Address as above.

BERNARD FRENCH INSTITUTE,
Reopens Sept. 24,
At No. 75 West 38th-st.
For circulars and information apply at the residence of the Principal, No. 225 West 23d-st.
Prof. A. BERNARD.

MRS. GARRETSON,
NO. 58 WEST 47TH-ST., NEW-YORK,
Will reopen her English, French and German Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1872.
Applications by letter until Sept. 1.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,
FOUNDED A.D. 1820,
No. 101 West 14th-st., corner 6th-av.,
REV. HENRY B. CHAPIN, Ph.D., Principal.
The next school year opens MONDAY, Sept. 16, 1872. Boys thoroughly prepared for college or business. Circulars furnished on application.

MISS HAINES AND MLLE. DE JANON'S SCHOOL,
NO. 10 GRAMERCY PARK.
Will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25.
A punctual attendance of their pupils is respectfully requested.

MISS WOLCOTT'S
English and French Boarding and Day School, with special course preparatory for Vassar College, Golden Hill, Bridgeport, Conn., will reopen Sept. 11. For circulars address the Principal.

MRS. WILLIAMS'
English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 26 West 39th-st., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 26, 1872. Address as above.

SELECT CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL, Deerfield, Mass., situated in one of the most delightful and retired villages on the Connecticut River, and limited to three pupils, is under the care of Mr. Jenks, (a graduate of Harvard,) who, with an experience of more than thirty years in the City of New-York, will give his undivided attention to his pupils during the hours of study and recreation. For particulars apply to RICHARD P. JENKS, Deerfield, Mass.; HENRY G. DE FOREST, Esq., No. 82 South-st., New-York; JOHN A. WEEKS, Esq., No. 58 Wall-st., New-York; WM. CREIGHTON LEE, Esq., 20 Ferry-st., New-York.

"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL," FOR children, and PRIVATE RECITATION ROOMS for LADIES. Reopen Sept. 26. Object, the physical, mental and moral culture of children; also, to furnish special advantages to LADIES not desiring the routine of school. Miss E. M. COE, Prin., 15 West 42d-st.

MISS JAUDON'S YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL, removed to No. 32 East 31st-st. WILL REOPEN MONDAY, SEPT. 23. English, French and German thoroughly taught. Boarders limited. References: Edward S. Jaffray, Esq., Rev. William Adams, D. D., Dr. Thomas C. Chalmers, &c.

FAMILY BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS—New Haven, Conn.—Limited to ten pupils. JOHN E. LOVELL, Principal. Terms reasonable. Begins Sept. 27. Testimonials from Gov. English, Bishop Williams, Dr. Bacon, H. W. Beecher, Prof. Dana, and present patrons. Send for circular.

AT THOMPSON'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, No. 20 4th-av., opposite Cooper Institute, book-keeping, writing, arithmetic, English branches and languages taught, day and evening. Ladies' department; telegraphy taught practically, with instruments, as used in offices.

MANSION-SQUARE INSTITUTE, formerly Warring's, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—An English and classical boarding-school for boys; grounds extensive, rooms large, instruction thorough; gymnastic drill—uniform, dark blue; begins Sept. 16. For catalogue, address H. S. JEWETT, A. M., Prin.

MISS E. E. DANA WILL REOPEN HER English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies, at Dobb's Ferry, on the Hudson, Sept. 17. For circulars address the Principal, at Dobb's Ferry, N. Y., or Mr. James Wilde, Jr., No. 316 Broadway, New-York.

J. W. SCHERMERHORN, A. M., B. D., will reopen Sept. 16, his English, commercial, classical, French and German Institute, No. 859 6th-av., between 48th and 49th sts. Circulars and conference at the rooms.

HOME INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—An English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 11. For circulars, address
Miss M. METCALF, Principal.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH and French School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 352 West 20th-st., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 19. A limited number of boarding scholars will be received.

MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE, MORRISTOWN, N. J.—Offers to twenty-five young ladies superior home accommodations and school advantages; a few vacancies.
C. G. HAZELTINE, A. M., Principal.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL, No. 1 Winthrop-place, near 8th-st.—The thirty-sixth year begins Sept. 16; primary, commercial and classical departments. M. M. HOBBY, CHAS. A. NORTHROP, Principals.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GREAT BARrington, Mass. J. & J. BIRD, Principals. A select family school for twenty boys. Superior in its location, buildings and educational advantages. Reopens Sept 10.

BRAINERD INSTITUTE, CRANBURY, N. J.—Liberal discount to clergymen and young men studying for the Christian ministry. Address W. S. McNAIR, Principal.

CLAVERACK COLLEGE AND HUDson River Inst., Claverack, N.Y. Rev. A. Flack, A. M., Pres't. Term opens Sept. 9. 10 dep'ts. 18 instruct's. Deduction to gentlemen and ladies in normal class.

COTTAGE HILL SEMINARY, POUGHkeepsie, N. Y. Home School for Ladies, twelfth year. Specialties, music, modern languages and fine arts. Reopens Sept. 18.

PENNINGTON SEMINARY AND FEMALE COLLEGE.—Fall term begins Sept. 12. For catalogues address H. A. DILKS, A. M., Pennington, N. J.

MADAME HEBITAU'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, will reopen Sept. 9, at No. 240 West 25th-st.

THE MISSES LANE WILL REOPEN their boarding and day school, for young ladies and children, at No. 49 West 48th-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 23. A separate class for little boys.

DR. A. CALLISEN'S SCHOOL FOR young gentlemen, with primary department, No. 131 West 43d-st., reopens Sept. 19, 1872.

BOYS REALLY EDUCATED, MORALly, mentally, and physically, by BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 654 Yonkers, N. Y.

MISS E. A. HAMMEKEN'S BOARDing School for young ladies reopens Sept. 16. Address the PRINCIPAL, Fairview, South Orange, N.J

INSTRUCTION IN A COMPLETE course of engineering, and pupils prepared for West Point by Prof. VERGNES, No. 51 West 16th-st.

MRS. J. T. BENEDICT'S ENGLISH, French and German Boarding and Day School for young ladies, reopens Oct. 1. No. 7 East 42d-st.

ELIZABETH COLLEGIATE SCHOOL—Home and tuition for boys at Elizabeth, N. J.
J. C. WYCKOFF, Principal.

MISS RITTER WILL REOPEN HER school for children, No. 206 East 13th-st., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25. Address by letter until Sept. 18.

NEWBURG, N. Y.—MISS E. J. MACKIE'S School for young ladies will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18. For circulars, address the Principal.

MOHEGAN LAKE SCHOOL, PEEKSKILL, N. Y.—An excellent home for boys; reopens Sept. 10. CHARLES D. MORRIS, M. A.

MISS COGGESHALL'S MORNING class for young children opens Sept. 18, at No. 145 West 45th-st.

GEO. HAMILTON'S ENGLISH, CLASsical and Mathematical school for boys, opens Sept. 18, at No. 781 6th-av.

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
No. 333 4th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.
109th Year begins MONDAY, Sept. 16.
Principals { Dr. R. S. BACON, A. M., LL.B., B. H. CAMPBELL, A. M.
Young men thoroughly fitted for college or business by a full corps of competent instructors. Classical, Commercial and Primary Departments. French, German, Spanish and Drawing. No extra charges. Building refitted; rooms large, light and airy, with improved accommodations. Catalogues containing full particulars at the school and bookstores.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 167 Madison-av., corner 33d-st.
This day school will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 24. Thorough English course. Daily instruction and practice in French and German. Primary Department; Infant Class.
Mr. and Mrs. ELISEE CHARLIER, Principals.

UNIVERSITY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
WASHINGTON-SQUARE.
The Departments of Arts and of Science will open the new academic year on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18, at 9½ A. M. Instruction in these Departments is gratuitous. Examinations for admission to the classes on TUESDAY, Sept. 17, at 9½ A. M.
The Department of Law will open on the first Monday of October, at the University.
The Department of Medicine will open on the first Monday of October in the new building, No. 426 East 26th-st., opposite Bellevue Hospital.
HOWARD CROSBY, Chancellor.

POUGHKEEPSIE FEMALE ACADEMY.—This institution furnishes superior accommodations, has a large corps of accomplished teachers, and is, in every respect, first class. Pupils are carried through a collegiate course or fitted for Vassar College. For circulars containing terms, &c., please address the Principal.
REV. D. G. WRIGHT, A. M.

HARRISON
POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL.
An English and Scientific School with Classical Department. Instructors: A. Bigelow, A. M., Classics; Charles E. Merwin, A. M., English Studies. Physical Culture under Mr. Merwin, whom Dr. Dio Lewis, of Boston, highly commends. Reopens Sept. 23, at No. 77 West 44th-st. Among the patrons are John B. Cornell, John C. Calhoun, John L. Campbell, M. D., Andrew Stewart, Esq., William H. Lee, John A. Oakley, William P. Powers, Esq.
C. M. HARRISON, Principal.

MISS SPRING'S
ENGLISH AND FRENCH
Day School (for girls under fourteen years of age) will reopen Sept. 27, in the building of the Young Ladies' Christian Association, No. 64 Irving-place, corner of 18th-st. Miss SPRING will be at home, No. 113 East 14th-st., Sept. 25 and 26. References: Rev. Gardiner Spring, Rev. Howard Crosby, Peter Carter, Esq., Ralph Wells, Esq.

MRS. L. L. SCOVEL'S
English and French Boarding and Day School, for young ladies and children, No. 39 West 45th-st., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18, 1872. Address as above.

FLUSHING INSTITUTE,
FLUSHING, N. Y.
Begins Sept. 10.
E. A. FAIRCHILD.

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
SING SING, N. Y.,
Rev. J. BRECKINRIDGE GIBSON, D. D., Rector.
The next year will begin Sept. 17.

FINE ART TUITION.
OIL AND WATER COLORS, &c., &c.
Prof. G. A. GILBERT, of the London and Paris Academies, No. 142 East 16th-st., New-York.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE.
Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1857.
Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

MISS MACGREGOR'S
Day and Boarding School for young ladies, Flushing, L. I. Seventh year will open Sept. 17.

S. A. FARRAND'S SCHOOL, NO. 1,470 Broadway, reopens Sept. 25. *Great pains are taken to teach boys how to study.* This is done so thoroughly that they need no help at home.
Among the patrons are:
Rev. Thomas S. Hastings, Rev. James O. Murray,
Rev. Isaac Ferris, Rev. Harvey D. Ganse,
Rev. E. H. Chapin, Rev. George L. Prentiss,
Rev. M. Meier Smith, Rev. Prof. H. B. Smith.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY.—THE PREparatory school of Mr. WM. W. NEWELL, No. 129 East 24th-st., lately an instructor in Harvard, is limited to ten pupils. Instruction in modern languages and drawing. References: Presidents Eliot, Dean Gurney, Prof. Child, Cambridge; Lucius Tuckerman, Esq., Governeur M. Ogden, Esq., E. A. Washburn, D. D., New-York. Term begins Sept. 20.

DR. BENDAN'S SCHOOL, NO. 136 WEST 41st-st., opens Sept. 16; eighteen years' experience. References: Rev. Drs. Crosby, Carlton, Rogers, Adler; Profs. Lieber, Drisler, Draper; William Rensen, Harris Colt, Loyal Pond, Jared Linsly, M. D. German a regular study. Circulars at the school and Bogardus' Gallery, No. 1,153 Broadway.

MISS HINSDALE AND MRS. KEITH will reopen their ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, at Nos. 275 and 277 Madison-av., ON MONDAY, SEPT. 23, 1872.

MRS. JONSON AND MISS JONES will reopen their English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, at No. 13 East 31st-st., on THURSDAY, Sept. 26. Pupils, whose parents desire it, may pursue their studies entirely in French.

MRS. ROBERTS AND MISS WALKER will reopen their French and English Day School for young ladies and children, No. 148 Madison-av., on TUESDAY, Sept. 24. A study-class in which pupils, whose parents so desire, can prepare all their lessons under the care of a teacher will be continued.

PREPARATORY SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL, No. 1,212 Broadway, near 30th-st., for all engineering and Government schools, directed by A. COLIN, late of the Engineer Corps, United States Navy and Professor at the Naval Academy. *Elementary class for boys.* Send for circulars.

BOARD AND PRIVATE INSTRUCTION in French and English branches for six young ladies, under sixteen years of age in a French Protestant family. Address Prof. HENRI LIOTARD, Stamford, Conn.

BORDENTOWN (N. J.) FEMALE COL LEGE.—Thorough instruction; healthful and beautiful location; one of the most carefully conducted and best sustained institutions in the State. For terms, &c., address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, Ph.D.

THE MISSES JACOT WILL REOPEN their School for young ladies of HARLEM, CARMANSVILLE and NORTH NEW-YORK, on TUESDAY, Sept. 17, at No. 23 WEST 127th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

MISS DU VERNET WILL REOPEN her school for boys under fifteen years of age, at No. 102 West 29th-st., one door from 6th-av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25. Miss Du Vernet will be assisted by competent masters in her senior class.

A LITTLE BOYS' SCHOOL AND HOME, No. 77 College-st., Hartford, Conn., Mrs. M. L. READ, Principal. References: Right Rev. Horatio Potter, D. D., LL. D., Rev. Abner Jackson, D. D., President of Trinity College, Hartford.

STAMMERING.—NEW-YORK STAMMERing Institute, established 1870, Profs. MANN and COLVIN managers, No. 107 West 23d-st. Good references furnished. No pay for board or services until cured.

PACKARD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, No. 805 Broadway, corner 11th-st., now open. Improved course of instruction. Students can enter at any time. Call or send for circulars.
S. S. PACKARD, Principal.

A CLASS OF FIFTEEN YOUNG GENTLEmen will be received and instructed in English, the classics, and modern languages by THOMAS R. ASH, No. 17 East 16th-st.

MISS F. S. PRIEST WILL REOPEN her school, 229 East 19th-st., MONDAY, Sept. 23.

LAW SCHOOLS.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL.
The fifteenth annual term of this institution will commence at No. 37 Lafayette-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 2, 1872, and will continue until May 14, 1873. By the laws of the State, graduates of the Law School are admitted to the Bar without further examination.
For catalogues and other information apply by letter to THEODORE W. DWIGHT, Professor, &c., No. 37 Lafayette-place, New-York.

TEACHERS.

A LITERARY GENTLEMAN OF position, sometime Professor in a small University, and First Honorman of Dublin, fits students for advanced collegiate standing, and instructs young teachers and literary aspirants; highest testimonials from, and references to, College Presidents and leading citizens. Address ADJUSTOR, Box No. 113 *Times* Office.

AN EXPERIENCED, SUCCESSFUL teacher desires an engagement for classics and higher English two hours daily; would receive one or two lads at his rooms to fit for college; highest references. Address SILEX, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

A GRADUATE OF YALE, WITH highest City reference, will receive private pupils. Preparation for college a specialty. Address YALE, Box No. 151 *Times* Office.

A GRADUATE OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE desires a position as private or school tutor; best City reference. Address T., *Times* Uptown Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

RESIDENT GOVERNESS.—A LADY wishes a re-engagement in the above capacity; her acquirements are English, French, music and drawing; the highest testimonials given from her former pupils. Address B. G., Box No. 169 *Times* Office.

PRIVATE TUITION.—A GENTLEMAN, highly successful by special method, desires private pupils, or to teach in family. Those willing to pay for efficient service, address B. D., 11 Cottage-place.

TEACHERS INTRODUCED.—SCHOOL officers and others can obtain accomplished teachers; pupils directed to schools; circulars and catalogues. AMERICAN EDUCATIONAL UNION, No. 737 Broadway.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—AN ENGLISH lady, a successful teacher; languages, music, drawing. Address EDUCATOR, Box 127 *Times* Office.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

BONNE D'ENFANTS.—UNE JEUNE fille Française, Protestante, nouvellement arrivée comme bonne d'enfants dans une famille privée S'addresse 54me Rue Est, No. 59.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, SEPT. 17, 1872.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

HENRY WILSON,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

"Gen. Grant never has been defeated, and he never will be."—HORACE GREELEY.

"While asserting the right of every Republican to his untrammeled choice of a candidate for next President until a nomination is made, I venture to suggest that Gen. Grant will be far better qualified for that momentous trust in 1872 than he was in 1868."—HORACE GREELEY *Speech on 5th January*, 1871.

Amusements This Evening.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.—AGNES—Miss Emily Mestayer, Miss Agnes Ethel, Mr. D. H. Harkins, Mr. Mark Smith.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.—DIAMONDS—Geo. Clarke. James Lewis, Miss Fanny Davenport.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—IXION—Miss Lydia Thompson, Mr. Harry Beckett.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—ROI CAROTTE—Mrs. John Wood and Mr. John Brougham.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—THE BELLS—Mr. James W Wallack and company.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—ONE WIFE—Miss Charlotte Thompson.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE AND CURIOSITIES—Afternoon and evening.

NO. 720 BROADWAY.—EMERSON'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS—Ben. Cotton, Emerson, Laura and others.

WHITE'S ATHENÆUM.—DRAMA, SONGS, FARCES, &c.—Mr. Charles White and company.

ST. JAMES THEATRE.—SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS—Birch, Wambold, Backus and others.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE.—VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.—ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY—Kelly, Leon, Bryant, Seymour, Reed.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.—SUMMER NIGHT CONCERT under direction of Theo. Thomas.

JAMES ROBINSON'S CIRCUS—EQUESTRIAN AND ATHLETIC FEATS—Robinson, Pastor and others.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE.—ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF ARTS, SCIENCE AND AGRICULTURE.

PUTNAM HALL.—CONCERT by the Swiss Bell-Players.

The New-York Times.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday edition	$12
The DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition	10
The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
The EUROPEAN EDITION, per annum, postage extra	3

SPECIAL RATES FOR THE WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES FOR 1872.

The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	$1 00
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	2 50

Subscriptions to either of our editions, except the Weekly, received for a less length of time than one year at the yearly rate.

The SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY mailed one year to clergymen at the lowest rates.

These prices are invariable. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post-office Money Orders if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter.

Terms, cash in advance.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.
New-York City.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The increase in the circulation of the NEW-YORK TIMES, *in less than three months, has been* **15,280** *on the daily, and* **70,200** *on the weekly paper. Advertisers will find in these papers the best possible means of communicating with the most respectable classes in the community.*

The Cincinnati *Commercial* asserts, and the *Tribune* copies the assertion, that though Gen. BANKS' brother was not removed, that in fact "the order for the removal of BANKS' brother was actually given on Monday morning of last week, as the subordinate to whom Collector ARTHUR gives instructions about said things can testify, but when it was found next day that the *Tribune* was going to make a fuss about it, it was withdrawn." We are authorized to say that this story is in form and fact what the *Tribune* would call a lie; that neither "on Monday morning of last week," nor at any other time, has an order been given to any one for the removal of Gen. BANKS' brother, nor has such a course ever been contemplated. Now give us another lie from the ever-ready falsehood-mill.

Not satisfied with abusing the wife and children of the President, the organs of the "Sage" are now taking a turn at his brothers-in-law. In this world it is generally considered enough for a man to be responsible for his own conduct—if we are all to be held responsible for our fathers-in-law or brothers-in-law a pretty time we shall have of it. The *Commercial Advertiser* puts the point very well to the editor of the *World*, who has a fancy for attacking other people's kinsfolk. One of the editors of the *World*, says the *Commercial*, has a habit of mistaking his friend's goods for his own, and pocketing them accordingly. Is, then, the chief editor of the *World* to be denounced as a receiver of stolen goods? This is the *argumentum ad hominem*, and it ought to be enough for the *World*.

From a notice in our advertising columns, it will be seen that a mass-meeting, under the auspices of the City Council of Political Reform, will be held in the Cooper Institute on the evening of Monday, 23d inst. The call is signed by WM. F. HAVEMEYER, JAMES M. HALSTEAD, GEORGE P. PUTNAM, and others, and the object of the meeting is to concentrate the work of all the local reform organizations into one grand effort to obtain for the City good municipal government, by making good nominations for the approaching election. It is unnecessary to point out the special necessity which at present exists for united and harmonious effort among all honest citizens, for the purpose of effecting radical and lasting reform in local affairs. The character of the Bench will, moreover, be greatly affected by the result of the November election, and the local Bar, as well as the public at large, have a vital interest in seeing that the important judicial offices falling vacant at the end of the year should be well filled. At a time when so many interests are apt to interfere with a thoroughly non-partisan effort to place our local affairs in honest and able keeping, an unusual degree of tact and circumspection is necessary in selecting candidates, and uniting all good citizens in that harmonious effort which alone can secure success. It would be matter for extreme regret to find various sections of Reformers running their own candidates for office. Such divided effort could only result to the profit of those corrupt elements in our local politics that are biding their time to clutch at power again. If this meeting can help to bring about a cordial union among Reformers of every class, with a view to a unanimous and sweeping vote on the right side, it will be one of the most important gatherings in the history of the City.

Is the word of a man who has been proved to have no sense of truth in his composition to be believed? Most people will say no. Now DANA, from whose paper the *Tribune* finds most of its materials for the canvass, has been over and over again shown to be a reckless slanderer. On Saturday a clear falsehood was brought home to him. He declared most solemnly that Secretary STANTON had made a certain statement to him. A letter from STANTON was produced directly contradicting that statement. One of these two men must have been guilty of an untruth—and we leave it to the public to decide whether the culprit was STANTON or DANA. Here is the case:

THE TRUTH.	THE LIE.
The merit [of the order] belongs wholly to Gen. Dix, and should be awarded to him.—*Stanton's Letter to Mr. Robert Bonner.*	The order was Stanton's—who "himself told us so."—*Charles A. Dana, after Stanton's Death.*

The Attacks Upon Gen. Hartranft.

The Greeley journalists are just now concentrating their calumnies on Gen. HARTRANFT, Republican candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania. Their object is plain. If they can defeat HARTRANFT in Pennsylvania, they can keep alive a spark of hope for November. To that end they are slandering with all their might. We regret to say they are aided by Ex-Senator BUCKALEW, Democratic candidate for Governor, who makes pretensions enough to be above such dirty work.

There is evidence in abundance that the charges against Gen. HARTRANFT are the fruit of a conspiracy between his political opponents and some of the sureties of the swindler EVANS, who endeavored to steal some three hundred thousand dollars from the State, and was pursued and exposed by HARTRANFT. Hon. THOMAS V. COOPER, member of the last Legislature of Pennsylvania, states that he was waited on by these persons during the Winter session, and asked to engage in a war on Gen. HARTRANFT's reputation, to be waged with the identical charges now produced. In this precious business the plotters had already enlisted the New-York *Tribune*, the New-York *Sun*, some Pennsylvania papers, and one PAYNE, proprietor of a bogus medical college in Philadelphia, and one of EVANS' sureties.

The charges concocted by this collection of professional libelers and professional swindlers are, so far as they have yet come to light, six in number, and they are every one of them absolutely false, and must have been known to be so to those who published them. We shall go over them one by one:

1. It is charged that Gen. HARTRANFT is the candidate of a Ring denominated the Cameron Ring.

In answer to this, it is publicly stated by District-Attorney SWOOPE, of Pittsburg, that he was at a caucus in CAMERON's room in Washington the week before the Pennsylvania State Convention, where it was decided that HARTRANFT's nomination must be prevented; and that CAMERON immediately went to Harrisburg for that purpose, but was unable to accomplish it, because of the numerous instructions given to delegates to vote for HARTRANFT. This statement is borne out by the fact that well-known Cameron counties instructed their delegates to vote against HARTRANFT, and other well-known Anti-Cameron counties instructed their delegates to vote for him. Does this look like a Cameron Ring naming HARTRANFT? The charge is absurd.

2. It is charged that Gen. HARTRANFT was interested with EVANS in his frauds on the Treasury.

Mark how plain a tale shall put that down. EVANS was agent for the State to collect claims against the United States. He retained ten per cent. of the amount, or some $300,000, and claimed it as "commissions." HARTRANFT demanded the money for the State, and EVANS refused it. HARTRANFT then appealed to the Governor, who had appointed EVANS. The Governor did nothing. HARTRANFT, in connection with the State Treasurer, then consulted his private counsel as to how the money could be recovered, and commenced a civil suit against EVANS. EVANS fled from the State. HARTRANFT and the Treasurer then commenced a criminal suit, on a charge of larceny as a trustee. EVANS was brought back and brought to trial, and by a variance in the proceeding, caused by HARTRANFT's lawyers being ill, EVANS was released, but the civil suit is still pending. Is this the way a man treats an accomplice in swindling? All these proceedings required the joint action of HARTRANFT and the State Treasurer. If HARTRANFT had simply done nothing, or contrived a technical disagreement with the Treasurer, EVANS would have been saved, and the case never could have got where full exposure was possible. That is what HARTRANFT would have done had he been dishonest. What he did do was the fearless act of an upright and faithful official.

3. But it is said Gen. HARTRANFT borrowed $7,000 of EVANS.

That transaction, when fully known, is no discredit to him. EVANS laid a trap for him. He urged the loan on HARTRANFT, and when the latter discovered EVANS' transactions with the Government's money, the loan was immediately paid with interest. EVANS endeavored to insinuate to him that the loan placed him under obligations. The answer was a check in full. This was the act of a man. It was not after the manner of DOOLITTLE, nor did it smack of the morals of FENTON It was simple honesty.

4. It is charged that he used the money of the State, deposited with one YERKES, a Philadelphia broker, to speculate in stocks with.

How could he? He had no more control over those funds than the man who reads this. They were subject to the direction of the Treasurer solely. The only proof of this charge is an affidavit alleged to be signed by the broker YERKES. But this affidavit is a forgery, and it is not surprising that it first makes its appearance in public in the hands of the conspirators who are assaulting HARTRANFT's character. HARTRANFT was concerned in a suit in bankruptcy to recover certain State funds in YERKES' hands. Would he have joined voluntarily in that suit, knowing it must bring to light all of YERKES' books, if he had been in danger of being compromised by their contents?

5. A similar charge is that he speculated with the bonds belonging to the sinking fund.

Mr. BUCKALEW, as Chairman of a Senate Committee, is responsible for a report that the bonds referred to are not negotiable. Gen. HARTRANFT is an able man, but we do not believe he could speculate in unnegotiable bonds. Moreover, he has not and has never had the custody of the bonds.

6. The last charge, and the one the organ of Mr. GREELEY is at most pains to harp on, is that HARTRANFT did not collect certain taxes on railroad freights, the inference being that he was bribed.

If he did not collect these taxes it was not his fault. He tried to collect them, and the railroad companies took the case into Court. The first decision was that the law, under which the taxes were levied, was unconstitutional. The Legislature then repealed the law. The only taxes that could be collected, therefore, were the back taxes levied while the law was in force. The suit to get these was carried into the Supreme Court of the State, and from there to the Supreme Court of the United States, where it is in suspense.

These are all the calumnies up to date. Doubtless now that these are beaten down, others will be produced from the same factory. If they are not more substantial than these, it won't be worth while to grind them out. They *could not* be more malignant, more cruel, or manufactured by baser men for baser uses.

Hon. BENJ. H. BREWSTER, late Attorney-General of Pennsylvania, and a man whose honor not even his political opponents have ever sought to discredit, gives his opinion of Gen. HARTRANFT thus:

"I was in constant intercourse with this gentleman, and never once—never once—did I see him walk one hair's breadth out of the right line of official or personal integrity. I say to you, upon my faith as a gentleman—*never once*."

Pennsylvania will speak in the same sense in October.

A "Defense" of the Police Commissioners.

The *Tribune* puts out a feeble but extraordinary defense of the Police Commissioners, for their course in assigning election officers to places where they are entire strangers, so that they cannot tell whether an applicant for registration is a life-long resident or a repeater. It says:

"The Commissioners claim the right, under the law, to assign the appointees to such polling-places as they may deem proper, and have adopted, as a general rule, the assignment of inspectors to polling-places in districts where they do not reside. This, they contend, will contribute toward securing a fair canvass by preventing preconcerted collusion on the part of inspectors of either or both parties, and secure a trustworthy class of election officers for the lower wards."

We have admitted that the course is not against the letter of the law. It is rather extraordinary, however, for the Police Commissioners to say that they are appointing election officers whom they are afraid to trust, and whom they have to send away from home for fear they will conspire with their neighbors to commit frauds. We should think that that kind of men had better not be appointed at all. But the excuse is absurd. Many of the men who are being thus assigned to distant parts of the City are among our first citizens, men whom no one will dare to insinuate will commit a fraud. Nor is the other excuse any better, that the course is pursued to secure good officers in the lower Wards, for in most of the cases which have come to our notice, the assignment has not been to one of the lower Wards. In one case we find a most respectable citizen of the Ninth Ward, who knows every voter in his district, sent to the Twenty-second Ward, where he knows no one. The truth is that the whole proceeding is a trick to aid fraud and to cripple the Republicans. If those appointed accept their places, and go to parts of the City where they are of no earthly use, their services will be lost to the party in the district where they reside, and about a thousand Republicans will be deprived of an opportunity to vote. If they do not accept, then MANIERRE will appoint others whom he calls Republicans, who will do his dirty work and wink at frauds. To be prepared for this emergency, he has called upon each Police Captain to "scoop up" fifty names of persons who shall claim to be Republicans from whom to make the appointments. The conclusive answer to all excuses is that so far as we can learn, in no single case has a Democrat been sent out of his district.

We give fair warning that the plan will not work. We *must* have a fair election. The Republican Party will neither be cheated nor crippled. They will not be deceived by the fine words of any Police Commissioner, Republican or Democrat, and if the course adopted is persevered in, the one thing they will demand of the next Legislature is the instant removal of the Commissioners. We learn that we were right in holding MANIERRE responsible for this outrageous course. He went to the meeting of the Police Commissioners, announced that he was for DIX, and there being no other Commissioner present who was so, claimed the absolute right under the law to name the Republican officers, and it had to be allowed.

Abuse of the Republican Candidate for Governor.

We believe it may be safely said that the history of party controversy furnishes no parallel to the coarse abuse heaped upon Gen. DIX by the Greeleyites, and especially by their Democratic coadjutors. The most malignant of the journals engaged in this work of vulgar contumely are the Albany *Argus*, the organ of the Democratic Party of the State, and the Utica *Observer*, the representative of Mr. KERNAN, Gen. DIX's competitor for the Gubernatorial chair.

The motives for these ebullitions of malignant hostility are, no doubt, Gen. DIX's fidelity to the Government during the rebellion, and his agency, as a member of the Committee of Seventy in exposing the gang of plunderers with whom the *Argus* and the *Observer* are affiliated—the Tweeds, the Sweenys, the Halls and the Hoffmans.

The following are specimens of the personal vulgarity with which Gen. DIX is assailed by the *Argus*:

"The reappearance of Gen. DIX in politics, under the auspices of THURLOW WEED, is an ill-odored close of a long life. The candle goes out with a brief glare of light, a smoke, and a stench."

"DIX is to catch Democratic votes!—as if you could bait a trap with such old moldy cheese as that."

Not satisfied with its own grossness, it copies into its columns the congenial vulgarity of other journals. The following, from the Chicago *Tribune*, is an example:

"And this old moral-coward Major-General of poppy-cock phrases," &c.

The *Argus*, edited by EDWIN CROSWELL as the representative of the Albany Regency, of which Gen. DIX was a member in association with SILAS WRIGHT, A. C. FLAGG and WILLIAM L. MARCY, was a high-minded journal, directed by men of ability, gentlemanly instincts, and acknowledged integrity. It fought the battles of the Democracy boldly, with manly frankness, sometimes, perhaps, in the heat of party controversy, with undue severity toward their political adversaries, but never with coarseness or personal abuse. Those who controlled it had too much respect for themselves, and too much regard for the character of their party, thus to degrade it. It has fallen into the hands of men now whose chief instruments of warfare are abuse and defamation, weapons which are true exponents of the coarseness of their own natures.

Mr. KERNAN's organ, with less indecency than the *Argus*, surpasses it in the kindred work of defamation. Its sketch of Gen. DIX is false from beginning to end. One misrepresentation only we deem it of sufficient consequence to repel. It says:

"Gen. DIX accepted, as the price of his flattery, a service of silver from the Emperor, valued at seven thousand dollars. When he dines and wines the famous Committee of Seventy, he exhibits this gift with snobbish pride," &c., &c.

This whole statement is false. Gen. DIX never accepted a service of silver from the Emperor. After he had taken his leave of the Government of France and had left for England, preparatory to his embarkation for the United States, the Emperor sent him a pair of vases as specimens of the manufacture of Sèvres, which, as a private citizen he was at perfect liberty to accept, and which it would have been ungracious and boorish to have refused.

We greatly mistake the fairness and the right feeling of the people of this State, if the indecent and calumnious assaults of these journals on an eminent citizen, who has served the country ably and faithfully, are not rebuked at the November election by an augmented vote.

Kidnappers of the South Pacific.

A British man-of-war seems to have succeeded at last in taking a number of vessels, the crews of which have been engaged for a considerable time in kidnapping the natives of the Navigators, and other islands of the Polynesian group. About nine months ago, the first news of the outrages perpetrated by these scoundrels was brought to us by an American traveler, who has visited most of the islands in the South Pacific. According to his statement, the natives are captured by the most horrible devices. In the dead of night, the kidnappers leave their ships in squads of from thirty to forty, armed with rifles, swords and pistols, and having gained the shore, proceed cautiously to the huts of their intended victims. At a given signal from the leaders, brands are placed simultaneously upon the roofs, which, being constructed of the light wood of the bread-tree, take fire easily. The inmates start from their slumbers, and rush into the open air in such a state of alarm that the work of seizing and handcuffing them can be accomplished without much difficulty. Those who are not wholly prostrated by fear, sometimes make a show of resistance, which usually ends in the breaking of their skulls with clubs or gun-stocks. The women are driven to the boats like so many sheep, and are treated in a shocking manner when they reach the vessels of their captors.

The foregoing information having come in a few months after the massacre of the white residents of Tanna, was all the more interesting, showing as it did that the natives had been driven to extremes by the cruelties practiced upon them. Among the whites who lost their lives in this way was a well-known Englishman, and it was because of his death that the British Government ordered their men-of-war to cruise in the South Pacific. During the past three or four years, the kidnappers have been enabled to pursue their calling without fear of arrest. The islanders seized by them have been conveyed, for the most part, to Queensland, where they have been *apprenticed*, as are the coolies in Cuba, and compelled to labor on plantations. The cotton planters of Fiji and Tahiti have also received a share of the captives, on terms similarly cruel.

The visitors to the islands in the South Pacific down to 1868 have been unanimous in praising the kindness, generosity and hospitality of the natives, who have always shown a disposition to give more than double the value of articles exchanged with trading ships. Since the kidnappers commenced operations, they have found it necessary to be constantly on the alert for the enemy. White men are all considered bad, and the consequence is that they have frequently been murdered in cold blood. The missionaries, with their wives and children, have been the real sufferers through the action of the kidnappers. Many of them have been unable to save their lives from the vengeance of the natives, most of whom are apt to date their misfortunes from the day of their entry into the Christian Church. In short, the efforts of years have been destroyed, and, from present appearances, the confidence formerly reposed in the white teachers by the islanders is not likely to be soon restored.

It is to be regretted that the British Government did not send men-of-war to drive off the kidnappers before they succeeded in doing so much injury. However, now that the chase after them has been begun in good earnest, it is to be hoped that there may be no relaxation until they have all been either hung or sentenced to long periods of imprisonment.

The Greeleyite Slanderers.

The supporters of GREELEY increase in impudence, if not in wisdom. They spend about twelve hours in every twenty-four hatching slanders, but as they have been seized by the collar and well shaken a good many times, they have now hit upon a new dodge. It is to declare that the refutation of any of their libels "won't do." Thus DANA, of the *Sun*, has invented some cock-and-bull story about Mr. DAWES, Speaker BLAINE, Senator WILSON, and other gentlemen of the highest character, having been bribed to support the Credit Mobilier project by a free gift of shares. Instantly this lie—for it is a mere lie from beginning to end—was taken up by GREELEY'S successor at the *Tribune* office. This parasite of DANA's is so far worse than DANA, inasmuch that he goes about lecturing on the decencies of journalism, while being himself a professional defamer. The *Tribune*, under his "management," is chiefly a dredging-machine for the mud mixed by the *Sun*.

Well, this Oakes-Ames stuff has been denied by Speaker BLAINE, Senator WILSON, Gen. GARFIELD and Mr. DAWES. In our opinion, a denial was totally unnecessary, for surely the personal character of the four gentlemen we have named stands very much higher in the community than the characters of CHARLES A. DANA or GREELEY'S "managing editor"—both of whom are slanderers by trade. Is the word of every disreputable Bohemian to be deemed sufficient to blacken the characters of men who have been many years in public life, and whose reputations are without a stain? This particular accusation imputed the basest misconduct and breach of honor to men who are well known to be pure. And who were the accusers? Two habitual libelers—DANA and GREELEY'S managing editor.

As we have said, the charges have been met in this manner:

"WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Senator WILSON arrived here this morning, and will leave to-morrow for Pittsburg, to attend the Soldiers' Convention. His attention having been called to the story that he had received a number of shares in the Credit Mobilier, he authorized a full and absolute denial of the entire charge in each and every particular. From neither OAKES AMES, nor any other person, did he obtain the slightest interest in that enterprise, and the allegation that he did is absolutely and unqualifiedly false. He desires the fullest and most complete contradiction of the entire allegation as without the slightest foundation in fact; and he asserts further, that he has never owned a bond or a share of stock in the Union Pacific Railroad Company, or in any other railroad or corporation that has been before Congress during all the years in which he has been a Senator."

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Sept. 11, 1872.

MY DEAR ROGERS: I thank you for denouncing as a false libel the charge of the New-York *Sun*, so far as I am concerned. Neither OAKES AMES, nor any other man, dead or alive, ever gave me, directly or indirectly, a penny of the stock of the "Credit Mobilier," or of any other corporation in this world. I never owned a dollar of any stock or any property of any kind that I did not pay the full value of, with my own money, earned with my own labor.

Truly yours, H. L. DAWES.

These are specimens of the denials. We should hope that the common sense of most men in the country would render these denials wholly superfluous—but there they are. And now what do the slanderers say? They have the ineffable impudence to cry out that these contradictions are not enough. "Gentlemen!" says GREELEY's hack, with a weak imitation of his master's style, (the ass in the lion's skin with a vengeance!) "Gentlemen! this will not do." The word of DAWES, WILSON, GARFIELD and BLAINE is not to be taken against the evidence of DANA and his equally unscrupulous confederate. The accused persons must demand an investigation, says the latter. Was there ever such insolence? A vagabond accuses an eminent public man of being a thief, his charge is disproved, and then the vagabond coolly says that the accused must demand a trial or he cannot be vindicated. Certainly the trade of slander is being brought to a pretty pitch under the management of these Greeleyites.

The public will observe this—the Greeley faction has no principles and no party. It has nothing but slander to trade upon. See how many of its inventions we have disposed of during the last few months. The Murphy cottage story is one of them—conclusively answered, and yet it was coolly repeated in yesterday's *Tribune*. Can it be possible that any portion of the public believe the calumnies invented by DANA and his Bohemian friends? May we not confidently depend upon the sense of justice of our people to refuse to accept the slanders leveled at our best public men by GREELEY'S unscrupulous rowdies and hacks?

MINOR TOPICS.

No one who wishes to get at the real significance of this canvass, should neglect to read the powerful speech of Judge STALLO, delivered at St. Louis last evening. Judge STALLO was one of the earliest and most earnest in the original Cincinnati movement. After giving a striking account of the betrayal and perversion of that movement, he says:

"Democracy has been stripped of all principle; Republicanism has been voided of all moral sense, and material has thus been gained for the organization of a party which now claims the right to bear aloft the standard of political reform! Is it to be wondered at that the worst men of both parties at once, as if by magic, rose to prominence in this new organization; that the Ben. Woods appear as the Vice-Presidents of the Greeley ratification meetings, and the John Cochranes as the diplomatic agents of the 'reform' nominee for the Presidency at the Greeley Conventions?"

The pleasure with which people learned that a ruffian named WELLINGTON had been shot in a drunken brawl in a concert-saloon in Broadway, the other night, was marred by the fact that Mr. WILLIAM VARLEY, otherwise known as "Reddy the Blacksmith," who was the companion of the wounded man, escaped without injury. It is saddening to reflect how often Mr. VARLEY has been in danger of his life and has not been injured. His friends—less villainous and less dangerous brutes—have frequently been stabbed and shot, but "Reddy" seems to bear a charmed life. It was merely the bad fortune of the shooter of WELLINGTON that his bullet struck the latter scoundrel and not "Reddy," his comrade, for when he discharged his pistol he aimed at WELLINGTON, not by choice, but merely because he happened to be the nearest available mark. Let us hope that he will have better luck next time, and that instead of throwing away bullets upon minor ruffians, he will earn the gratitude of the community by ridding it of "Reddy."

There is a general revolt against the tyranny of DODD'S Transfer Company, and there is good reason to hope that when loss of custom and sharp reproof shall have brought DODD and his kind to their senses, we shall see a reform in their method of conducting their business. While DODD is thus meeting with his deserts, it is proper that the misdeeds of other persons connected with the express business should be denounced. There are certain railroad and steamboat lines, the servants of which make it a regular practice to steal trunk straps. A new and serviceable strap is almost certain to disappear in the course of a journey, while baggage-masters and express agents on lines where these "accidents" occur, are always provided with a large supply of straps which they are anxious to sell. An example must be made of some of these fellows, or it will no longer be worth while to secure trunks with straps that are certain to be stolen.

The vitality of lies is something astounding. There is the current fiction known as the "Connecticut Blue laws." These so-called laws are purely fictitious. They were written and published as a satire on the people of Connecticut, and were absolutely without any other foundation than the brain of the practical joker who drew them up. The fact that they never were enacted, and never were meant to be, has been proved scores and scores of times, and yet a week seldom passes without some allusion to them by men who either believe, or affect to believe, them genuine. No longer ago than Sunday last, a Catholic clergymen of this City preached a sermon in which he quoted from these Blue laws to prove the intolerance of the early settlers of Connecticut. Doubtless he believes them to be a part of the Connecticut statute book. He might better have quoted *Knickerbocker's New-York* as a veracious history, since the latter does contain a little truth, while the "Blue laws" are fictitious from beginning to end.

We trust the American Health Association will prove worthy of its title, and of the formidable list of Committees to which the leading subjects which it undertakes to investigate have been referred. There is a vast unoccupied field awaiting the action of such a society, and the many eminent names which appear among its members must secure, under a proper organization, the obtaining of some very valuable results. Sanitary science, considered either in its statistical or other aspects, is but in its infancy among us, and there is certainly nothing more systematically neglected in our great cities than the most rudimentary and obvious of sanitary laws. We hope that the Association will direct its attention to the educating of public sentiment as well as to the furnishing of scientific data.

AMUSEMENTS.

Musical.

THE FIRST MARIO-PATTI CONCERT.

New-York has again heard Mario and Carlotta-Patti, and our concert season of 1871-2 has opened with uncommon brilliancy. All of Mr. Strakosch's excellent arrangements were carried out last night with taste and discretion, and a remarkable assemblage of connoisseurs, and the general public testified their delight with a concert embracing memorable features of attraction. Mlle. Carlotta Patti, to whose advance in breadth of style and sympathetic development we shall bear cordial witness, will forgive us for speaking first of an artist, who, styled by some contemporaries a "veteran," proved at Steinway Hall last night how much he retains of youthful passion and buoyancy, and how much he has added to them of that finish and elegance attainable only by singers of the first rank who have enjoyed the widest experience.

Somebody very properly said the other day that, in an age which brought forth Von Moltkes and Palmerstons, it is silly as well as brutal to speak of advanced years as a disqualification for public functions, or, in general, for intellectual achievement. The rebuke, called forth by an ill-mannered slur on Gen. Dix, was timely and well deserved. Irreverence for age is said to be a national characteristic, and apart from the fact that average longevity is on the increase, it is wise to reflect now and then, how far that irreverence, joined by other follies, actually disqualifies youth for work which youth assumes to be impracticable for age. At all events, when, in our own immediate community, we see such men as Mr. Bryant and Commodore Vanderbilt, filling their very different but highly exacting spheres not only with unabated activity, but with a wisdom and precision unsurpassed by them in earlier days, it is becoming to admit that sagacity is not confined to the young, and that the red men, our predecessors, were not so far wrong when they did honor to gray hairs, and put those who wore them highest at the council board.

It is plain that what may be true here as regards politics or philosophy must be only partly true of art—of art, that is, which demands physical effort for its expression. And yet it is a grave question whether an artist like Signor Mario—who, we need scarcely say, is much younger than either of the distinguished men we have named—may not teach more, and even give a loftier and more refined pleasure in what is called the decadence of his powers, than he ever did before. Of course his voice has lost the splendid vigor, the passionate warmth, the glorious fullness and evenness of tone that distinguished it a generation ago. We do not now hear what Paris heard with amazement and admiration in 1838, when Meyerbeer's opera was graced by his *Robert*, and the "Toi que j'aime" found echo over half Europe. But it is a question whether the mellowed taste, the exquisite appreciation of means and ends, the thoroughness and grace of a perfected school, do not more than make amends to cultivated ears for the mere bodily superiority that went before. It seemed to us that the audience of last night, despite the comparative disappointment of Signor Mario's first essay, thought so. That Steinway Hall was crowded might have been expected. Early as it is in the season, the attractions Mr. Strakosch has heaped together, and the public confidence in his taste and good will, assured no less. And that Signor Mario should be cordially and even enthusiastically welcomed it needed no prophet to foretell. It was the manner, however, in which the great tenor's work for the night was, on the whole, listened to and received that suggests the idea we have expressed, and which, otherwise conveyed, is that a New-York audience did itself last night the honor to find so much in Signor Mario to admire, if it did not in truth find more in him to admire than ever. The following is the advertised programme of the evening:

PART I.

1. Overture, "William Tell" .... Rossini — ORCHESTRA.
2. Duet, from "L'Italiana in Algeria" .... Rossini — Miss CARY and Signor RONCONI.
3. Piano Solo, "Concerto in G Minor" ... Mendelssohn — Mlle. TERESA CARRENO. With Orchestral Accompaniment.
4. Rondo, "Ardon gl'incensi, from "Lucia di Lammermoor" .... Donizetti — Mlle. CARLOTTA PATTI. With Flute Obligato.
5. Violin Solo, "Fantasie on Hungarian Airs" .. Ernst — Mons. SAURET.
6. Quintetto, from "Un Ballo in Maschera, E scherzo od è follia" .... Verdi — Mlles. CARLOTTA PATTI, CARY Signor MARIO, Signor RONCONI and M. G. GOTTSCHALK.

PART II.

1. Polka, "Pizzicato .... Strauss — ORCHESTRA.
2. Aria, "La Calunnia, from "Il Barbiere di Seviglia" .... Rossini — Signor RONCONI.
3. Romanza, "Spirto Gentil," from "La Favorita" .... Donizetti — Signor MARIO.
4. Variations di Bravoura .... Proch — Mlle. CARLOTTA PATTI.
5. Romanza, from "Mignon" .... Thomas — Miss ANNIE LOUISE CARY.
6. Piano-Solo, Grand Fantasie on Themes from Gounod's "Faust" .... Liszt — Mlle. TERESA CARRENO.
7. Quartette, from "Martha" .... Flotow — Mlles. CARLOTTA PATTI and CARY, Signori MARIO and RONCONI.
8. March .... Strauss — ORCHESTRA.

It must be owned that Signor Mario was by no means himself, vocally speaking, in the quintet from "Il Ballo." He seemed to be laboring under nervousness, and the sudden cold of the past day or two undoubtedly troubled his throat. In "Spirto Gentil," however, he fairly captivated his audience, and showed unmistakably what is yet to be expected of him when in good form. Mlle. Patti was greeted with lively enthusiasm, and quite loaded down with flowers. In response to the unappeasable demands of the audience, she sang a popular Scotch ballad after her opening "Ardon gl'incensi," and renewed her triumph with similar effect in the selection from Proch that followed. We scarcely think Mlle. Patti was at her best, however, and look to see her still better hereafter. Miss Cary and Signor Ronconi—how oddly it must strike the famous buffo to be once more singing on these Western shores with his old artistic companion!—gratified their public, and Mlle. Teresa Carreno, of whose playing we shall try to speak more in detail at an early day, provoked genuine enthusiasm. Not less should be said of the young violinist, M. Sauret, who bids fair to become a great artist. The orchestra of the occasion was firm, even, and well balanced, and, in short, nothing was wanting that could be expected to give the charm of completeness to the evening. The next concert is advertised for Wednesday, when a programme of still greater brilliancy is looked for. We congratulate Mr. Strakosch upon the signal success of his initial effort in an arduous and creditable undertaking, and trust the prosperity of this occasion will attend him throughout his season.

Abandoning Greeley.

The Des Moines (Iowa) *Register*, of Friday last, contains the subjoined extract from a letter lately received by a young man residing in that city from his father, who is a resident of Delaware County, in this State: * * * "Regarding the opposite views which we have entertained upon the political issues of the campaign, I am most happy to confess that they are at an end. I have been a Liberal Republican, but it has been but a trance condition into which the mesmeric influences of the *Tribune* had placed me. I hope you will take into consideration all the circumstances by which we Republicans here were surrounded. We had taken the *Tribune* for years, and had come to look upon it as the organ of the Republican Party, and, when slowly and smoothly, it began to pave the way for a departure, we followed, fully believing that a change in the Administration was desirable. I do not think that the *Tribune* alone could have led so many but for the fact that several of our ex-legislators and Congressmen were loud in their demonstrations favoring the Cincinnati movement, and still louder in their denunciations of the Administration. As these had been men of influence, we were inclined to listen to their seemingly plausible arguments. It was charged that they were soreheads, and I must acknowledge that we were aware of the fact that many of them had been disappointed. But when they protested that they were totally disinterested in the distribution of public positions and declared they would not accept any position, but that they were working solely for the benefit of the country, we gave them the credit of earnestness and sincerity. After the Baltimore indorsement the country was flooded with speakers, and there was an apparent wonderful enthusiasm, we really began to think that the people had arisen, and that the swell of patriotism would sweep the country. But we have changed our minds. We see plainly that Greeley has attempted to betray us, and that the Democracy are insincere, that they have not become Republicans, but that they are, only through the perfidy and over-vaulting ambition of Greeley, seeking to purchase power by a hypocritical pretension of having abandoned their old principles. Since you sent me the NEW-YORK TIMES I have gotten up a club of fifty for it, mostly where the *Tribune* was taken. The coalition meetings which were so largely attended by both parties at first have dwindled to less than half, nearly all the Republicans have forsaken them and many of the Democrats declare they will not sell out to Greeley. The straight Republicans which it seemed at first would be swallowed up are now fully organized, nearly all the Liberals have returned to their allegiance, and now we far outnumber the Greeleyites, and feel much more at home. Since I received your last letter, there has been a Convention, and those politicians who were so earnest for the liberties of the country when they first attempted to lead us have nearly all quarreled for office, the rank and file have all deserted them, and with the little assistance they can get from the Democracy they will be elected to remain at home. There has been a vast reaction all over the country, and we shall carry it by our usual majority. I laughed when you wrote that Grant would carry the State, but I am confident of it now."

Not a "Personal Paper."

The *Pennsylvania Monthly*, an excellent magazine of Philadelphia, doubtless well known to many of our readers, makes the following very just remarks concerning the New-York *Nation*:

"The current political campaign bids fair to prove the most intensely personal in our annals, with the possible exception of 1832. The two candidates are both so well known, and one of them has spent so many years in the freest expression of his views about persons and principles, and the old party lines of division have been so broken up by recent movements, that the fullest facility is given to the men of small calibre and of waspish disposition, who abound in all quarters of our politics. We fear that we must class the *Nation* among the very worst of these offenders. The friends of that weekly looked to it for the beginning of a great revolution in the newspaper world in this very respect, but the animus it displays, at present, is of the worst. We gather from all its expressions, paragraph and article alike, that while it almost despises one candidate, it hates the other most fervently. When the *Nation* was started, it was spoken of as likely to occupy the place held by the *Spectator* in England, but it has really come to occupy just the opposite one. The *Spectator* is the great anti-cynical organ—the paper that tries to discern good everywhere, in friend and opponent alike. Hence the exceeding weight and force of its denunciations, when it does denounce, which is not often. The *Nation* is studiously destroying its moral weight by every successive issue. It actually looks upon the present struggle with less fairness, and less of the insight that is born of fairness, than does the New-York *Herald*. It may soon take for its motto the explosion of the old grammarian of Renaissance times: 'May God confound your theory of the irregular verb!'"

The Mississippi Congressmen.

The Republicans of Mississippi have now completed their nominations for Congress. The list of names is as follows: First District, R. W. Flournoy; Second District, A. R. Howe; Third District, H. W. Barry; Fourth District, Jason Niles; Fifth District, Geo. C. McKee; Sixth District, John R. Lynch. Messrs. Barry and McKee are members of the present Congress.

PROSECUTION OF THE RING.

Conference of Counsel—Watson's Memorandum-Book—A Secret History of the Ring.

Much interest has been manifested lately in this City as to whether the civil suits and criminal prosecution of the Ring thieves was to be pushed further or abandoned. An inquiry was instituted yesterday, and it was ascertained at the office of Attorney-General Barlow that a conference of counsel engaged in the prosecution of our Municipal offenders had been arranged by Mr. Barlow about two weeks ago, to take place in Albany. Mr. Barlow, it was stated by his law-partner, was now on a vacation. Inquiring at the office of Mr. Wheeler H. Peckham, Mr. Stoutenburgh stated that Mr. Peckham had just left the City for Albany to confer upon this subject with Messrs. Tremain and Barlow. The prosecution would undoubtedly, he said, be pushed vigorously, and there was much hope that the criminals would be eventually punished. Mr. Charles O'Conor frequently consulted with the counsel for the prosecution, and had apparently not abated a jot of interest in the proceedings instituted.

The truth of the story now going the rounds of the papers, that a memorandum-book belonging to the late County Auditor Watson, containing facts not hitherto divulged, had been found, and was now deposited with a Broadway Safe Deposit Company, was also inquired into. The story was very generally discredited, and a long search failed to elicit any reliable information as to the existence of this important book. One of the most intimate friends of Ex-Controller Connolly, and one who would be the most likely to know whether evidence of this nature existed, disclaims all knowledge of the book. He was inclined to treat the story as a fiction. Other friends of Connolly expressed the same views.

Vague rumors of written disclosures left by Watson have been floating around the City since his death, and have more than once afforded food for sensational writers.

The peculiar circumstances attending the death of this agent of the Ring have given credence to these stories. It will be remembered that when thrown from his sleigh by its collision with another on the corner of One Hundred and Thirtieth-street and Eighth-avenue, he was struck in the forehead and lingered on insensible for many hours, until his death at 5 o'clock P. M., Jan. 30, the day of the accident.

The news of the catastrophe was soon carried to the Ring, and the dying man was immediately surrounded by its members and followers. County Clerk Charles E. Loew and Police Justice McQuade were the principal watchers at his bedside. Watson's house was taken possession of by these interested friends, and no one was allowed to approach the dying man's couch but creatures of the swindlers. They ate, slept and drank in his house until his death, and George W. Roome, keeper of the City Hall, was appointed a sentry at the door. Charley Loew was the person selected to watch by the man who held such damaging secrets until the breath had left his body. Whatever Watson said (if anything) at that time is believed to be locked in Loew's bosom, and if any evidence was left behind, it is believed that nobody but Loew knows the whereabouts of it.

It is a favorite saying among the followers of the Ring, that "Jim Watson and Connolly were the only guilty men in the Ring frauds, and that Boss Tweed, Sweeny and Hall are innocent; that they only seem guilty by implication with Watson." From the disclosures published and subsequent proof brought forward, nobody not formerly connected with the Ring but are convinced that Watson was simply the tool of his masters. Loew, who was said to be unpopular with Watson before his death, was made the administrator of his estate, and Watson's family are known to be now without the possession of any such an amount of wealth as was credited to the deceased when living. A mysterious personage, nearly a year ago, professed to have in his or her possession memoranda which purported to be a collection of facts damaging to the Ring and many who had business with it. The evidence thus offered was not taken up by any one at the time, and its value is unknown at present. One thing is certain, and that is, that the materials for a secret history of the Ring, never published, exist, and would reveal many romantic and scandalous phases, which would be read with great interest. The history referred to is not, however, contained in an ante-mortem exposure of Watson.

A Delegation of Tax-Payers Calling on Controller Green—The Office of Tax Commissioner.

A delegation from the House-owners' Association of the Tenth, Eleventh and Seventh Wards, consisting of Ferdinand Froud, Chairman, George Steinbecker, Henry Bauer and Lawrence Kerchof, waited upon Controller Green, yesterday, and presented a memorial requesting the appointment of another Tax Commissioner in addition to those already in office. The memorial set forth that there was a great inequality in the taxation of property, favorable to the influential citizens, and suggested that the appointment of an honest, competent man to the Tax office might remedy the existing evils. Controller Green, in reply to the delegation, stated it was not his purpose to saddle the City Treasury with an additional salary of $10,000 a year for a Commissioner, unless it was necessary to the welfare of the citizens generally. He considered the salaries of officials in the Tax office, as well as every other Department of the City Government, as exorbitant, and he trusted that the next Legislature would remedy this grievance as well as some others which still existed. He would not make any political appointments, and would place men in position only who performed proper service for the money received. He was desirous to meet the wishes of the delegation, and if he could find the proper person for the office, he would not hesitate to appoint him. In the meantime, he would give the matter his consideration. The delegation then withdrew.

Probable Homicide at Elizabeth, N. J.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock Sunday morning, John Fagen, Chauncey Clum, Edward Connolly, Peter McGurgan, Adam Cumming and Patrick Kinnary entered Thomas Lane's saloon, corner of Second-avenue and High-street, Elizabeth, and called for drinks. A row ensued. Fagen applied an opprobrious epithet to McGurgan and knocked the glass out of his hand, at the same time striking him in the face. McGurgan picked up his glass and threw it at his assailant, but striking the proprietor, Lane, in the head. Lane then put the crowd out and closed the saloon. McGurgan started to go home. Fagen attempted to follow him, but was restrained by Clum and Connolly. In the struggle with Fagen, all three of the men fell on the sidewalk, and rolled therefrom into the gutter. Fagen freed himself from the grasp of his companions, and running into the middle of the street, drew a revolver. Connolly ran to the doorway of the saloon, and tried to get inside. Clum remained standing on the sidewalk. Fagen looked around a moment to ascertain their whereabouts, and when he discovered Connolly he presented the pistol and fired, the ball taking effect in Connolly's hip. He then turned to Clum, and saying, "Here, Clum, is one for you," shot him in the abdomen.

Clum's ante-mortem examination was taken yesterday morning. He is not likely to survive. Connolly's injuries are not serious. Fagen made no attempt to escape. He was arrested by Officer Duprez, and taken before Justice Ropes, who committed him to await the result of Clum's injuries. The prisoner is foreman of Engine Company No. 3 at Elizabeth.

Masonic.

The Supreme Council of Thirty-third Degree of Masons, A. and A. Rite, for the Northern Jurisdiction of the United States, will meet this morning at 10 o'clock at Kane Lodge Rooms, No. 694 Broadway, and continue in session four days; delegates will be present from all the States of the Union. To-morrow evening (Wednesday) the twenty-fourth degree (Prince of the Tabernacle) will be worked in form at Irving Hall by Aurora Grata Consistory of this City, Chas. T. McClenachan, Sovereign Commander. A very pleasing entertainment, consisting of music, &c., with an address by Edward E. Thorne, Deputy Grand Master of Freemasons of this State, was given last evening at the rooms of Concord Lodge No. 50, E. B. McIntosh, Master, at the corner of Bleecker and Morton streets. The gathering was the first of a series preparatory to the grand Masonic Fair which is to be held this Winter in aid of the Hall and Asylum Fund.

The Book Trade-Sales—Fifth Day.

There was a large attendance, yesterday and last evening, at the auction rooms of George A. Leavitt & Co., and had any others but those in the trade been allowed to buy, the book-lover might have secured many a bargain. Except the invoice of Scribner, Welford & Armstrong, of this City, the books disposed of were all imported, embracing the catalogues of Henry G. Bohn, of London, and Henry Sotheran & Co., Strand, London. The bidding was spirited, but some of the prices were very low. Schelleu's "Spectrum Analysis," one volume, 8vo, cloth extra, with colored plates, was sold for $4 75; Bauer's "Genera of Ferns," one imperial folio volume, half morocco, with elegant colored plates, sold for $22; the "Book of British Ballads," imperial 8vo, profusely illustrated, for $4; Brockedon's "Passes of the Alps," two volumes, quarto, half morocco, with 109 engravings, for $10 50 per volume; Carter's "Ancient Architecture of England," royal folio, half morocco, with 103 engravings, for $10 50; and Coesvalt's "Picture Gallery," royal quarto, half morocco, with ninety plates, for $10 50. Of Sotheran & Co.'s large and valuable consignment, Bede's Miscellaneous Works, in the original Latin, accompanied by a new translation of his historical works, with life, six volumes, half antique calf, sold for $2 a volume; Butler's Analogy, elegantly printed in cloth, sold for $1 25; the British Ballads, edited by S. C. Hall, a handsome edition, elegantly illustrated on every page, morocco extra, sold very cheaply at $8; a handsomely illustrated edition of Beranger's songs sold for $5; a Bible and Apocrapha, in the earliest English versions from the Latin vulgate, by John Wyckliffe and his followers, edited by Rev. J. Forshall and Sir Frederick Madden, with notes, four large volumes, sold for $6 a volume; the editors of this work spent twenty-two years of hard labor in collating it; a handsome French edition of Beranger's complete works, in five volumes, sold for $1 each; Bacon's entire works, in Latin and English, seven volumes, calf gilt, was knocked down at $3 a volume; Chorley's Modern German Music, in two volumes, $1 12 each; Caxton's Statutes, the statutes of Henry VII., reproduced in fac-simile from the very rare original, Bound Roxburgh, sold for $2 75. The sale today will include the stock of several New-York and Boston publishers.

Charles B. Orvis and His Associates—Alleged Extensive Swindling Operations.

There was no application made, yesterday, to liberate Charles B. Orvis on bail; the papers in the case, in fact, had not then reached the District Attorney. A TIMES reporter discovered another transaction in which Orvis is very seriously involved. About a year ago, Orvis borrowed from a member of a Cortlandt-street firm the sum of $14, and as an equivalent for payment of the debt, offered to get the firm's draft for $620 discounted. He took the note for that amount, but has only accounted for $306. Shortly afterward he approached the same merchant and coolly asked him for the loan of $150, which he wanted for a friend of his, Capt. T. E. Halleck, who was going to Washington. A ten days' draft for $150 was handed to Orvis, who promised to see it paid at maturity. It was not provided for, of course, and, upon being pressed for the money, Orvis gave a check for the same amount, dated Jan. 5, 1872, on M. M. Broadwell & Co., bankers. When the check was presented for payment, the answer returned was "no effects." Broadwell & Co. then had offices under the Park Bank, but on inquiry being made as to their character and standing no definite or satisfactory answer was given. Another check for $75, drawn by Orvis on the same "bank," in favor of the same firm, has not been paid. While the reporter was yesterday in a store on Maiden-lane he found no less than four of the victims of this gang of swindlers, but at present they decline to give the particulars of how they have been duped.

A CARD.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I see in the Sunday issue of the TIMES that my name is associated with various parties of the style and name of Bushnell & Co., and various other firms which are pronounced in said article to be swindlers, &c. I deny utterly having had any business transactions of any kind whatever with any of the parties named in the article. The man Oriss is related to me, and I have helped him in distress in times past, on that account only; but I totally and emphatically deny having had any business of any sort or kind with him or with any of the men associated with him. And I further deny having ever used the name "Thomas" as an alias.

THOMAS E. HALLECK.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Sept. 16, 1872.

Personal.

Judge S. W. Johnson, of Kansas; Judge D. B. St. John, of Newburg; Major J. N. Knapp, of Auburn; Hon. Homer A. Nelson, of Poughkeepsie, Ex-Secretary of State, and Hon. J. Ross Brown, of San Francisco, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Gen. Horace Porter, of New-Jersey, and Geo. W. Childs, of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, are at the Brevoort House. Gen. J. K. Barnes, of the United States Army, and Gen. A. S. Diven, of Elmira, are at the Hoffman House. Gen. W. H. H. Terrell, of Washington, is at the Irving House. Gov. T. F. Randolph, of New-Jersey; E. S. Robinson, of England, and Rev. Dr. Hoge, of Virginia, are at the New-York Hotel. A. N. Ramsdell, President of the Northern and New-London Railroad of Connecticut, is at the Albemarle Hotel. Gen. Geo. Mead, of the United States Army; Major B. H. Robinson, of Georgia; Lieut. Col. Medley, of the British Army, and Hon. Samuel Norment, of Washington, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Col. Cloud, of Georgia, is at the St. Denis Hotel. Dr. John F. Fish, of the United States Army, and Dr. Wendell, of Lima, Peru, are at the Westminster Hotel. Capt. Tibbets, of the steamer City of Brooklyn, and Major Catlin, of West Point, are at the Everett House. Hon. E. M. Madden, of Middletown, is at the St. James Hotel.

Accidents Yesterday.

Goitleib Schuler, of No. 149 Rivington-street, while at work on a new building, at No. 226 East Broadway, yesterday, fell from the third floor to the cellar and fractured his leg. Sent to Bellevue Hospital.

A case of dry-goods fell upon Lawrence Mulligan, of No. 149 Cherry-street, while he was at work at Pier No. 36 East River, yesterday, breaking his leg and necessitating his removal to Bellevue.

Godfrey Gerringer, of Seventy-eighth-street and Third-avenue, fell from a car on that avenue, yesterday, at the corner of Seventy-fourth-street. The wheel passed over his leg, crushing it terribly. His friends took him to the German Hospital.

By the falling of a crate of glass, yesterday, at No. 51 Warren-street, John Kennedy, of No. 373 Greenwich-street, had his leg broken, and was removed to the Park Hospital.

Mrs. Rosanna Nulty, an old woman living at No. 656 Second-avenue, fell on the sidewalk, at Thirty-third-street, yesterday, breaking her left leg. She was sent home.

Suspected Murder at Newark.

Yesterday morning the body of Charles Coyle, who disappeared from his place of residence in Colden-street, was found in the Morris Canal. The body was only partially clothed, the pantaloons, in which he had carried his money when last seen, having been stripped from him. The marks upon the head and lower limbs gave ground for strong suspicion that there had been foul play. The right leg had been broken, and the face and head had been badly cut. Mrs. Ryerton, a colored woman, residing in Hedge's-alley, stated that she had found a coat stained with blood near her house on Sunday morning. Coyle had $27 in his possession. An inquest has been ordered by Dr. Dodd, and a post-mortem examination was held yesterday.

Agricultural and Horticultural Society of Westchester County.

The annual reception of the Agricultural and Horticultural Society of Westchester County, which took place, last night, in the Floral Hall, on the Fair Grounds, West White Plains, proved a decided success. Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band, also the New-York Juvenile Asylum Cornet Band of twenty-one pieces, under the leadership of W. H. Rice, were present, and furnished the music for the occasion. Today will be devoted to the reception of the productions of the farm, garden and work-shop for exhibition. To-morrow, the annual addresses will be delivered, and the show commence with a grand display of handsome babies.

The Brooklyn Board of Health.

The Board of Health yesterday notified the City Council that Edward Clark had failed to comply with his contract for removing offal from the streets of Brooklyn, and recommended the Council to revoke Clark's contract, and instruct the Corporation Counsel to commence suit against him for such failure. The Mayor was also directed to give said contract to Geo. F. Swift until Oct. 1, for $40 per diem. The Council passed a resolution in accordance with the recommendation of the Board of Health.

The Cannstadt Volksfest.

The first day of the Cannstadt Volksfest, given under the auspices of the Cannstadt Volksfest Association, at Jones' Wood, was yesterday largely attended by the resident Suavians, and it is estimated that about 3,000 persons visited the festival grounds. Today some 20,000 persons are expected to visit Jones' Wood. The programme of yesterday's festivities included a ballet divertissement, in which figured twenty-eight girls in Suavian peasant costume. Later, the farce of the "Seven Suavians Hunting a Hare," was performed. The festivities closed with dancing at the Belvedere.

Police Court Changes.

Major William J. A. McGrath, who for the past twelve years has occupied the position of Chief Clerk in the Tombs Police Court, was removed yesterday by Justice Dowling, and Mr. James Finley appointed in his place. Mr. Finley was for fifteen years clerk in the Tombs Prison, and has been clerk in the Police Court since 1867. Mr. Robert H. Racey, of the Court of General Sessions, was appointed to Mr. Finley's place.

Meteorological Report.

The following observations show the temperature yesterday at the Central Park Mineral Springs as recorded by Schultz & Warker:

Temperature	7 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	6 P. M.
Degrees Fahrenheit	58	62	65	64
Stand of barom. in inch.	29.87	29.83	..	29.80

The following record will show the changes in the temperature yesterday, with the average for the same, as indicated by the thermometer at Dickinson's drug-store, No. 3 Park-row: 3 A. M., 56°; 6 A. M., 56°; 9 A. M., 58°; 12 M., 61½°; 3 P. M., 62½°; 6 P. M., 64°; 9 P. M., 60°; 12 P. M., 57°. Average temperature yesterday, 59⅜°.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Suit to Repeal the Charter of the Washington and Georgetown Railroad—Customs Decision—The Civil Service—Capt. Ritchie, of the Moccasin.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 16.—A suit was entered today in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, by District-Attorney Fisher, for the repeal of the charter of the Washington and Georgetown Railroad Company, on the ground that the Company has in various ways violated its charter.

ENTRY OF GOODS UNDER ACT OF JUNE 6.

Doubts having arisen as to the right to entry under the tariff of June 6, 1872, of goods for warehouse on the 1st of August, the matter was referred to the Solicitor of the Treasury, who expresses the opinion that goods in port, not landed or entered prior to Aug. 1, are not entitled to entry under the act of June 6, 1872. The Treasury Department has directed the Collectors of Customs to conform their action thereto.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS.

The Examining Board for the promotion of engineers in the revenue marine service, met today, at the rooms of the Civil Service Examining Board, and examined several candidates.

THE MOCCASIN AND THE METIS.

The Treasury Department has written a letter commending Capt. David Ritchie and the officers and crew of the revenue cutter Moccasin, for their conduct at the time of the Metis disaster.

NAVAL CADET ENGINEER CORPS.

The examination of applicants for admission to the Cadet Engineer Corps at the Naval Academy commenced this morning, and will be continued till the 25th inst. Over fifty boys have received permits to appear for examination, and from this number fifteen of the most meritorious will be selected for appointment to the class.

THE TENNESSEE KUKLUX.

A Colored Man Shot Dead by a Masked Party.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 16.—Henry Miller, a colored man living at Christiana, Rutherford County, had recently lived with a white woman as the reputed husband of the latter. The circumstance created considerable ill-feeling in the locality, and on Sunday morning a party of masked men went to Miller's house and when the latter attempted to escape he was instantly shot dead. Two of the ruffians happened to raise their masks during the melée, and were recognized by a colored woman as Elisha Lynch and Joe Elliot. Warrants have been issued for their arrest, but as yet nothing has been heard of their whereabouts and it is believed that they have escaped.

The Story of a Hero's Death.

The London *Daily Telegraph*, in its issue of Sept. 5, says: "Noble as is the tale of the Birkenhead, it finds its parallel in the account of the death of Paul Elson, English pilot, in charge of the ship Rothesay. On the 29th of July, this vessel, which had three days before cast off the Calcutta tug and steamed safely out of the horrible jungles and swamps of the Sunderbunds, was caught by a cyclone. On the 30th she lay a wreck, all hope of saving her long past. Then the pilot, Paul Elson, the one man who seems to have had his wits about him—collected a few volunteers, and rigged a raft. Thirteen only of the crew got on her; the rest were frantic with terror—some praying, others drunk, others raving, others lashed inextricably to the sinking vessel. Elson was the last to leave the ship; leaping overboard, he swam to the raft, cut the hawser that held her, and constituted himself by inherent right her sole officer. Within an hour the doomed vessel heeled, lurched heavily, and went down head first. All that day and all that night the raft drifted, heavy seas breaking over her. 'We were up to our necks in water,' says the man who tells the tale, 'for she floated low.' All that night, nevertheless, Elson, who was a powerful swimmer, swam round and round the raft, lashing her together and strengthening her as best he could. Ever and anon the furious breakers washed a man off. And then would the brave pilot, who had not only the heart but the strength of a giant, strike out toward him and carry the drowning wretch back. But at last it became apparent that the raft must be broken up, and that a second and smaller raft must be constructed to relieve the other. This, too, the pilot effected almost single handed. The large raft floated away into the night; Elson and three other men took to the smaller; while on the other drifted away a native boy, Paul Elson's servant; of whom, hitherto, in the midst of all his terrible toil the brave pilot had never once lost sight. 'He kept near him; he tended him as a mother would tend her child; he gave him our last supply of drinkable water.' The vessel had sunk on the 29th of July; it was now the 2d of August. The raft was drifting under a raging tropical sun; for three days there had been no food, no water; worse than this, the frail support itself began to break up, and, swimming about in a heavy surf, Paul Elson became much exhausted. The end of course could not now be far off. First one of the men was washed away, and then another, until Elson himself and the Scotchman who tells the story were the sole survivors. 'Pilot,' said I—so the narrative runs—'we must fight it through!' 'Oh, Fraser!' answered he, 'I can't hold out any longer. * * * Then a heavy sea broke upon us and knocked him off I found it impossible to hang on, and was forced to let him go." And so the story ends. The body of Pilot Elson, worn out by his incessant labors, floats away into the great deep, there to lie till the sea shall give up its dead. For hour after hour he had labored and toiled, wasting himself and his strength in the effort to succor those whom he had under his charge. A hundred times over he forgot to think of himself; he broke his great heart in an obstinate effort to save, not himself, but the others. All night he swam round the raft, tightening a rope here, wedging in a spar there; when the native boy was delirious he handed him the last drop of water; when hope grew desperate his cheery voice brought back fresh life and strength to the desolate; and at last, when all his strength is gone, when those stout limbs were cold and numbed and well-nigh dead; and faintness, brought on by the deluging salt spray and the dreadful blinding sun, has set in—even then the brave man dies as he ought to have died—ending nobly. 'I told him,' says Fraser, 'that if he couldn't hold on I would lash him. He then made some exclamation about his poor wife, and said, 'I will try to stand it,' but a huge wave, rearing its hundred foaming crests against the skies, washes Paul Elson off—his body to the deep, and his soul to his God."

The President and San Domingo—Groundlessness of Mr. Sumner's Accusations.

Mr. Sumner's violent reiteration, for the fourth or fifth time, of his accusation against President Grant that he has shown his hostility to the negro race by entertaining and favoring the proposition, coming from San Domingo, to annex that independent colored nationality, has drawn from Mr. Henry B. Blackwell a letter in defense of the President, which the Boston *Advertiser* publishes. Mr. Blackwell very particularly says at the beginning: "The annexation of San Domingo is not at present a party question. The Philadelphia platform did not indorse it. Cincinnati and Baltimore did not oppose it. The New-York *Tribune* has heretofore favored it. Other Liberal and Democratic papers have been neutral in regard to it. But truth and candor and common sense are always open questions. President Grant and the Administration have been vehemently assailed for their San Domingo negotiations. In justice to all parties, the exact facts should be stated and the whole truth told." This, Mr. Blackwell proceeds to do briefly, and as he has twice visited San Domingo, first with the Commission, and again last Winter, and has traveled extensively throughout the interior of that island, he is able to speak understandingly. He takes up separately Mr. Sumner's specific charges, and effectually disposes of them. He refers particularly to the presence of some of our navy vessels "on the Haytian coast," to the imprisonment of Mr. Hatch, "an American citizen," and to the treatment of Mr. Frederick Douglass. After detailing the history of the negotiations for the treaty, Mr. Blackwell says: "These negotiations were frank and explicit. So far from shunning publicity, the President called in person upon Senator Sumner at his own house, and, in presence of Col. Forney, asked for his co-operation. Mr. Sumner returned an evasive answer which both the President and Col. Forney understood to be affirmative and favorable. Soon afterward, without notice, without previous remonstrance, without any effort to induce the Administration to forego or modify its plans, Senator Sumner publicly assailed the Administration and the President as guilty of a violation of all laws, human and divine."

Mr. Blackwell alludes to the defenseless condition of San Domingo, to the possession by Hayti of an armed steamer, and the appeal of the Government of San Domingo to our Government for protection against a danger growing out of this very negotiation, at a time when Congress was not in session, and then proceeds to say: "What did the Administration do? Just this: In the interest of peace and humanity, it notified the Haytain authorities that a preliminary treaty of annexation had been negotiated, and that, until Congress should have expressed its decision, an invasion of the Dominican territory by any foreign Power would be regarded as an act unfriendly to the United States. Was this an outrage? Was it a violation of international law? So far from it, any fair-minded man, no matter what his views concerning annexation may be, would say that it was a duty. To have done less, or to have done otherwise, under the circumstances, would have been a base desertion of the gallant little nation whose only crime was its aspiration to merge itself in the great American Republic. With a sagacious knowledge of human nature, the President prevented any necessity of forcible intervention, and kept the peace between Hayti and San Domingo by sending several American vessels of war (which would otherwise have been cruising at equal expense in the Mediterranean or upon the South American coast) not into Haytian, but into Dominican waters, at the request of the Dominican Government. Not a gun was fired, not a sailor was landed upon Haytian territory. Nor was the Dominican Government, which Senator Sumner so insultingly terms 'the usurper Baez,' upheld by our fleet. No American interference in the internal affairs of San Domingo was offered, nor would it have been welcomed. The presence of American vessels was valued only as an evidence of sympathy and as a guarantee against foreign invasion; their subsequent withdrawal in deference to the clamor of the opposition was followed by no popular uprising. The Government of President Baez, after the lapse of years, is today stronger and more popular than ever."

Of the treatment of Mr. Frederick Douglass he says: "The appointment of Mr. Douglass as a Secretary of the Commission was an honor, not an insult. Every one who accompanied the Commission will testify that he was treated by the Commissioners with the consideration and respect to which he is so justly entitled. He was one of the five or six gentlemen who dined with the Commissioners at the Captain's table on board the Tennessee, to which most of the correspondents and members of the scientific corps could not be admitted for want of room. While on the island Mr. Douglass resided with the Commissioners, and accompanied them upon the most intimate and confidential footing. Just before reaching Washington the Captain of a Potomac steamer, over whom the Commission had no control, refused to allow Mr. Douglass a seat at the table, whereupon the Commissioners and every member of their party, with one exception, resented the insult by leaving the table. That exception, by a singular coincidence, was the correspondent of the New-York *Tribune*, who retained his seat. But no one charges the *Tribune* with having insulted the colored race in the person of Mr. Douglass. The only reason why Mr. Douglass was not invited by the President to dine with the Commissioners was that Mr. Douglass *was not one of the Commissioners*."

Mr. Blackwell concludes: "Since Mr. Sumner has made so great a mistake in the case of Mr. Douglass, the public may well pause before crediting the other charges which are contradicted by the three Commissioners, viz.: Dr. Samuel G. Howe, Hon. B. F. Wade and Hon. A. D. White—also by Hon. Allen C. Burton, Frederick Douglass, Gen. Sigel, Major Hazard, Dr. Newcomb, and many other gentlemen who accompanied the Commission. Such charges, if made by men of less eminence, would be severely characterized. As it is, they constitute a case of misconception and consequent misstatement unparalleled in our political history. The very grossness of these charges will create a reaction in the public mind. I confess that my own regard for the character and services of President Grant is stirred into enthusiasm by my keen sense of the scandalous injustice of aspersions which he has too much self-respect and reticence to deny. But, above all, I feel indignant at the opprobrium which has been cast upon the Government and people of San Domingo, who deserve better treatment from the friends of the colored race."

ODD-FELLOWS.

Meeting of the Grand Lodge of the United States in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 16.—At 9 o'clock this morning the members of the Grand Lodge of I. O. of O. F. of the United States were escorted by the Grand Lodge and Grand Encampment of the State of Maryland to Odd-fellows' Hall, on Gay-street, where an address of welcome was delivered by W. R. Cilley, Grand Master Maryland State Lodge. Mr. Frederick D. Stuart, M. G. W. S. of the Grand Lodge of the United States, responded, and the body organized for business. Forty-one Grand Lodges and thirty-five Grand Encampments were fully represented, the 127 representatives composing the Grand Lodge being all present. The Committee on Credentials and Allotment of Seats occupied the session until noon, when a recess of half an hour was taken.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the afternoon session the annual report was read. It states that unbroken harmony and concord rule throughout the entire brotherhood, that their progress has been steady, and the increase in numbers and material resources keep pace with the greatly extended area of jurisdiction. The revenue from all sources up to Dec. 31, 1872, amounted to $38,687 07; the expenditures to the same date reached $42,998 27; the excess of expenditures over receipts was $4,327 20; the cash balance in the Treasury Sept. 3, 1872, amounted to $19,442 84; estimated further receipts, $6,500, leaving as the probable available balance to meet the necessary expenses incident to the session, $25,942 84. The report then reviews the condition of the Order in other countries. The report also alludes, in an appropriate manner, to the decease of prominent members of the Order during the past year. Among those who have died are John Boyd and Augustus Mathiot, of Maryland, contemporaries of Thos. Wildey, the founder of the Order; Milton Hernden, of Indiana, and E. A. Rucker, of Illinois.

The Grand Lodge degree was conferred upon Hugo Wollheim, District Deputy Grand Sire for Prussia. The Lodge adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow.

Among the prominent visitors to the Grand Lodge today were Past Grand Sires Nicholson, of Pennsylvania, and Sanders, of New-York; Past Grand Representatives Morrison, of Michigan; Stickney, of Massachusetts, and Edward P. Nowell, editor of the *American Odd Fellow*.

The Internationalists at the Hague.

A correspondent of the Manchester *Guardian* writes: "It appears that, contrary to the usual custom, the members of the General Council have come to this Congress without any prepared programme of business. It is known that the revision of the general rules is one subject to be decided, and as this is a question which cannot even be discussed without the exhibition of great animosity, it is feared that the first meetings, at all events, will be marked by great turbulence and disorder. Dr. Marx goes so far as to intimate that there is danger of his foes so persisting in their obstructions to the proceedings of the Congress as to create a disturbance which will compel the interference of the police, and bring about the dispersion of the Congress. He is confident that several of the delegates have arrived with this intention, and he and his partisans will scruple at nothing which will enable them to reject the credentials of those delegates, and expel them from the Congress. If, however, these difficulties are surmounted, and the Congress proceeds to the other business before it, it will encounter three distinct projects for the reconstruction of the Association. The first of these is a scheme for converting the Association into a simple international trade-union, destitute of any political aim whatever. It is urged on behalf of this project that the Society should have nothing to do with the stories of philosophers, and that it should devote itself simply to the improvement of the condition of the working people by the accomplishment of the limitation of the hours of toil, and the division among the toilers of a larger share of the profits of their labor. The second project has had its origin in Belgium, and has for its object to retrench the power of the General Council, and to make it more really representative than it now is. To this end it is proposed that while the annual Congress shall elect the Council as formerly, no nationality shall have more than three members in the Council. The whole Council is to have the power to suspend provisionally any one of its members, but in such a case it must forthwith inform the nationality he represents of the reasons for his suspension. At the same time, any nationality is to be empowered to recall its delegates from the General Council by simply informing the Council of its decision in this regard, for which decision it need adduce no reasons. The votes upon all administrative questions are to be taken by nationalities, and no nationality is to have more than one vote. The General Council is not to have the power under any pretext whatever, to add to the number of its members at the General Congress. No member of the General Council shall have a vote on administrative questions, nor shall the Council have the power to intermeddle with the internal affairs of the sections or federations, and it shall be deprived of the power of suspending sections—a power hitherto exercised without limit by Dr. Marx, and which is now to be reserved as this plan proposes, for the national councils, subject to the ratification of the Congress. The third project is that of Dr. Marx himself. It aims to increase the power of the General Council, and make it even more despotic than it hitherto has been. He proposes that sections and federations shall not in future have any right to interpret the general rules of the Association for themselves, but that they shall be compelled to submit to the interpretations given by the General Council. The latter is to continue to exercise the power to suspend or expel any section, or dissolve any federation simply by notifying such suspension or expulsion to the section or federation thus affected. If a Federal Council is suspended, the sections belonging to it are to be informed thereof, and ordered to choose delegates to form a new council to replace the one suspended or expelled within the space of a month. Should the section prove intractable, then the General Council is to dissolve the whole federation, giving notice of such dissolution to all the other federal councils. While Dr. Marx is the parent of the despotic proposition, it is supported by the Germans and the exiled Communists, whose desire is to expel from the Society all who differ from them in political views. It is easy to see that the conflict impending will be a serious one; and at this moment I am not free from a belief that the fight may result in the complete disruption of the organization."

THE NEW-YORK CAMPAIGN.

HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE, FIFTH-AVENUE HOTEL.
ALONZO B. CORNELL, Chairman.
JOHN N. KNAPP, Secretary.
HENRY CLEWS, Treasurer.

Public meetings will be held as follows:

Tuesday, Sept. 17.

Binghamton	Hon. Thos. Settle, of N. C.
Buffalo	Hon. Roscoe Conkling. Col. Albert D. Shaw.
Ketchamville	Hon. Geo. L. Maynard.
Rockville Centre	Hon. Wm. W. Northrup.
Summitt	Hon. Geo. Becker.
Union	Gen. John L. Swift.
Ithaca	Hon. John L. Parker.
Stapleton, Staten Island	Hon. Thos. D. Adams.
Chaumont	Gen. E. M. Lee.
Brewsters	Hon. Wm. P. Fiero.
Houston-street, corner Avenue D, New-York	Gen. Joseph C. Jackson. Col. T. B. Thorpe.
Boonville	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Canisteo	Col. A. E. Baxter.
West Brighton	Hon. Silas B. Dutcher.
Gloversville	Hon. Ellis H. Roberts.
Norway	Hon. Clinton L. Merriam.
Utica	Rev. Wm. F. Butler. Wm. H. Johnson.
Appomattox Club, Fifty-fourth-st., New-York	Hon. Isaac Dayton. Hon. J. F. Manning.
Germania Assembly R'ms.	Gen. Geo. H. Sharpe.
Morrisville	Hon. John O'Donnell.
537 Third-av., New-York	Major Michael Crowley.

Wednesday, Sept 18.

Cooper Institute, N. Y.	Hon. Lyman Tremain.
Owego	Hon. Thos. Settle, of N. C.
Cortland	Gen. John L. Swift.
Hempstead	Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Halsey Valley	Hon. George L. Maynard. William H. Blair.
Lima	Col. Albert D. Shaw.
North Blenheim	Hon. George Becker.
Newfield	Hon. John L. Parker.
Greenfield	Hon. George W. Hoxie.
Clay	Gen. E. M. Lee.
Watertown	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Hartsville	Col. A. E. Baxter.
Fairfield	Hon. Clinton L. Merriam.
Hastings	Hon. William P. Fiero.
Horseheads	Hon. John H. Selkreg.
Munnsville	Hon. John O'Donnell.
Twentieth Ward, Brooklyn	Hon. T. C. Cronin. Gen. Joseph C. Jackson.
Varna	Hon. Marcus Lyon.
Rome	Rev. William F. Butler. William H. Johnson.

Thursday, Sept. 19.

Jamestown, (P. M.)	Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Auburn	Hon. Thos. Settle, of N. C.
Trumansburg	Gen. John L. Swift.
Durham	Hon. George W. Hoxie.
Carmansville	Hon. W. P. Fiero.
Florida	Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Potsdam	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Weltonville	Hon. William Smyth. Hon. George L. Maynard.
Tallmans	Hon. Thomas D. Adams.
Yorkville	Hon. W. W. Northrop. Horace Russell.
Middleburg	Hon. George Becker.
Slaterville	Hon. John L. Parker.
Caton	Col. A. E. Baxter.
Sandy Hill	Hon. Martin I. Townsend.
Highland Falls	Frederick G. Gedney.
Irvington	Col. T. B. Thorpe.
Salisbury Centre	Hon. Clinton L. Merriman.
Millport	Hon. John H. Selkreg.
North Brookfield	Hon. John O'Donnell.
Latimer Hall, Brooklyn	Hon. T. C. Cronin. Hon. E. Delafield Smith.
Pulaski	Hon. Richard Crowley. Hon. A. B. Getty.
Winfield, Long Island	Hon. J. F. Manning. Hon. J. C. F. Bevland.
Tarrytown	Hon. Isaac Dayton. Hon. Charles T. Mills.
50th-st. Church, New-York	Hon. Robert Sewell.
11th Assembly Dist., N. Y.	Hon. C. D. Murray.

Friday, Sept. 20.

Olean (P. M.)	Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
West Troy	Hon. Lyman Tremain.
Peterboro (P. M.)	Hon. Thos. Settle, of N. C.
Cairo	Hon. George W. Hoxie.
Yonkers	Hon. William P. Fiero. Hon. Thoms D. Adams.
Cornwall	Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Malone	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Smithboro	Hon. George L. Maynard. L. Settle.
Danby	Hon. Francis M. Finch. William L. Bostwick.
Enfield Centre	Hon. Marcus Lyon.
Fulton	Hon. Richard Crowley.
Carlisle	Hon. George Becker.
Ithaca	Gen. John L. Swift.
McLean	Hon. John L. Parker.
Newport	Hon. Clinton L. Merriam.
Hornellsville	Hon. John H. Selkreg.
21st Ward, Brooklyn	Col. T. B. Thorpe. Col. F. S. Lambert.
Highland	Gen. George H. Sharpe.
Auburn	Rev. William H. Butler. William F. Johnson.
Concordia Hall, N. Y.	Horace Russell.
Yorkville	Capt. William H. Grace. Dr. David Bell.
De Ruyter	Hon. John O'Donnell.

Saturday, Sept. 21.

Cohoes	Hon. Thomas Settle.
Bellville	Gen. E. M. Lee.
Leeds	Hon. Geo. W. Hoxie.
Canton	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Campville	Hon George L. Maynard. Capt E. B. Gere.
Wellsburg	Hon John H. Selkreg.
Dryden	Hon. Marcus Lyon.
Saugerties	Hon. Martin I. Townsend.
Cobleskill	Hon. George Becker.
Senaca Falls	Gen. John L. Swift.
Groton	Hon. John L. Parker.
Earlville	Hon. John O'Donnell.
Palmyra	Hon. Richard Crowley.
Quarantine, Staten Island.	Frederick G. Gedney.
Virgil	Hon. Charles T. Mills.

Monday, Sept. 23.

Unadilla	Hon. George Becker.
Ogdensburg	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Walden	Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Sidney Plains	Hon. Marcus Lyon. Hon. S. F. Miller.
Haverstraw	Hon. Allard Anthony.
Sherburne	Hon. John O'Donnell.
Mahopac Falls	Col. T. B. Thorpe.
Port Richmond, S. I.	Hon. Thomas D. Adams.
Amity	Frederick J. Gedney.
Schenevus	Hon. Silas B. Dutcher.
Canandaigua	Rev. William F. Butler. William H. Johnson.

Brooklyn Politics.

The Grant and Wilson Campaign Club of the Fourth Ward met at Commonwealth Hall, over the Brooklyn Post-office, last night. Hon. John Oakey, J. A. Taylor, Esq., and others, addressed the meeting.

Democratic Reform primaries were held last last night in the Second Ward, for the purpose of electing delegates to the Assembly District Conventions to be held this evening.

A meeting of the Sixth Ward Republican Association was held last evening at Latimer Hall, Court-street. The Association is one of the largest and most active in the city.

The Conference Committee of the Jeffersonian Democratic General Committee met at Uris Hall, Fulton-street, opposite the City Hall, for the purpose of conferring with other organizations opposed to the Ring, with a view to the complete overthrow of its power. The meeting was not very large and nothing of a definite character was done.

The "Democratic Republicans" of the Eleventh Ward raised a Greeley and Brown banner and several strings of Chinese lanterns, last night, at the corner of Myrtle-avenue and Canton-street.

The "eminent speakers" who were expected were absent. The audience consisted chiefly of Eleventh Ward women and children.

Tammany Tactics in Pennsylvania.

The Pottsville, (Penn.,) *Miners' Journal* says: "For a long series of years York County, in this State, has been in the hands of the Democracy, the leaders of which have systematically and continuously plundered the Treasury. The consequence has been a heavy indebtedness. Last year the honest portion of the Democracy in that county united with the Republicans in a demand for an investigation of the county finances. The requisite legislation was procured at the last session, and the accounts were reopened ranging over the past six or eight years. During the past three years it was discovered that the stealings amounted to upward of $30,000, which, very naturally, has elicited the greatest indignation, and raised such a storm among the swindled tax-payers of that county that it is probable they will, independent of party, rise and hurl the ring there from power. In Schuylkill County a similar plundering organization is in existence, known as the Court-house Ring, and a strict investigation, such as is now in progress in York County, would unquestionably show a system of plundering quite as iniquitous as that which has for years been carried on in York."

Independent Democrats in Tennessee.

The Columbia (Tenn.) *Herald* bewails over the prolific crop of independent Democratic candidates springing up all over that State as follows: "The prospect now is that it will cost us several Congressmen and various smaller offices. A. S. Colyar has announced himself for Governor on the Johnson ticket against John C. Brown, already elected by acclamation. In the Ninth Memphis Congressional District, Kellar has bolted the Convention that nominated Landon C. Haynes, and, by so doing almost guarantees the election of Barbour Lewis, a Radical of the darkest hue. In the Seventh District there will probably be three candidates—Atkins, Travis and Thomas—for Congress, which makes the election of Daugherty, a Radical, at least possible. In the Nashville District, Stark, Golladay, Brien and White have announced themselves, and it only remains for Prosser, or some other Radical, to enter the field and be elected, if they all run the race through. In Maynard's district Caldwell and Garrett are in the field, and if they both run through will only be electors for a Radical. Here in our own district we have Whitthorne, Morris and probably Perkins, of Williamson, against Gibbs, Radical. Who does not foresee the result? Radicals will fill offices all over the State if the party union is not preserved."

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, published THIS MORNING, contains the very latest telegraphic and general news; editorials on matters of current interest; a page of carefully-prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agricultural and domestic interest, and other interesting reading matter.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES may be had at the counter of the Publication Office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price, FIVE CENTS.

Nicol, Davidson & Co., No. 686 Broadway; factory, No. 4 Great Jones-st.; manufacturers of fine silver-plated ware, good for fifteen years' service, offer a large assortment, either at wholesale or retail. Also, china, glass and gas-fixtures.—*Advertisement.*

At E. LORD'S new cleaning and dyeing office, Nos. 630 and 934 Broadway, dresses, shawls, laces, sacques, feathers, gloves, &c., beautifully cleaned; coats, pants, vests, cleaned like new.—*Advertisement.*

Washington Irving, a great sufferer from asthma, found relief in Whitcomb's remedy.—*Advertisement.*

Batchelor's Hair Dye is the Best in the world—the only safe, true and perfect hair dye. No ridiculous tints—no disappointment—harmless, reliable, instantaneous black or brown. At all druggists and No. 16 Bond-st.

New 7-octave Pianos, $250.—New Organs, $50 to $60. New Melodeons, $60, cash, for the Holidays. HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

MARRIED.

ARMSTRONG—MEAD.—At New-Haven, Sept. 12, in Wesley Chapel, by the Pastor, Rev. A. H. Mead, assisted by Rev. L. S. Weed, D. D., of New-York City, RICHMOND W. ARMSTRONG, Esq., to MINNIE C., eldest daughter of the officiating clergyman.

FERRIS—LEDYARD.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Sept. 12, by Rev. Edward O. Flagg, D. D., HENRY J. FERRIS to ADELAIDE, youngest daughter of the late John Ledyard, all of Brooklyn. No cards.

DIED.

ADAMS.—On Sunday the 15th inst., aged 50 years, ABRAM ADAMS.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from his late home, the residence of his cousin, Robt. A. Adams, south-east corner Avenue A and 116th-st., on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Harlem boats leave Fulton Ferry slip at 9¼ A. M.

BARNARD.—In Brooklyn, Sept. 16, 1872, JOHN F. BARNARD, aged 49 years.

The relatives and friends, also the officers and members of the Stereotypers' Association, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, Rooms No. 26 Duffield-terrace, Duffield-st., between Tillary and Johnson, this (Tuesday) afternoon at 1 o'clock, and from thence to the Moravian Cemetery, Staten Island.

BIRD.—Suddenly Sept. 14, at Milton, Mass., CAROLINE FELLOWES BIRD, aged 8 years and 3 months, youngest child of Clara R. and the late Oliver Wm. Bird, of New-York.

BROWER.—On 13th inst., JOHN L. BROWER.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 55 West 17th-st. at 1 P. M., on Tuesday, 17th inst., without further notice.

CONCKLIN.—At Englewood, N. J., Friday evening, Sept. 13, SAMUEL M. CONCKLIN, in the 48th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, on arrival of the train. Cars leave Chambers-st. Ferry at 9 A. M. The remains will be taken to Green-Wood for interment.

CARPENTER.—At Poughkeepsie, Sept. 14, GEORGE CARPENTER, of this City, aged 77.

His friends and the friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral on Tuesday, the 17th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., from the Madison-square Presbyterian Church, without further invitation.

COCKS.—On the 16th inst., LOUISA COCKS, widow of the late James Cocks, in the 83th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from the residence of her son, John D. Cocks, No. 386 State-st., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

DUCKWITZ.—On Saturday, Sept. 14, E. HELENA, daughter of the late Geo. F. Duckwitz, Esq., of Brooklyn.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 17, at 3 o'clock, from Grace Church, Brooklyn Heights, (corner Hicks-st. and Grace-court.)

DURFEE.—In Fall River, Mass., very suddenly, on Friday evening, Sept. 13, Mr. B. M. C. DURFEE. Funeral, Tuesday, the 17th.

FROST.—In St. Louis, Sept. 12, after a short illness, Mr. JOHN H. FROST, of this City.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday, the 17th, at 2 o'clock P.M., from his late residence, No. 50 South Oxford-st., Brooklyn. Relatives and friends are invited to be present.

FULLERTON.—On Monday, the 16th, aged 51 years, WILLIAM FULLERTON.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, the 18th, at 1 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 390 West-st.

GOODWIN.—In Brooklyn, on the 16th inst., CHAS. GOODWIN, in the 54th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place on Wednesday, the 18th inst., from his late residence, corner of Bushwick-av. and Palmetto-st., at 2 o'clock. The remains will be interred in Green-Wood.

HADDEN.—In Brooklyn, Sept. 16, after a brief illness, BENJAMIN F. HADDEN.

Funeral service at his late residence, No. 77 Henry-st., on Wednesday at 9 A. M. Remains will be taken to Mamaroneck by the 11¼ A. M. train on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad for interment.

HALL.—At Hempstead, Long Island, on Sunday, Sept. 15, JOSEPH B. HALL, in the 62d year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 219 Carleton-av., Brooklyn, Wednesday, at 1 o'clock.

JACKSON.—At Bloomingdale, on Sunday afternoon, Sept. 15, DAVID S. JACKSON, in the 37th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, Sept. 18, at 3 o'clock P. M., from St. Michael's Church, corner 99th-st. and Broadway.

KEITH.—Died at Kensington, London, England, Aug. 27, 1872, MARY CAROLINE, wife of the late Chas. Keith, of New-York City, and daughter of the late Jedediah Tracy, of Troy, N. Y.

KELLUM.—In Brooklyn, Sept. 16, JOHN H. KELLUM, of bronchial consumption, youngest son of the late John Kellum, in the 34th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 357 Carlton-av., near Green-av., on Wednesday, Sept. 18, at 2 o'clock P. M.

LAWRENCE.—At Newtown, Long Island, on Monday, 16th inst., after a short illness, WATSON EFFINGHAM LAWRENCE, in the 85th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MARSHALL.—On 2d day, morning, 9th mo., 16th, MARY MARSHALL, wife of Ezra Marshall, in the 74th year of her age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on 4th day, morning, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of the deceased. The Hudson River Railroad train will leave 42d-st. at 8 o'clock, and arrive in time for the services.

MEIKLEHAM.—At Five Mill River, Conn., on Saturday, Sept. 14, 1872, FRANK SYDNEY, infant son of William and Fannie Meikleham.

The funeral services will be held at the residence of his parents, Fordham, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 17th inst., at 1½ P. M.

NEVIN.—On Sunday morning, Sept. 15, 1872, of nervous prostration, ADELIA PAULINE, only daughter of Col. David J. and Sarah Hays Nevin, aged 18 years, 2 months, and 15 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral on Wednesday next, at 11 o'clock A. M., from the residence of her parents, No. 41 Vandam-st.

POLHEMUS.—Suddenly at Hudson, on Wednesday, Sept. 11, THEODORE, only son of Maria T. and the late Theodore Polhemus, Jr.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his mother, No. 60 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Sept. 18, at 2 o'clock.

SUTTON.—At Rye, on first day, 15th September, PHEBE F., widow of Silas Sutton, in the 70th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, on third day, (Tuesday,) at 11 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at Rye Station on the arrival of the 9 o'clock A. M. train from New-York and New-Haven Railroad, from 27th-st. and 4th-av., New-York.

SMITH.—On Sunday, Sept. 15th; Mrs. MARTHA AGUSTA SMITH, wife of Thos. H. Smith and daughter of the late D. T. Valentine.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 1,230 Fulton-av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 17, at 2 o'clock P. M.

TRAFFORD.—At Astoria, Long Island, on Saturday, 14th inst., CORNELIUS R. TRAFFORD, in the 64th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, on Tuesday, 17th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Harlem boats leave Peck-slip at 1 o'clock P. M., and Fulton Market-slip at 1¼ P. M.

TURNER.—At Rahway, N. J., Sept. 15, GEORGE W. TURNER, in the 53d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, on Tuesday, 17th, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence. Cars leave New-York at 12 and 1 o'clock, from the foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts.

WARD.—At Hackensack, N. J., Sept. 16, Capt. JOHN J. WARD.

His friends and the friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Thursday, the 19th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Trains leave foot of Chambers-st., at 1 o'clock P. M.

YOUNG.—At Bloomfield, N. J., on Sunday, 15th instant, of apoplexy, WILLIAM WINDLE YOUNG, in the 43d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 341 West 19th-st., on Wednesday, Sept. 18, at 2 P. M.

YOUNG.—At Hoboken, N. J., on Monday, Sept. 16, 1872, GRACIE WELSON, only daughter of Annie E. and Jerome F. Young, aged 3 years and 5 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 140 Bloomfield-st., Hoboken, N. J., on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 P. M. Remains to be taken to Lansingburg, N. Y., for interment.

☞ Lansingburg and Amsterdam papers please copy.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.
PRICES REDUCED.
Tickets, $28: fractions in proportion. Prizes cashed, information furnished.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers.
Orders filled. No. 16 Wall-st.

BARTLETT'S BOULEVARD, STREET and Park Lamps excel all in giving light, for beauty, durability and low cost. See them in use in all the Parks, Boulevards, upon Broadway, 5th-av. and elsewhere in New-York City, and throughout the country. General office, No 569 Broadway, New-York.

COMMISSIONER FOR ILLINOIS and other States and notary public, office No. Beekman-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

POLITICAL.

THE PEOPLE'S MUNICIPAL ASSOCIATION meets TUESDAY EVENING, the 17th, at No. 907 Broadway. The delegates from the Ward organizations are requested to be present at 8 o'clock. Important business will be transacted.
By order of the President.
R. H. POLLOCK, Secretary.

PATENT OPEN-WORK BANNERS, flags and transparencies, with portraits and designs; orders filled by mail or telegram. LANIGAN & CO., No. 1,284 Broadway, New-York.

OPEN-WORK BANNERS, PARADE banners, transparancies, flags, portraits, &c., at HOJER & GRAHAM'S, No. 97 Duane-st., New-York.

CAPES AND CAPS FOR GRANT GUARDS, Boys in Blue, Tanners, &c., manufactured at No. 15 Warren-st. USSMAN & CO.

NEW PUBLICATIONS

HARPER & BROTHERS, New-York,
Publish this Day:

I.

THIRTY YEARS IN THE HAREM.
THIRTY YEARS IN THE HAREM; or, THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF MELEK-HANUM, Wife of H. H. KIBRIZLI-MEHEMET-PASHA. 12mo, cloth, $1 50.

The author of this deeply-interesting work has had a unique experience. Her grandfather was an Armenian, and her grandmother a Greek, whose daughter married a French adventurer who had wandered into Turkey. The issue of the marriage was the writer of this volume. While still a mere child she made a runaway match with an English physician much older than herself. The marriage proved unhappy; and, after being divorced from her husband, she married a Turk of high diplomatic rank, whose name she still bears. After many ups and downs, her husband became successively Governor of St. Jean d'Acre, in Syria, of Jerusalem, and finally Grand Vizier of the Turkish Empire. By this husband she had a daughter, Aïshet, whose hand in marriage became a sort of prize at the Turkish Court. The daughter was finally married to a man whom she disliked; and her adventures, with those of her mother, are narrated in a very fascinating style. After enduring many trials and persecutions, mother and daughter made their escape from Turkey and took refuge in Europe, where they are still living. The book gives many curious pictures of domestic life among the Turks, and possesses all the fascination and interest of a romance.

II.

THE ADVENTURES OF A BROWNIE.
The Adventures of a Brownie, as told to my Child By the author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." Illustrated. 16mo, cloth, 90 cents.

"* * * Mrs. Craik's delightful 'Adventures of a Brownie.' * * * Old folks may enjoy her book as much as young ones, and no one can be sorry that she turns aside sometimes from novel-writing to the writing of tales for children."—*Examiner, London.*

III.

HOPE DEFERRED.
A NOVEL.
By ELIZA F. POLLARD.
8vo, paper, 50 cents.

"We must not tell the story of the long-deferred hope, and how it was ultimately realized, through what trial and training—with one terrific incident, brought about with a skill which, if it had no other merit, would mark out this book from the rank and file of the crowded array of novels; we can only direct attention to it as a true and beautiful delineation of a woman's heart at war with circumstances and with fate."—*Spectator, London.*

"The patient attitude of a loving woman who waited long years for an affection which awakes too late, and is doomed to find that when hope seems no longer possible the passion which she has stifled so bravely in her own breast is at length reciprocated, is a subject which in any hands must be difficult to treat without profanation. That Miss Pollard, in her character of Jeaune, should have succeeded so well—placing before us a type of ardent affection without grossness, trusting simplicity without weakness or insipidity of character—shows that she possesses appreciative insight and womanly delicacy of touch. We have read few stories lately, certainly none professing to treat of female character, which have left upon us so pleasing an impression."—*Athenæum, London.*

"The author writes with a cultivated grace, and her writing abounds with evident results of observation and reflection."—*Graphic, London.*

☞ HARPER & BROTHERS will send any of their works by mail, postage prepaid, to any part of the United States, on receipt of the price.

$40 WORTH BEST STRAUSS MUSIC FOR $2 50.
"GEMS OF STRAUSS,"
Contains "Manhattan," "Blue Danube," "1,001 Nights," "New Vienna," "Artist's Life," "Pizzica to Polka," and sixty others of his best waltzes, polkas, mazurkas, quadrilles. Price $2 50. Sold by all dealers. Published by
DITSON & CO., No. 711 Broadway.

WHEATON'S INTERNATIONAL LAW, Dana's edition.—A copy in good order wanted. Address, with price, H., Box No. 6,115 Post-office, New-York.

BOOK ON STRICTURE, FISTULA, Piles, Impotence, diseases of the Generative Organs, by HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D., 144 Lexington-av. Mailed for 25 cents.

POLITICAL.

A GRAND MASS-MEETING
Will be held at the Cooper Union, MONDAY, Sept. 23, under the direction of the New-York City Council of Political Reform, for the purpose of consolidating into one determined effort all the Reform organizations and friends of reform of this City, to devise and consummate measures for the reform of our public affairs. Some of the most eminent speakers of the City have been engaged. Particulars of the meeting will be duly given in the daily papers. All the friends of the cause are invited to be present.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

W. F. HAVEMEYER,	C. E. DETMOLD.
D. WILLIS JAMES,	FREDERICK SCHACK,
JACKSON S. SCHULTZ,	JAMES M. HALSTED,
ROBERT HOE,	JOHN WHEELER.
J. B. VARNUM,	HENRY J. SCUDDER,
JOHN STEPHENSON,	JOHN P. CROSBY,
CHARLES WATROUS,	DEXTER A. HAWKINS
GEORGE P. PUTNAM,	A. C. POST, M. D.,
J. C. HAVEMEYER,	J. R. WETMORE
J. C. JACKSON,	H. C. VAN VORST,

W. H. NEILSON, President, H. N. BEERS, Secretary. } Ex-officio.

SECOND GRAND RALLY.
GRANT AND WILSON. DIX AND ROBINSON.
VERMONT, 26,000. MAINE, 17,000.
And now for the rest of them.
COOPER INSTITUTE,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 18, at 8 o'clock.
To be addressed by
Hon. LYMAN TREMAIN,
Republican candidate for Representative in Congress at large for the State of New-York.
This is the second of a series of Republican meetings to be held at the Cooper Institute, every Wednesday evening during the campaign.
LADIES CORDIALLY INVITED.

POLITICAL GOODS
of all kinds.
FIRE-WORKS, FLAGS, LANTERNS, TORCHES, BADGES, UNIFORMS, &C.
JOSEPH B. PURDY.
Nos. 32 and 34 Maiden-lane.
Established 1843. New-York.

JUST ISSUED:
THE "TRUMP" CARD
OF THE GREAT CAMPAIGN!
The *only* CARD
That's worth regard
In playing (all throughout the nation)
The GAME of "RECONCILIATION."
Published by JOHN SNARE, No. 27 Bond-st., N. Y. Sold by all book-sellers, stationers and news-men in the United States.
Sent free, by post, on receipt of 10 cents.
☞ An edition is printed, expressly for Clubs, at $3 per hundred. Single copies 2 cents each.

NATURALIZATION
The Committee appointed by the Republican Central Committee will receive applications for naturalization at No. 25 Chambers-st., from now until the 25th day of October, 1872. Tickets can be obtained from the officers of the Assembly District Associations and the undersigned Committee:
James W. Farr, No. 11 St. Luke's-place.
Nathan Kingsley, Sr., No. 153 Franklin-st.
Morris Friedsam, No. 59 Madison-st.
Andrew J. Campbell, No. 243 West 14th-st.
Wm. H. Albertson, No. 448 West 24th-st.
G. Joseph Ruch, No. 41 Lexington-av.
Nathan J. Newwitter, No. 234 East 58th-st.
M. FRIEDSAM, Secretary. JAMES W. FARR,
AUG. SCHEFFEL, Clerk. Chairman.

MUNICIPAL REFORM ASSOCIATION
Of the Twenty-second Ward of the City of New-York.
A regular meeting of the Association will be held at the rooms, No. 227 West 53d-st., on TUESDAY EVENING, Sept. 17, 1872, at 8 o'clock, to elect officers for another year. S. V. R. COOPER, President.
W. F. MARTIN, Secretary.

PATENT OPEN-WORK BANNERS,
Portraits, Flags, &c., at head-quarters,
W. R. COBB, 107 Fulton-st., near William-st., N. Y.

PATENT OPEN-WORK BANNERS.
Portraits painted from Original Copies. T. W. THORP, Manufacturer. 139 Fulton st., near B'dway.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE JAMES O'BRIEN Central Organization, consisting of five delegates from each Ward Association, will be held at Masonic Hall, No. 114 East 13th-st., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 18, 1872. All Clubs friendly to or named in honor of Senator O'Brien which have not heretofore been represented, are invited to send delegates. GEO. W. McGLYNN, President; JOHN J. McGOWAN, Secretary.

APPOMATTOX CLUB—NINETEENTH WARD.—Regular meeting at Brevoort Hall, TUESDAY, Sept. 17, 8 P. M. Speakers, Hon. ISAAC DAYTON, Hon. W. R. BEEBE, Hon. C. A. FLAMMER and H. W. BROWN, Esq.
GEO. N. WILLIAMS, President.
W. C. REDDY, D. W. C. WARD, } Secretaries.

THE YOUNG MEN'S REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION of the Eighteenth Assembly District, will hold a grand mass-meeting for Grant and Wilson, at No. 537 3d-av., between 35th and 36th-sts., THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Col. Chas. S. Spencer, Wm. R. Butler, and others, will address the meeting.
HUGH COLEMAN, Pres't. JAS. CUNNINGHAM, Vice-Pres't; JOHN O'ROURKE, ARTHUR HENRY, Sec's.

WORKING MEN TO THE FRONT.—The Eleventh Ward Working Men's Grant and Wilson Campaign Club will throw to the breeze a splendid banner in Avenue D, near 2d-st., THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Gen. Joseph C. Jackson and Col. T. B. Thorpe will address the multitude. JAMES DUNCAN, MATT. W. BERRYMAN, WM. H. ARMSTRONG, JAMES HILLIARD and JOHN GANGLOFF, Committee of Arrangements.

REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—Regular monthly meeting at Head-quarters, 23d-st. and Broadway, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, President.
JOHN J. O'BRIEN, WM. DRUMMOND, } Secretaries.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

At the Exchange, yesterday, Monday, Sept. 16, E. H. Ludlow & Co., by order of the Supreme Court. in foreclosure, under the direction of George P. Smith, Esq., referee, sold the property known as No. 58 Catherine-street, west side, 132 feet 9 inches south of Madison-street, embracing a lot 22 by 60, with a four-story brick store and tenement, in poor repair, on the same, for $16,500; purchased by Rachel Nebenzahl, plaintiff in the legal action. The same firm also sold, by order of the United States District Court, under the direction of John Sedgwick, assignee in the matter of John H. Blake, bankrupt, the interest of said bankrupt in five warrants for five tracts of public land, situate at Sioux City, Iowa, for $80 in the aggregate; purchaser, W. C. Kain. The legal sale by A. J. Bleecker & Co., noticed also for yesterday, of two stores, tenements and lots on Third-avenue, between One Hundred and Seventh and One Hundred and Eighth streets, was adjourned until Monday of next week, Sept. 23. In reference to the other sales of the day, namely, at West New-Brighton, Long Island, and at Mt. Vernon, Westchester County, particulars, if received, will be given to-morrow. The legal auction at Rye, Westchester County, under direction of Alfred T. Ackert, Esq., referee, noticed for Saturday last, by E. H. Ludlow & Co., did not take place as expected, but was adjourned until Oct. 12.

For to-day, at the Exchange, the following auctions are announced: Legal sale by E. H. Ludlow & Co., of plot of eight lots on One Hundred and Forty-first-street, 275 feet east of Eighth-avenue; also legal sale by same firm of four lots on Fifty-seventh-street, 375 feet west of Tenth-avenue. Legal sale by A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co., of four-story English basement brown-stone house and lot No. 54 Ninth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues. Legal sale by Muller, Wilkins & Co., of house and lot on One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street, between A and First avenues. Legal sale by James M. Miller, of house and lot on Sixty-eighth-street, between Fourth and Madison avenues, and public auction sale by same auctioneer of two four-story brown-stone front houses and lots on Madison avenue, between Eighty-third and Eighty-fourth streets.

The recent private sale by Burling & Atkinson (a new real estate firm, doing business at No. 130 Broadway,) is reported of thirty-two lots and gores on the north side of Seventy-first-street, forming block front between the Grand Boulevard and Eleventh-avenue, for $300,000, with taxes and assessments amounting to $10,000.

Attention is called to the notices of City real estate as published in our business columns, offered at private sale by Henry Ogden, successor to Ward & Ogden, Broadway, corner of Seventeenth-street; by Holmes Brothers, No. 46 East Twenty-third-street; by F. G. & D. Brown, No. 90 Broadway, and by Dye & Curtis, No. 508 Sixth-avenue.

Exchange Sales, Monday, Sept. 16, 1872.

NEW-YORK.

By E. H. Ludlow & Co.

1 4-story brick store and tenement and lot, No. 58 Catharine-st. w. s., 132.9 ft. s. of Madison-st., lot 22.1x60x22.5x60 .... $16,500

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

NEW-YORK.

Saturday, Sept. 14.

30th-st., s. s., 275 ft. w. of 10th-av., 25x98.9, h. and l.	$19,000
42d-st., s. s., 354.2 ft. w. of 5th av., h. and l., leasehold, 1868	21,000
62d-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of Madison-av., 50x100.5	28,000
74th-st., s. s., 325 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25.6x80	48,000
78th-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 1st-av., 25x73.1x25.4x68.7	3,000
88th-st., n. s., 450 ft. e. of 9th-av., 100x100.5	29,000
110th-st., s. s., 165 ft. e. of 4th-av., 25x175, husband to wife, b. and s.	nom.
123d-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Avenue A, 18.9x100.11	4,500
128th-st., s. s., 342 ft. e. of 6th-av., 18x99.11, h. and l.	15,500
148d-st., n. w. corner, 7th-av., 125x99.11	23,000
Avenue D, w. s., extending from 12th to 13th sts., 206.6x448, shop, &c.	210,000
3d-av., e. s., 80.5 ft. n. of 55th-st., 20x63	14,000
10th-av., e. s., 34.5 ft. s. of 55th-st., 21.9x100	8,775

LEASES RECORDED.

Mott-st., No. 289, 5 9-12 years, per year	$1,500
3d-av., No. 794, 9 8-12 years, per year	2,340

CITY REAL ESTATE.

JOHN W. WOODWARD.
No. 913 6th-av.,
offers for sale the following desirable houses:

West 34th-st., 3 s. e. b. b. s., 17x52x98.9	$20,000
38th-st., near 5th-av., 4 s. h. s. b. s., 23.6x60x98.9	55,000
East 38th-st., 3 s. h. s. b. s., 20x50x97.9	21,000
West 43d-st., 4 s. h. s. b. s., 21.5x55x100.5	30,000
West 47th-st., 3 s. h. s. b. s., 20x50x100.5	25,000
West 48th-st., 4 s. h. s. b. s., 20.10x56x100.5	32,000
West 50th-st., 3 s. e. b. b. s., 15x50x100.5	16,000
West 52d-st., 3 s. h. s. b. s., 20x50x100.5	26,000
East 73d-st., 3 s. h. s. b. s., 18.9x46x102.2	19,000
East 64th-st., 3 s. h. s. b. s., 20x45x100.5	14,500
Park-av., corner, 4 s. h. s. b. s., 16.8x60x80	45,000
Park-av., 4 s. h. s. b. s., 17x60x80	35,000

Others desirably located on avenues and side streets from $13,000.

V. K. STEVENSON & SON.
SEPTEMBER FREE LIST
of City houses, lots, &c., and forty-four pages valuable information of real estate, new complete City map, &c.
No. 11 Pine-st. and No. 226 5th-av.

THE CONVENIENT BROWN-STONE house, No. 210 East 46th-st., 15 by 50, lot 100, admirably planned and in perfect order: eleven rooms, very large bath-room, excellent kitchen, parlor, 15x23, hall 5 feet front 12 feet rear: abundance of plain bronze gas-fixtures; new carpets, oil-cloths, large pantries and store-rooms; will be sold a bargain by the owner only: can be seen at any time. Apply at No. 42 5th-av., between 8 and 9, and 1 and 3, and 7 and 9 evenings, of Dr. E. H. DIXON.

A LARGE WELL-FURNISHED house, containing City conveniences, together with stable and eleven lots, in best part of Morrisania, on high ground; will be sold at a bargain if applied for at once.
HENRY OGDEN, Late Ward & Ogden, Broadway, Corner 17th-st.

A PARK-AV. CHOICELY-LOCATED modern thoroughly-built four-story high-stoop massively-finished brown-stone dwelling, lot and gas-fixtures; house 25x65; owner going to Europe; will sell reasonably. V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st., and No. 226 5th-av.

BARGAINS IN MEDIUM AND FIRST-class houses on 5th-av., Madison-av., Lexington-av., and on all streets intervening, at prices from $18,000 to $125,000 each. Lots, lots also for sale.
A. WARNER PLATT,
No. 1,284 Broadway, between 33d and 34th sts.

A $26,500.—IN 50TH-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th avs.; house built by days' work for owner's use; four story, brown stone, 20x55x100.
SLAUSON, CRANK & CO., Broadway, corner 29th-st.

A BARGAIN.—BEAUTIFUL FOUR-STORY brown-stone high-stoop house in 54th-st., near 5th-av.; only $35,000.
SLAUSON, CRANK & CO., Broadway, corner 29th-st.

$28,000—FOR FOUR STORY, high stoop, brown stone, 18x50x100, just put in perfect order; good location; with possession. **RIKER, BESSE & CO., No. 5 Pine-st.**

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE—A very desirable four-story high-stoop brown-stone house, 20x55x100, on 31st-st., near 3d-av. Just put in perfect order. **JOHN S. PIERCE, No. 106 Broadway, corner Pine-st.**

FOR SALE—AN EXTRA LARGE HOUSE, on Gramercy Park; four story, high stoop, brown stone; 30 feet wide and extra depth; stable attached, on separate and extra wide lot; price asked, $100,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON 152D-ST., NEAR AVENUE St. Nicholas, a handsome residence, with all the improvements; stable and carriage-house attached; with sixteen lots of ground.
DYE & CURTISS, No. 508 6th-av.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone house, No. 117 West 32d-st., in splendid order; all the improvements; with or without furniture.
DYE & CURTISS, No. 508 6th-av.

FOR SALE—FOUR FIRST-CLASS FOUR-story brown-stone houses, Nos. 32 to 38 West 50th-st.; Columbia College lease; 20x55x100. Address OWNER, on the premises.

A VERY NEAT TWO-STORY FRENCH-roof house and four lots of land on 138th-st., near Grand Boulevard, for sale on easy terms. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

SIX VERY DESIRABLE LOTS ON West side, suitable for a tenement or store-house purposes; will be sold very cheap and on easy terms. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

CENTRAL PARK—5TH-AV.—FOR SALE, six lots on a corner of 5th-av., below 75th-st.; four lots on avenue and two on street. Particulars from HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

WANTED FOR AN INSTITUTION.—A large single house, or two that could be used together, anywhere on or west of 2d-av. and above 8th-st. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, 106 Broadway.

A SPLENDID WATER-FRONT ON East River for sale. For full particulars apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—A BROWN-stone front house, No. 239 President-st., between Court and Clinton, size 24x55 feet, lot 100 feet, three stories, basement and cellar; all the modern improvements and all in perfect condition; terms easy. Also, a new stone front, No. 344 Clinton-st., 20x45 feet, lot 100, all the improvements and built in the best manner. Apply to E. H. DAY, builder, No. 205 State-st., near Court, or No. 40 Schermerhorn.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

WE WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of real estate investors to properties we can offer for sale, situate in the lower end of Westchester County, or upon the island, on the east and west sides. FRANK G. & DAVISON BROWN, No. 90 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR LEASE, AT GREEN-point.—Four neatly finished new houses, conveniently arranged, with all the modern improvements; situated in the best part of Milton-st.; convenient to the ferries. Inquire on the premises of THOS. C. SMITH.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE or to let, Tenafly, Northern Railroad, New-Jersey. Apply to Dr. HATCH, No. 1,263 Broadway.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FISHER'S ISLAND,

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—This property, belonging to the estate of R. R. Fox, deceased, and containing several thousand acres, eligibly situated in the Sound, opposite Stonington, Mystic and New-London, Conn., is, by executor's order, offered for sale or lease as a whole or, as it is divided, in separate farms. It is unsurpassed for salubrity and coolness, and has great agricultural advantages, being capable of producing one thousand tons of hay annually and affording rich pasturage for large herds of cattle. It is well provided with harbors and is worthy the attention of yachtmen and sportsmen. The MANSION HOUSE is very large and roomy, and, with the adjacent buildings, can be readily fitted to accommodate one or two hundred boarders. Application and further inquiries may be made by letter, addressed to J. S. BLATCHFORD, No. 5 Pemberton-square, Boston.

FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

The homestead of the late A. G. Hazard, in the centre of the beautiful town of Enfield, Conn., about nine miles from Springfield and seventeen miles from Hartford. It comprises about forty-five acres of land, fronting on Enfield-st., and all the buildings desirable for a gentleman's residence; is situated near churches, schools and the Post-office, and about a mile from the Springfield and Hartford Railroad Depot. The location is healthful and pleasant, and only a half mile distant from the "Enfield Rapids," on the Connecticut River. The grounds are handsomely laid out, and well supplied with fruit and ornamental trees, hedges and green-houses. The house is of brick, stuccoed; has stone foundations, underpinning and trimmings; is comparatively new, and in perfect repair; built in the most thorough and substantial manner; elegantly finished; has all the modern conveniences and improvements; contains twenty-five good-sized rooms, two furnaces, bath-rooms, &c., and hot and cold water are carried into every part of the house. It has but few equals as a desirable country residence for a gentleman's family. Terms easy; or will exchange for other real estate or securities.
For further information apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or THOMAS BOND, No. 132 Broadway.

$2,500 CASH—REMAINDER BY INstallments and mortgage.—Tasteful twelve room cottage, thirty-eight minutes from Liberty-st.; express-trains, over best roads; low fares; sixty trains; house has modern fittings; lot extra large, with garden, fruit, shade, lawn; within 1,000 feet of depot; stable if required. Key at West Elizabeth Station. (N. J. C. R. R.) For further particulars, address OWNER, Box No. 184, Elizabeth, N. J.

FOR DESCRIPTION OF MOUNTAIN farm, good land, 161 acres, highest ground in the State, thirty-five miles from New-York, on a lake on the Hamburg Mountain, N. J., three miles from Hamburg, on the Midland Railroad, to be sold at auction on the ground Sept. 18 next, see advertisement in the *Tribune*, or apply to BAKER & GODWIN, Printers, *Tribune* Building.
DANIEL F. TOMPKINS, Newark, N. J.

MANUFACTURERS, ATTENTION!—RARE CHANCE.—A most valuable water power, half way between New-York and Philadelphia, on line of railway, together with extensive building site, is offered at a merely nominal price to parties contemplating the erection of factory buildings. Address, immediately, THOMPSON, No. 89 White-st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES lands and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A COUNtry-seat at Morristown; plenty of fruit and shade; in the midst of fine improvements; elevated and healthful; will be sold with from four to twenty-two acres, furniture, carriages, horses, &c. S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park-place.

BRICK CHURCH STATION, ORANGE, N. J.—$5,500, $8,000, $17,000; nine, ten, fourteen rooms; thoroughly built; all improvements; four minutes' walk from station. G. W. BOWERS, near station.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF THE JUNCTION RAILROAD.—Notice is hereby given, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Indiana, rendered on the 23d day of May, 1872, in a certain cause in Chancery, wherein Joseph C. Butler and Charles B. Foote, Trustees, were complainants, and the Junction Railroad Company, Morris K. Jesup and Charles Lanier, Trustees, and others were defendants; and also pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio, rendered on the 4th day of June, 1872, in a certain cause in Chancery wherein the said Morris K. Jesup and Charles Lanier, Trustees, were complainants, and the said Junction Railroad Company, and the said Joseph C. Butler and Charles B. Foote, Trustees, and others were defendants, the undersigned Receiver in the causes and Commissioner to make sale as designated in both said decrees, will on THURSDAY, the 19th day of September, 1872, at 12 o'clock noon, at the door of the Court-house of said Circuit Court of the United States in the City of Indianapolis, in the State of Indiana, offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, ($50,000 of which will be paid at the time of sale, and the balance on delivery of possession, and within thirty days from sale,) all the following property and franchises, viz.: The Railroad of the said Junction Railroad Company leading from the said City of Indianapolis, through the counties of Marion, Hancock, Shelby, Rush, Fayette, and Union, in the State of Indiana, and through the County of Butler in the State of Ohio to the City of Hamilton, in said County and State, together with all the franchises of said Company, its right of way, road-bed, track, switches, depots, water stations, cars, locomotives, machinery, fixtures and property of every kind whatsoever owned by said Company, excepting, however, one and one-half acres of ground situate near the Eastern boundary of said City of Indianapolis, claimed by Jonathan M. Ridenour, and which is specifically described in said first named decree, and thereby for the present exempted from sale.
The property and franchises aforesaid will be sold as an entirety, as will that portion thereof situate within the State of Ohio, as that situate within the State of Indiana, the said two decrees, which are concurrent and co-operative, so ordering and decreeing.
WILLIAM D. GRISWOLD,
Receiver and Commissioner to sell.

WILLIAM TRIST BAILEY, Auctioneer.
BY V. K. STEVENSON & SON.—VALUABLE Staten Island property at auction. Mr. S. Raynor will offer for sale at auction, on MONDAY, Sept. 30, 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, his very desirable property, situate at West New-Brighton, Staten Island, near the landing, on Richmond terrace, shore road and Kill Von Kull River, and on Trinity-place and Barker-st.; two lots on the shore road, fronting the river, one with the mansion-house and garden, beautifully situated, 42 feet front by 38 feet deep, containing sixteen rooms, with modern improvements and in good order: the other lot has a good barn and other outbuildings on rear, six water-lots in front of the above for business purposes, seven lots in the rear, one with a neat cottage. Maps and further particulars at the office, or of Mr. RAYNOR, No. 117 William-st.

RICHARD J. GARRETTSON, Auctioneer.
BY WINANS, SANDS & GARRETTSON, No. 55 Liberty-st.—Will sell at auction, Sept. 25, 1872, 700 elegant lots, in plots of 50x150 feet each or more, at MAYWOOD, (West Hackensack,) Midland Railroad, N. J. Special train 10 A. M. These beautiful lots, less than one hour from New-York, are worthy of attention. For maps, passes and full particulars apply to the auctioneers, No. 55 Liberty-st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

FURNISHED.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET
A. JOURNEAY,
NO. 43 1-2 LISPENARD-ST.

	Per year.
West 22d-st., three story	$2,400
West 48th-st., three story	2,800
West 24th-st., three story	3,000
West 36th-st., four story, near 5th-av.	4,800
West 45th-st., four story, bet. 5th and 6th avs.	3,600
West 23d-st., four story	4,200
East 50th-st., three story, near 5th-av.	2,400
East 59th-st., three story	2,400
East 40th-st., three story	3,600
Lexington-av., four story	3,000

A—FURNISHED HOUSES.—TO LET for Winter or year eighty-three beautifully-furnished houses; first-class localities, from 14th to 59th-st.; rents from $150 to $600 per month.
SLAUSON, CRANK & CO., Broadway, corner 29th-st.

WEST 43D-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—Four-story English-basement brick-house, fully furnished, with all improvements; rent $225 per month. Apply to AUSTIN ABBOTT, No. 249 West 38th-st., or to HOWARD PAYSON WILDS, No. 20 Nassau-st., Room No. 40.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE AT ELIZAbeth, N. J., with all the modern improvements of the very first-class; thirteen rooms; fine minutes' walk from depot; rent, $180 per month. Apply on the premises, No. 260 Broad-st., Elizabeth, or to W. WILLIAMS, No. 183 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET, FURNISHED, IN BROOKlyn, a three-story brown-stone house on South Oxford-st., in complete order; neighborhood unexceptionable; possession at once. J. O. HOYT & SON, No. 171 Broadway.

TO RENT.—FURNISHED—A FIRST-CLASS, comfortable, four-story English-basement house; situated on East 19th-st., between 4th-av. and Irving-place; will be rented at a reasonable price for the winter. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET, FURNISHED—THE FOUR-story brown-stone house No. 15 Park-av.; nicely furnished, and in perfect order. For permits apply to H. D. MILDEBERGER, No. 80 Carmine-st.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—Also, one very desirable for a doctor. For further particulars, inquire at No. 163 West 34th-st., one door from 7th-av.

UNFURNISHED.

NO. 840 LEXINGTON-AV., SOUTH-WEST corner of 64th-st., three story, high stoop, brown stone, in exquisite order. Apply on premises from 8 A. M. to 5 o'clock P. M.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY HIGH-stoop house, No. 140 West 27th-st., in splendid order; immediate possession.
DYE & CURTISS, No. 508 6th-av.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO LEASE—FOR A TERM of years, an unfurnished house, in good order, from Oct. 15; location between 20th and 38th sts., 4th and 6th avs.; will pay $3,000 to $4,000 rent. Address MERCHANT, Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

A YOUNG PROTESTANT MAN AND his mother wish to take charge of a gentleman's house while the family are in Europe; best of references. Address by letter Mrs. E. W., No. 9 West 14th-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.
AN ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY OF POPULAR LITERATURE AND SCIENCE.
JUST ISSUED,
THE OCTOBER NUMBER,
CONTAINING
NUMEROUS BEAUTIFUL ENGRAVINGS.
CONTENTS:

I. FROM LAKE SUPERIOR TO PUGET SOUND. Illustrated.
II. THE STRANGE ADVENTURES OF A PHAETON. A Serial Novel. By WILLIAM BLACK, author of "A Daughter of Heth." Chapters 25, 26.
III. MY PORTRAIT GALLERY. By Lady BLANCHE MURPHY.
IV. "C'EST L'AMOUR." A Poem. By MARY STEWART DOUBLEDAY.
V. MR. TWITCHELL'S INVENTIONS. A Story. By S. W. KELLOGG.
VI. PARISINE. By EDWARD DE LEON.
VII. A SUMMER BETWEEN THE FOUR SEAS. Concluding Paper. By SARAH B. WISTER.
VIII. MARK BLACK'S VENTURE. A Story. By J. T. MCKAY.
IX. SOMETHING ABOUT ETON. By an old Etonian, W. D. R.
X. PRIVATE ART COLLECTIONS OF PHILADELPHIA. By E. S. S. Mr. Henry C. Carey's Gallery.
XI. ALL ABOUT IT. A Story. By ELLA WILLIAMS THOMPSON.
XII. DRAWING-ROOM TACTICS.
XIII. THE LAUREATE SINGER. A Poem. By MARY B. DODGE.
XIV. CONVERSATIONS AT CASA TONTI. Conversation 2. By EDWARD HOWLAND.
XV. OUR MONTHLY GOSSIP:—Handbook for Newport; A Good Talker; The Great Brewers; Character at a Cat Show; Notes.
XVI. LITERATURE OF THE DAY.

For sale by all Book and News Dealers.
TERMS—Yearly Subscription, $4. Single Number, 35 cents.
SPECIMEN NUMBER mailed, postage paid, to any address on receipt of 25 cents.
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 715 and 717 Market-st., Philadelphia,
and No. 25 Bond-st., New-York.

"ON TRIAL."

The new independent Health monthly, THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH, sent three months for 25 cents, by S. R. WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

HON. FRANCIS KERNAN'S POLITICAL votes in Congress will be all found in McPHERSON'S HISTORY OF THE REBELLION, 8vo. 650 pages; cloth. Price $5, free by mail. Address PHILP & SOLOMONS, Publishers, Washington, D. C.

"ON TRIAL."—THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH, three months for 25 cents, by S. R. WELLS, New-York.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR HEAD-STONES FOR NATIONAL MILITARY CEMETERIES,
WAR DEPARTMENT,
QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 1, 1872.

Proposals are invited for marking the graves in the National Cemeteries, as required by law, to be addressed to the Quartermaster-General, Washington, D. C.
Proposals should state the price for each headstone, properly inscribed and set at the head of the grave in each National Military Cemetery.
Bids may be for the whole work of all the cemeteries, or for that of several cemeteries in a district, or for a single cemetery.
The bonds required will be, in amount, twenty (20) per cent. of the whole amount of each contract.
All proposals received by the Quartermaster-General will be opened on the 12th day of October, 1872, at noon, at the office of the Quartermaster-General, Washington, D. C., in presence of bidders, and contracts will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidders as soon as a comparison of the samples and prices can be completed, provided the samples are deemed suitable by the Secretary of War.
All samples should be distinctly marked in order to prevent mistakes.
Lists of the cemeteries, with the number of graves in each, together with full information as to conditions, requirements, &c., will be furnished on application in writing to the Quartermaster-General, Washington, D. C.
Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Head-stones for National Military Cemeteries," and addressed to the Quartermaster-General, Washington, D. C. M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General, Bvt. Major-General U. S. A.

BOARD OF ENGINEERS OF THE FOURTH-AVENUE IMPROVEMENT COMPANY. OFFICE, GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT, NEW-YORK, Sept. 5, 1872.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, at this office, until 2 o'clock of the 30th day of September, 1872, for all the work on the Fourth-avenue Improvement, between 79th-st. and Harlem River, embracing a large amount of heavy work, excavation, tunnels, walls, bridges, &c.
Plans, specifications and blank proposals will be in readiness at this office on the 11th day of September, on and after which time the Engineers will be present to make explanations.
ALLAN CAMPBELL, ALFRED W. CRAVEN, EDWARD H. TRACY, J. C. BUCKHOUT, } Board of Engineers Fourth-avenue Improvement.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
WEST POINT, N. Y., Sept. 15, 1872.
PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, ARE invited, and will be received at this office until 12 M. on the 20th day of October, 1872, for the following Quartermaster's supplies:
10,000 bushels State Oats.
200 tons Timothy Hay.
30 tons hand-thrashed Rye Straw.
All of the best quality.
Bidders must state, separately, the price at which they will deliver the oats, hay and straw, on the wharf at West Point, N. Y. To be delivered on or before the 10th day of November, 1872.
J. M. MARSHALL,
Lieutenant Fourth Artillery, Quartermaster United States M. A.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10, 1872.
PROPOSALS FOR ARMY WOOLEN STOCKINGS.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, in duplicate (where proper forms will be furnished,) until 12 o'clock M. on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 16, 1872, for the delivery, at the Schuylkill Arsenal, Philadelphia, of
50,000 pairs Army Woolen Stockings, to be of army standard, samples of which can be seen at this office.
L. C. EASTON,
Assistant Quartermaster General, U. S. A.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES SCRIBNER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Mitchells and A. B. Crane, No. 92 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of January next.—Dated New-York, the 8th day of July, 1872.
CLARENCE G. MITCHELL, JOHN BLAIR SCRIBNER, } Executors.
jy9-1aw6m

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM P. FURNISS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to Jacob D. Vermilye, one of the subscribers at the Merchants' National Bank, No. 42 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 8th day of January next.—Dated, New-York, the 24th day of June, 1872.
SOPHIA R. C. FURNISS,
MARGARET E. ZIMMERMAN,
JACOB D. VERMILYE,
jy2-1aw6mTu* Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE HARDEN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Robt. H. Aitell, Esq., No. 6 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of March next.—Dated New-York, the 16th day of September, 1872.
ELIZABETH HARDEN, Administratrix.
AMOS H. TROWBRIDGE, Administrator.
s17-1aw6mT

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHRISTIAN UHL, deceased, of the City of New-York, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of Samuel Hirsch, counsellor-at-law, at No. 319 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of February next.—Dated New-York, the 6th day of August, 1872. LOUISA UHL, Executrix.
au13-1aw6mA*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SUSAN VAN AUKEN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of S. Burkhalter, No. 188 Chambers-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 23d day of January next.—Dated New-York, the 16th day of July, 1872. STEPHEN BURKHALTER, ENOCH KETCHAM,
jy23-1aw6mTu* Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES C. CONROY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 22 Vesey-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 6th day of March next.—Dated New-York, the 26th day of August, 1872.
MICHAEL J. O'CONNOR, Executor.
au27-1aw6mTu*

FREELAND, A. M.—IN PURSUANCE OF an order of Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of A. M. FREELAND, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 438 West 34th-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of November next.—Dated New-York, the 10th day of May, 1872. SOPHIA FREELAND, Executrix.
my14-1aw6mTu*

MACHINERY.

DANGERS OF PLATFORM ELEVATORS OBVIATED.

The undersigned call attention to a new apparatus by which platform elevators of all kinds may be rendered perfectly safe. Independent of hoisting rope or springs, it acts only when the descending velocity exceeds a given safe rate. Unimpaired by wear or tension, it is always ready to prevent the evil consequences of broken ropes or other parts of the machinery. For further particulars apply to
TATHAM BROTHERS,
No. 82 Beekman-st.

FINANCIAL.

GUARANTEED BONDS

On a Completed Road.

THE CINCINNATI, RICHMOND,
AND
Fort Wayne Railroad Co.'s
FIRST MORTGAGE
7 Per Cent. Gold Bonds,

HAVING 30 YEARS TO RUN, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN, "not inferior to the present standard." Interest payable semi-annually in New-York, on the 1st day of June and December, and guaranteed jointly and severally by

The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad Company,
The Pennsylvania Company, and
The Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company.

The road is entirely completed and in operation, and extends from Fort Wayne, Indiana, to Richmond, 90 miles in the State of Indiana, and connects the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Railway, the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad, and the whole system of roads under the control of the Pennsylvania Company in Indiana and Michigan, with the Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroad to Cincinnati and Southern Ohio and Indiana. The road is leased for 99 years to the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company, and operated by it for the joint account of the guarantors, and by a contract entered into between the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company, the Pennsylvania Company, lessees of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Railway, and the Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroad Company, for reciprocal interchange of business; all these Companies agree to throw all their freight and passenger traffic which may be appropriately done over this road, thus insuring it, from the outset, a large volume of business. The holders of these Bonds are thus trebly secured:

First—By a first mortgage on a finished road now in full operation.

Secondly—By a contract for interchange of business with three prosperous and powerful corporations, controlling in its favor a vast amount of business.

Thirdly—By the direct and absolute guarantee, jointly and severally, by INDORSEMENT ON THE BONDS by the above-mentioned three Companies.

The whole issue of the Bonds is $1,800,000, or $20,000 per mile, and but a limited amount are now offered to investors, Price, 92 1-2 and Interest. Circulars and information furnished by

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
No. 27 Pine-st.

TWENTY PER CENT. INVESTMENT.

THE AMERICAN BRIDGE CO.,
OF CHICAGO, ILL.,
L. B. BOOMER, of Chicago, President.
(ORGANIZED AUG. 1, 1870.)
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK, $1,000,000.
The Subscription Books will Positively Close Oct. 1, 1872.

The whole amount of the authorized Capital Stock of this Company not having been issued, the balance will be issued to subscribers at par, payment for same to be made in four installments of 25 per cent. each, viz.:

Twenty-five per cent. July 15, 25 per cent. Aug. 1, 25 per cent. Sept. 1, and 25 per cent. Oct. 1, 1872. Past due installments to be paid with interest at the time of subscription,

Books now open at the office of the undersigned will be positively closed at 3 P. M., Oct. 1, 1872.

The total amount of full-paid stock issued at this time is **$414,700**, and on this basis the Company shows a present surplus of **$136,280 97**, and is now doing a flourishing business. Over 1,000 men are almost constantly employed in their extensive works, and they now have on hand **$2,500,000** of work for various railroads in the United States, (among which may be mentioned the **Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, Chicago and North-western, Missouri, Kansas and Texas, Michigan Central, Missouri Pacific, &c.,**) and the net profit on this work alone will be over **$400,000.** The Company is n w offered work to the amount of more than **$6,000,000**, including some of the largest bridges ever built in this country; to accept of which and further business necessitates a larger working capital, as immense amounts of material have to be kept constantly on hand, and the Company are frequently obliged to receive in part payment for their work railroad and other bonds, which are perfectly good securities, but not always immediately marketable.

The THIRTY ACRES *of land in Chicago belonging to the Company, and on which their extensive machine and other shops are situated, is now worth nearly* $300,000, *and prominent real estate dealers say it will be worth in six years, at least* $1,000,000—*an amount equal to the whole proposed capital.*

The career of the AMERICAN BRIDGE COMPANY, though brief, has already fully demonstrated the profitableness of the enterprise. The Company has constructed since its organization, and up to the 31st of December, 1871, a total of 28,137 feet of bridges, 18 turning-tables and 16 iron roofs, and pneumatic and screw pile substructures, costing **$3,400,000**, and have facilities for the construction of pneumatic piles unsurpassed by any Company in the country, and a capacity for the construction of at least 150 feet of bridges for every working day in the year.

The iron railroad and highway bridge at Leavenworth, of three spans of 340 feet each, and the Union Pacific Bridge across the Missouri River, of eleven spans of 250 feet each, were constructed by this Company.

The net profit arising from this business, as shown by the books of the Company, up to the 31st of March, 1872, was the sum of **$373,482 14**, or at the rate of **$224,089 28** per annum, being over **50** per cent. upon the capital stock then outstanding. With the proposed new structures, machinery, &c., the Company will have much greater capacity, and the proceeds of the increased issue of stock will enable them to buy material for cash, thereby making a saving of from **$50,000** to **$75,000** per year.

The Company can undoubtedly, on above basis, make dividends of from **20** to **25** per cent. per annum on the full amount of capital, **$1,000,000**, with a fair prospect of a considerable increase.

The undersigned are prepared to give to those inquiring the fullest details and entire satisfaction regarding the reliability of the Company's statements, and the unquestioned integrity and ability of its officers.

We confidently commend to capitalists the above as an investment worthy their attention.

MARVIN BROS.,
BANKERS,
No. 49 Exchange-place, New-York,
Sole Financial Agents in the East.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

COOK COUNTY 7s.
CHICAGO PARK 7s.
Full particulars on application.
For sale by
GREENEBAUM BROTHERS & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 216 BROADWAY.

OFFICE NEW-YORK FLOATING DRY DOCK COMPANY, NO. 254 SOUTH-ST., NEW-YORK, Aug. 31, 1872.
WE, THE UNDERSIGNED TRUSTEES of a series of bonds made by the New-York Floating Dry Dock Company, and secured by deed of trust made to us for the same, of one hundred thousand dollars, said deed dated 1st of November, 1870, we Trustees hereby give notice to holders of same that the principal and interest will be paid on presentation at the office of the New-York Floating Dry Dock Company, No. 254 South-st.
Notice is given herewith that the interest on same will cease on 1st day of October next.
FRANCIS SKIDDY, WM. L. COGSWELL, } Trustees.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS, AND ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON.

RAILROAD, STATE, CITY AND COUNTY BONDS bought and sold by
HANNA BROS.,
No. 11 Wall-st., and No. 2 New-st.
Investment securities a specialty.

FINANCIAL.

SAFE AND PROFITABLE.

THE
CHICAGO
AND
CANADA SOUTHERN
First Mortgage Sinking Fund 30 Years
SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS
Interest Payable April and October, at the Union Trust Company,
AT 90 AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

This road is the Western link in the new AIR LINE from BUFFALO to CHICAGO, and runs from the Detroit River to Chicago in nearly a straight line.

The road is a part of the same line as the Canada Southern and is being built by the same men, viz.: Milton Courtright, John F. Tracy, David Dows, Wm. L. Scott, Henry Farnam, R. A. Forsyth, Jno. M. Burke, M. L. Sykes, Jr., all Directors either in the Chicago and North-west or the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific; George Opdyke, of the Midland Road; Sidney Dillon, Daniel Drew, John Ross, David Stewart, Samuel J. Tilden, Kenyon Cox, and other prominent railroad men.

The Road, like the Canada Southern, will have steel rails (60 pounds to the yard) throughout; is STRAIGHT AND LEVEL, MUCH SHORTER, and can be run with greater speed and safety than any other road connecting with Buffalo and Chicago.

The builders of the road control enough of its Chicago feeders to obtain for it a profitable business from the start, having projected the line to accommodate existing business, and having seen the necessity for another trunk line between Chicago and the Atlantic sea-board, located expressly with the view of obtaining the cheapest transportation practicable. Rapid progress is being made in the construction of the Road, and it will be finished at the earliest practicable period.

The branch lines will make the shortest connections between Chicago and Toledo, and Chicago and Detroit, as well as between all these points and Buffalo.

The Canada Southern Bonds, in every particular like these, were eagerly taken, the last of them several weeks ago, by the best class of investors, and were on the market a shorter time than any other railroad loan of like amount for years past.

The proceeds of these bonds will complete the entire line, and we recommend them with the same confidence as we did the Canada Southern, and regard them as in every way a choice security.

Pamphlets and all information furnished by

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER
BANKERS, NO. 10 WALL-ST.,
WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 27 PINE-ST.

THE INDIANA AND ILLINOIS CENTRAL

RAILWAY COMPANY'S
First Mortgage 7 Per Cent.
SINKING FUND
GOLD BONDS,
FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.

An East and West Air Line of 152 Miles, Indianapolis, Ind., to Decatur, Ill.

This road passes through a belt of the best settled and richest agricultural and mineral country of Indiana and Illinois, averaging thirty miles in width with no other East and West railway built or projected through it. It crosses, in Parke and Vermillion Counties, the rich

BLOCK COAL FIELD

of Indiana, which alone will supply an ample business.

Thirty miles through Douglass County, Illinois, just completed, opened and paid for.

Whole Western Division Montezuma to Decatur, eighty-five miles, to be finished in 1872. Grading nearly done and materials (except iron) already procured; bridge over Wabash ready for superstructure.

Eastern Division, sixty-seven miles, partly graded, and to be finished in 1873.

$1,300,000 IN CASH ALREADY EXPENDED ON THE ROAD, AND $1,500,000 REMAINING TO BE CALLED FROM TWENTY SUBSCRIBERS, AMONG WHOM ARE **W. H. GUION, SIDNEY DILLON, JAY COOKE & CO., CLARK, DODGE & CO., J. SELIGMAN, VIBBARD, FOOTE & CO.,** AND **PAUL S. FORBES,** OF NEW-YORK; **BENJ. E. BATES,** OF BOSTON; **HENRY LEWIS,** OF PHILADELPHIA, AND **G. M. PULLMAN,** OF CHICAGO.

Besides its right of way the Company owns 32,000 acres of land, chiefly in Indiana, of which 2,000 acres are the best BLOCK COAL LANDS. It has also SUBSCRIPTIONS IN BONDS AND CASH from counties, towns and individuals of $700,000.

The road connects at both termini with the most important THROUGH RAILWAY LINES of the West, and being by many miles shorter than any other line, will be indispensable to them, while its local business alone will insure good dividends on its stock.

Bonds $1,000 each, payable to Union Trust Company, Trustee or bearer, July 1, 1901, in gold coin. Coupons, also in gold, payable Jan. 1 and July 1, in New-York or at Union Bank of London, at fixed exchange of £7 sterling.

SINKING FUND of 2½ per cent. a year on gross earnings to be invested by Trustee in Bonds at not exceeding par.

For sale at 90 and accrued interest, by the Financial agents of the Company,

WALKER, ANDREWS & CO.,
No. 14 Wall-st.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY,

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
Nos. 261 AND 263 BROADWAY, CORNER OF WARREN-ST.
Capital, - - - - - $1,000,000

Pays Four per Cent. Interest per Annum on Deposit, Subject to Check at Sight.
Pays Five Per Cent. Interest Per Annum on Special Deposits Remaining Six Months or Longer.

ACTS AS TRUSTEE FOR ESTATES,
and especially for
RAILROAD MORTGAGE BONDS.
D. R. MANGAM, President.
B. L. SOLOMON, First Vice-President.
B. F. BANCROFT, Second Vice-President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO.,

BANKERS,
NO. 74 BROADWAY.
Letters of Credit for travelers; and Bills of Exchange issued on all the principal cities of Europe.
Correspondents in London:
CITY BANK OF LONDON.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK, PROVIDENCE AND BOSTON RAILROAD COMPANY, STONINGTON, Conn., Sept. 9, 1872.
The stockholders of this Company are hereby notified that their annual meeting for an election of Directors for the ensuing year, and also for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the Company's office, in the City of Providence, State of Rhode Island, on TUESDAY, the 24th day of September, inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. The poll will be open from 10½ to 11 o'clock A. M.
Transfer-books will be closed from the 16th to the 28th inst. F. B. NOYES, Secretary.

GREAT WESTERN MARINE INSURANCE STOCK for sale by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

FINANCIAL.

TRAFFIC GUARANTEE AND REDEMPTION BONDS.

7 per cent. Gold Interest. Mortgage $15,000 per Mile. Completed and Fully Equipped Railway, 228 miles Long, entirely within the State of Illinois. First Mortgage, Sinking Fund, Gold Bonds of the Springfield and ILLINOIS South-eastern Railway, Interest payable February and August, Free of Government Tax, at the Office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company in New-York.

PRICE 90 AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

These Bonds, representing an unusually light Mortgage upon a Finished Railway, fully Equipped, extending centrally through one of the Richest and most Populous States of the Union, remarkable for the great success of its different Railways, offer unusual inducements to the investor seeking a PROFITABLE AND SAFE SECURITY.

The holder of this Bond has the right to vote at all elections. By the terms of a Traffic Guarantee Contract with the well-known CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI, AND INDIANAPOLIS RAILWAY, (four of whose Directors, including the President and Vice-President, are also DIRECTORS IN THE SPRINGFIELD AND ILLINOIS SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY.)

A large number of these Bonds will be purchased by lot semi-annually at Par and accrued interest, giving the fortunate holders Eleven per cent. Profit on their investment, besides nearly nine per cent. interest.

We respectfully invite the attention of all capitalists to this security, as a particularly safe and desirable one.

Pamphlets and Maps, with full particulars, furnished by us on written or personal application.

JONES & SCHUYLER,
No. 12 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK,
Financial Agents of the Company.

ELEVEN PER CENT.

INVESTMENT.
FIRST-CLASS SECURITY.
STATE LOAN OF ARKANSAS,
7 PER CT. THIRTY-YEAR BONDS.
A LIMITED NUMBER ARE OFFERED
AT 70 CENTS
AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

In these Bonds "the faith and credit of the State are solemnly and irrevocably pledged for the payment and redemption on the principal and interest of each and every bond."

THE
ARKANSAS CENTRAL RAILWAY,
BY
SPECIAL MORTGAGE INDORSEMENT
PLEDGE THEIR SPLENDID ENDOWMENT OF LANDS, RAILROAD ROLLING STOCK, STATION-HOUSES AND ALL OTHER PROPERTY FOR THE FAITHFUL PAYMENT OF INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL, MAKING THIS A
DOUBLE AND UNDOUBTED SECURITY.

Interest payable April and October, at the Union Trust Company, New-York.
Maps, circulars, pamphlets, giving full particulars of the loan, to be had by addressing
WILLIAMS & BOSTWICK,
Bankers, No. 49 Wall-st.,
NEW-YORK.

BY HENSHAW & BROTHER,
At Merchants' Exchange Reading-Room Boston, at 12 o'clock M.,
SATURDAY, SEPT. 21,
$450,000
(Four-hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars) in
CITY OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.,
WATER LOAN,
5 PER CENT. BONDS OF $1,000 EACH,
Redeemable in 1900, Principal and Interest Payable in
GOLD COIN.
COUPONS ATTACHED FOR SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST
IN GOLD.
Payable Jan. 1 and July 1, at the National Revere Bank, Boston.

A sinking fund is created for the payment of the same, and if desired the Bonds may be Registered for payment of principal and interest, at the City Treasury, Providence, R. I. Every inhabitant of the City of Providence, R. I., is holden in his real estate for this indebtedness.

Will be sold for Currency, for principal and accrued interest. If desired by the purchaser the accrued interest will be anticipated in GOLD.

FIRE REINSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA.

Cash Capital $500,000, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

This Company is chartered by the State of New-York; is the first institution of the kind in this country, and is modeled after the Reinsurance Companies so long and favorably known in Germany, Austria and Russia for their large dividends.
There is no personal liability of stockholders.

DIRECTORS:
EMIL SAUER, President German-American Bank.
Gen. JOHN A. DIX, No. 3 West 21st-st.
THOMAS W. PEARSALL, No. 52 Wall-st.
WILLIAM MILES, President Sixpenny Savings Bank.
GEO. P. POLLEN, formerly of Pollen & Colgate, No. 9 Waverley-place.
LEOPOLD SCHMIDT, of Jansen, Schmidt & Ruperti, No. 68 Broad-st.
FRED'K KUHNE, of Knauth, Nachod & Kühne, No. 51 Broad-st.
S. S. MARSHALL, of Marshall & Verplank, White Plains.
SAMUEL LEGGETT, No. 424 East 23d-st.
THOMAS VARKER, of Lord & Taylor.
LANCASTER UNDERHILL, No. 634 Broadway.
WM. H. COX, Cashier Mechanics' National Bank.
SAMUEL L. PARSONS, No. 163 Broadway.
JOHN W. DIX, No. 3 West 21st-st.
C. H. MEDAY, No. 542 Washington-st.
ADAM S. CAMERON, foot of East 23d-st.
JULIEN L. MYERS, of Laurence, Myers & Co., No. 35 South William-st.
S. MORRIS LOCKE, of Locke & Montague, No. 44 Cliff-st.
JAMES C. COURTER, Mayor of the City of Yonkers.
WM. H. SCHERMERHORN, No. 260 West 52d-st.
CHARLES A. SILLIMAN, of Silliman & Co., No. 17 Coenties-slip.
OSCAR SMEDBERG, Counselor-at-law, No. 63 Wall-st.

SAMUEL LEGGETT, President.
JOHN W. DIX, Vice-President.
SAMUEL L. PARSONS, Secretary.
Temporary office, No. 163 Broadway.

The undersigned have been appointed Commissioners by the Board of Directors to receive subscriptions to the capital stock of the "Fire Reinsurance Company," and will open books for such subscriptions on MONDAY, Sept. 2, 1872, at the German-American Bank, No. 120 Broadway.
EMIL SAUER.
WILLIAM MILES.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY COMPANY, OFFICE, NO. 88 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 7, 1872.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE bondholders and stockholders of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway Company for the election of three directors, to fill vacancies caused by the expiration of terms of service, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 353 West 4th-st., Cincinnati, Ohio, THURSDAY, Oct. 10, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M.
The transfer-books will be closed from 2 o'clock P. M. the 14th day of September instant, until 10 o'clock A. M. the 14th day of October next.
By order. W. M. WALTON, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

MIDLAND FIRST MORTGAGE

7 Per Cent. Gold Bonds,
ISSUED BY THE MONTCLAIR RAILWAY CO.
AND
GUARANTEED BY NEW-YORK MIDLAND.

The MONTCLAIR is the DIRECT and SHORT LINE OF THE MIDLAND through New-Jersey. Its bonds are issued on the basis of half cost. They are GUARANTEED. It is a home road, running DIRECT FROM THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, assured of a large business and a fine future. THIS BOND OFFERS AN ADVANTAGE OVER ALL THE OTHER MIDLAND FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, IN THAT, WITH EQUAL SECURITY, IT IS LESS IN PRICE.
We commend it to investors.
For sale by
Allen, Stephens & Co.,
BANKERS,
NO. 25 PINE-ST.

WOOD & DAVIS,

BANKERS
AND
DEALERS IN RAILROAD BONDS,

Keep on hand a variety of choice bonds to supply investors, furnish bonds advertised on the market at subscription prices, execute orders for Government securities, gold and railroad stocks, and do a
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,
NO. 31 PINE-ST.
C. D. WOOD, SAM'L D. DAVIS.
Formerly of Vermilye & Co.

Geo. Opdyke & Co.,

BANKERS.
No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

ACCOUNTS OF BANKS, BANKERS, CORPORATIONS, FIRMS AND INDIVIDUALS SOLICITED.
DEPOSITORS ENJOY THE SAME ADVANTAGES AS WITH INCORPORATED BANKS—**FOUR PER CENT.** ON DAILY BALANCES, CREDITED MONTHLY.
COLLECTIONS MADE AT LOWEST RATES.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES A SPECIALTY.

FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD BONDS.

We offer for sale a limited amount of the LEAVENWORTH, ATCHISON AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY'S FIRST MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT. BONDS, INTEREST GUARANTEED BY THE PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY OF MISSOURI.
The Bonds are due Oct. 1, 1889. Interest payable April 1 and Oct. 1, AT THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE. Whole amount of the loan $500,000.
The Road runs from Leavenworth to Atchison, Kansas, 21 131-1000 miles, and is leased to the Pacific Railroad of Missouri until Dec. 31, 1889. By the terms of this lease the Leavenworth, Atchison and North-western Railroad receives 45 per cent. of the gross earnings, but never less than $42,500 per annum.
THE PACIFIC RAILROAD OF MISSOURI AGREES TO DEPOSIT THE SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST ON THESE BONDS IN THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.
The Road has been in operation under this lease for the past two years.
We can, therefore, confidently recommend these Bonds as a first-class security in every respect, and advise investment in them, as we are enabled to offer them at the LOW PRICE OF 85 AND ACCRUED INTEREST.
HALLGARTEN & CO., No. 28 Broad-st.
NORTHRUP & CHICK, No. 6 Wall-st.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY, No. 145 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Sept. 11, 1872.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Western Union Telegraph Company will be held at the executive office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9, 1872, at 12 o'clock, noon.
The transfer-books will be closed for this purpose, at the close of business on the 19th inst., and will be opened on the morning of the 10th October.
GEO. H. MUMFORD, Secretary.

BONDS OF CITY OF ST. PAUL, MINN., Eight per Cent. Semi-annual interest in New-York.
For sale at par and interest by
FITCH, OTIS & CO., Bankers,
No. 11 Pine-st., New-York.

TO INVESTORS.—HOWES & MACY, NO. 30 Wall-st., New-York, have for sale choice nearby railroad bonds, bearing 7 per cent. interest in gold at 90 and accrued interest. Also, bonds of first-class cities North and South, bearing 8 per cent. interest at 90 to 103½ per cent.

DIVIDENDS.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, Sept. 10, 1872.
AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Directors held this day it was
Resolved, That a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Company be paid on the 15th day of October next at the office of Duncan, Sherman & Co., in the City of New-York, and that a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the outstanding Consolidation Certificates of this Company be paid on the same day at the Union Trust Company in the City of New-York.
The transfer books for both capital stock and Consolidation Certificates will be closed at the close of business on WEDNESDAY, the 18th inst. and reopened on the morning of the 21st of October next.
C. C. CLARKE, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE CUMBERLAND COAL AND IRON COMPANY, NO. 71 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Sept. 10, 1872.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., payable on the 1st day of October next. The transfer-books will be closed from Sept. 19 to Oct. 1. J. RICHARDS, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums.
Interest commences from first January, April, July, and October. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.
Nos. 396 and 398 CANAL-ST., corner of Laight.
SIX per cent. interest on $5 to $5,000.
Money deposited now will bear interest from Oct. 1.
ASSETS, $10,358,279 88.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER of the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Harlem River, in the City of New-York.
We, the undersigned Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit:
That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to E. B. Hart, Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, No. 32 Nassau-street, Room No. 24, in the said City, on or before the 8th day of October, 1872, and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days next after the said 8th day of October, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days, at 12 o'clock M.
That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also all the affidavits, estimates and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works in the City of New-York, there to remain until the 21st day of October, 1872.
That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid are as follows, to wit: All those lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being on both sides of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth-street, between Eighth-avenue and the Harlem River, and extending on either side of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth-street, half the distance to the next street thereto, in said City of New-York.
That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a special term thereof, to be held in the new Court-house at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 12th day of November, 1872, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.
Dated NEW-YORK, Sept. 2, 1872.
E. B. HART, J. S. HENNESSY, H. A. NELSON, } Commissioners.

FURNITURE.

[ESTABLISHED 1807.]
B. M. COWPERTHWAIT & CO.,
155 Chatham-street,
FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
PARLOR SUITES,
CHAMBER SUITES,
DINING-ROOM SUITES,
MIRRORS, DESKS,
and a general and varied assortment of every description of
FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,
MATTRESSES & BEDDING,
at VERY LOW PRICES for cash.
Payments by Installments, if Desired.

ZERO REFRIGERATOR.
With water-cooler. Best in the world. ALEX. M. LESLEY, No. 224 West 23d-st. Refrigerators repaired.

SHIPPING.

Reduction in Passage Rates.

ANCHOR LINE.

EXPRESS PASSENGER STEAMERS SAIL FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other route or line.

THE NEW DEPARTURES.

SATURDAY STEAMERS.		WEDNESDAY STEAMERS.	
India	Sept. 21	Olympia	Sept. 18
California	Sept. 28	Trinacria	Sept. 25
Australia	Oct. 5	Lorne	Oct. 2
Columbia	Oct. 12	Alexandria	Oct. 9
Europa	Oct. 19	Britannia	Oct. 16
Angelia	Oct. 26	Caledonia	Oct. 30

As noon, from Pier No. 20 North River, New-York. Currency rates of passage to London, Liverpool, Glasgow, or Derry, by Wednesday's steamers, $80; by Saturday's steamers, $85 and $75; excursion tickets, $130; intermediate, $33; steerage, $28. Certificates at lowest rates can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.

Apply at the Company's offices to

HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK. FROM NEW-YORK.

Cuba....Wed'sday, Sept. 18 | Batavia....Saturday, Sept. 21
Scotia...Wed'sday, Sept. 25 | Siberia....Saturday, Sept. 28
Java....Wed'sday, Oct. 2 | Parthia....Saturday, Oct. 5
China....Wed'sday, Oct. 9 | Calabria....Saturday, Oct. 12
Russia...Wed'sday, Oct. 16 | Pereire....Saturday, Oct. 19

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, $80, $100 and $120, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $95, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp, and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports. For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green; for steerage passage, at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

PASSENGERS PER STEAM-SHIP CUBA embark from the Cunard Wharf, foot of Grand-st., Jersey City, at 4 P. M., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18, 1872. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW-YORK, CORK AND LIVERPOOL.
NEW AND POWERED STEAM-SHIPS,
THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD.
OCEANIC, BALTIC, ADRIATIC,
REPUBLIC, CELTIC, GERMANIC, ATLANTIC,
BRITANNIC.

6,000 tons burden—3,000-horse power each.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

BALTIC.....Sept. 21, 8½ A. M.
ATLANTIC.....Sept. 28, 2½ P. M.
OCEANIC.....Oct. 12, 7½ A. M.

From the White Star Dock, Jersey City. Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloon, state-rooms, smoking-room and bath-rooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

RATES—Saloon, $80, gold steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the Old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $33, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information, apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New York.

Bills of lading issued through to Continental ports.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF NEW-YORK....Thursday, Sept. 19, 7 A.M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, Sept. 21, 8 A.M.
CITY OF BALTIMORE....Thursday, Sept. 26, 1 P.M.
CITY OF MONTREAL....Saturday, Sept. 28, 1 P.M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS....Thursday, Sept. 26, 1 P.M.
CITY OF ANTWERP....Thursday, Oct. 3, 2 P.M.
and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold.		Payable in Currency.	
First cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
To London	80	To London	30
To Paris	90	To Paris	38

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

Through drafts issued, and bills given on shipments of goods to Havre and Antwerp.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's office. JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

NATIONAL LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FORTNIGHTLY TO AND FROM LONDON DIRECT.
From Piers Nos. 41 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
ITALY, THOMPSON....Saturday, Sept. 21, at 8 A. M.
HOLLAND, BRAGG....Saturday, Sept. 28, at 2 P. M.

TO LONDON DIRECT.
DENMARK, SUMNER, Wed'sday, Sept. 25, at 11:30 A. M.
THE QUEEN, THOMAS, Wed'sday, Oct. 9, at 9½ A. M.

These steamships are

THE LARGEST IN THE TRADE.

Cabin passage.....$75 and $85, currency
Steerage.....$28, currency
Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow or London, $32, currency.

For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.

P. W. J. HURST, Manager.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

WASHINGTON.....BOUSSAIN....Saturday, Sept. 21
ST. LAURENT.....LEMARIE....Saturday, Oct. 5
FRANCE.....DARRE....Saturday, Oct. 19
VILLE DE PARIS...SURMONT....Saturday, Nov. 2

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.

First cabin.....$125 | Second cabin.....$75

Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN.)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron-screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY as follows:

IDAHO, Capt. PRICE.....Sept. 18, at 3 P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. MORGAN.....Sept. 25, at 12 M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. T. W. PRICE.....Oct. 2, at 2 P. M.
MANHATTAN, Capt. Jas. PRICE...Oct. 9, at 3½ A. M.
NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH.....Oct. 16, at 3 P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. PRICE.....Oct. 23, at 11 A. M.

Cabin passage, $80, gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO

CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA.

CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO

ASPINWALL, PANAMA, SANTA MARTHA, GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU AND CHILI.

Steamers leave 16th 24th and 30th each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

Sept. 20.—Steamer OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. JEFF MATHY, will leave Pier No. 42 North River, at 12 o'clock noon, for Aspinwall direct, connecting at Panama with steamer SACRAMENTO, Capt. ——, touching at Acapulco, Manzanillo and Mazatlan, and also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Departures of 16th and 30th each month connect with the Company's steamer, touching at San Benito, Tomata, Salina Cruz and Port Angel. Freight for all way ports received until 4 P. M. of Sept. 18.

Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC will leave San Francisco, Oct. 1, 1872, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight and all further information, apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st.

F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, Sept. 17, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 2 P. M.

MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
No. 62 South-st.

GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MALLORY, THURSDAY, Sept. 19, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 2 P.M.

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. HAZARD, SATURDAY, Sept. 21, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 2 P. M.

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, Sept. 21, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.

H. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 93 West-st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

C. D. OWENS, GEORGE YONGE,
Agent A. G. & G. R. R., Agent C. R. R.,
No. 229 Broadway. No. 405 Broadway

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.

—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 21 Duane-st., corner of Broadway.

SHIPPING.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

TRI-WEEKLY LINE.

Sailing every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, from Pier No. 29 North River, at 3 P. M.

The steam-ships

SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. J. T. RICKETT, Tuesday, Sept. 17.

MANHATTAN, Capt. M. S. WOODHULL, Thursday, Sept. 19.

CHARLESTON, Capt. JAMES BERRY, Saturday, Sept. 21.

Superior accommodations for passengers. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued in connection with the South Carolina Railroad to all points South and South-west, and over the North-western Railroad to Florence, Cheraw, and all points on the Cheraw and Darlington Railroad, and with steamers to Florida ports. Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT. Goods forwarded free of commission. Bills of lading furnished and signed at the office. Local Freight and Freight Office, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

HENRY R. MORGAN & CO., Agents.

For through freight tariff, or further information in reference to through freight, apply to

BENTLEY D. HASELL,
General Agent Great Southern Freight Line,
No. 317 Broadway.

TOUR ROUND THE GLOBE.

Mr. Thomas Cook, the well-known tourist of No. 98 Fleet-st., London, will leave Liverpool, by steamer Oceanic or the White Star line, on THURSDAY, Sept. 26, with a party of ladies and gentlemen for a tour round the globe.

The route from New-York will be via Niagara Falls, Chicago, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Yokohama, Hong Kong, Calcutta, Suez Canal, Brindisi, Mount Cenis and London, with arrangements for

THE NILE AND PALESTINE.

Fare for the entire round, first class, with sixty days' hotel, $1,500, gold.

Thirty days' tent and saddle life in Palestine.

Ten days on Nile to first cataract and back; $500, gold, additional.

Several Americans will join the party at New-York and Chicago.

Further information apply to E. M. JENKINS, Alleghany, Penn., American Representative of Thos. Cook & Son, who is authorized to book passengers for this tour.

Messrs. Thomas Cook & Son will open an office in New-York, under the firm name of COOK, SON & JENKINS, in January next, for the sale of Cook's tourist tickets to all parts of Europe and the East.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 22d of every month.

NORTH AMERICA, Capt. SLOCUM.....Sept. 23
MERRIMACK, Capt. WEIR.....Oct. 23
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TUKLEPAUGH.....Nov. 23

These splendid steamers sails on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

CRESCENT CITY, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, (via Nassau) Sept. 19.
MISSOURI, Capt. M. R. GREENE, Sept. 26.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. H. MORTON, Oct. 3.

For freight or passage apply to

A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.

HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ, New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 3 N. River, at 3 P. M., direct to Havana.

CITY OF MERIDA, Timmerman...Thurs., Sept. 19.
CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana only.)..Wed. Sept. 25
CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only,) Wed., Oct. 2.
CITY OF MEXICO, Sherwood.....Wed., Oct. 9

For freight or passage apply to

F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.,

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer CRESCENT CITY, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, will sail on THURSDAY, Sept. 19, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to

A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR PUERTA PLATA, SAMANA AND

ST. DOMINGO CITY.—The United States mail steam-ship TYBEE, Capt. E. A. DELANOY, will leave Pier No. 43 North River, on SATURDAY, Sept. 21, at 3 P. M. Bills of exchange on Puerta Plata, Samana and San Domingo City, in sums to suit purchasers, for sale. For freight or passage apply to

SPOFFORD BROTHERS & CO., No. 29 Broadway

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should not leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition and an infinity of annoyances, to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. The most competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

STEAMBOATS.

NARRAGANSETT STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

FALL RIVER LINE

FOR BOSTON, via NEWPORT and FALL RIVER.

Daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 5:15 P. M.,

From Pier No. 28 North River, foot Murray-st.

The world-renowned steamers

BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE,

Capt. A. G. SIMMONS, Capt. B. M. SIMMONS.

The most direct route to Taunton, Middleboro, Plymouth, New-Bedford, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket, and all points on the South Shore and Cape Cod Railway. Also, through tickets to Framingham, Fitchburg, Lowell, Concord, Nashua, Manchester, Lawrence, Plymouth, the WHITE MOUNTAINS, and all points north. Promenade concerts every evening by Hall's celebrated brass, reed and string bands. For tickets and state-rooms, apply at No. 241 Broadway; No. 529 Broadway, corner Spring; Broadway, corner 22d-st.; Dodd's Express offices, No. 944 Broadway; and No. 10 Court-st., Brooklyn, or at the office on the pier.

H. H. MANGAM, General Freight Agent.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

The largest and most magnificent River steamers in the world. The 8T. JOHN, DREW and DEAN RICHMOND. One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River, every afternoon, (Sunday excepted), at 5 o'clock. Arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West, North and East. Returning, leave the steam-boat landing at Albany at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North and East.

Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and at Dodd's Express, No. 944 Broadway, and No. 10 Court-st., Brooklyn, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

STEAMER SEA BIRD—FOOT FRANKLIN-ST., FOR RED BANK

and intermediate landings.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
Friday, 13th	11:00 A. M.	Friday, 13th	3:20 P. M.
Saturday, 14th	3:00 P. M.	Monday, 16th	7:00 A. M.
Monday, 16th	3:00 P. M.	Tuesday, 17th	7:00 A. M.
Tuesday, 17th	3:00 P. M.	Wednesday, 18th	7:00 A. M.
Wednesday, 18th	3:20 P. M.	Thursday, 19th	8:00 A. M.
Friday, 20th	6:00 A. M.	Friday, 20th	10:00 A. M.

ALBANY AND TROY BY DAY LINE

A boats C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW, (commencing May 27,) leave Vestry-st. Pier at 8:30 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., landing at Yonkers, Tarrytown and Nyack, (by ferry-boat,) Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Tivoli, Catskill and Hudson.

Trip tickets to Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall and Newburg, returning same day, $1.

Connecting for all points, West and North.

Special trains to Saratoga and Sharon same evening.

CITIZENS' EVENING LINE STEAMERS for Troy direct.—Steamers SUNNYSIDE and THOMAS POWELL leave Pier No. 36 North River, foot North Moore-st., daily, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M., making sure connections with all trains going North, East and West. Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points on Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston Railroads.

FOR NORWALK, DANBURY LITCHFIELD

and intermediate stations, via Danbury and Shepaug Valley Railroads.—The beautiful steamboat AMERICUS leaves foot of Market-st., Pier No. 37 East River, every afternoon at 2:45, and 23d-st. at 3 o'clock. Returning, leaves Norwalk at 7:45 A. M., on the arrival of the Danbury and New-Haven trains. Fare, 75 cents. Excursion tickets, $1 25.

NORTH RIVER & N. Y. ST. BOAT CO.—Harrison-st. Pier.—Strs. CHRYSTENAH daily 3½ P. M., except Sundays, for Yonkers, Irvington, Tarrytown, Nyack, Piermont, Haverstraw, G. Pt., Verplanck's, Peekskill; ADELPHI, at 4, for Englewood, Yonkers, Hastings, D. Ferry, Tarrytown, S. Sing, Haverstraw; ALEXIS, at 5, for Nyack and intermediate landings. Nyack & Tarrytown ferry connects with R. R. trains.

FOR STAMFORD AND GREENWICH.—

The beautiful steamer NELLY WHITE leaves the foot of Market-st. EVERY AFTERNOON at 3:30, and 23d-st. at 3:45 o'clock. Returning, leaves Stamford at 7, and Greenwich at 7:30 o'clock A. M.

FOR ROUNDOUT, LANDING AT COZZENS', Cornwall, Newburg, Milton, Poughkeepsie and Esopus.—The steamboats THOMAS CORNELL and JAMES W. BALDWIN leave daily, at 4 P. M., Pier No. 34 North River, foot of Harrison-st.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon, and 12 night.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH AND WEST.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—County of New-York.—THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES against GEORGE W. MCCULLUM. George B. Haskell, George Wiles.—Summons for Relief.—To the defendant, George Viles, above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 120 Broadway, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons (not including the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, July 1, 1872.

ALEXANDER & GREEN, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

The complaint in the above entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 23d day of July, 1872.

ALEXANDER & GREEN, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

au23-law8wTu*

FOR SALE CHEAP—A COMPLETE SET of circular mill saws, planer, &c., in good order. Just the machinery for cutting heavy timber. Address, immediately, R. A. B., No. 89 White-st.

DRY GOODS.

AT THE GREAT EAST-SIDE ESTABLISHMENT

TODAY.

Every Department filled with New Goods.
Silk Bonnet Velvets, Mantilla Velvets.
Black and Colored Velveteens, 50c., 65c., 75c. and up.
Gros Grain Ribbons, every width, in the new shades.
Sash Ribbons, 50c., 65c., 75c., 85c. per yard.

Ostrich Feathers and Flowers.

100 Cartons of New French Flowers.

Dress and Cloak Trimmings. Silk Fringes, ten thousand Ladies' Neck-ties, about fifty cents on the dollar. A special purchase and offering.

New Fancy Goods and Yankee Notions by every steamer from Europe.

Corsets, 50c., 65c., 75c. and $1 a pair.
Examine our $1 50 and $2 Corsets.

Specialty—Ten thousand dollars' worth of Hamburg Edgings and Flouncings, at fifty cents on the dollar.

DAILY.

New Styles in Hats and Bonnets
Exhibited in our Hat Rooms, Second Floor.

KID GLOVES

At 25c., at 50c., the pair.
Two Buttons, 75c. and $1 the pair.
Edward Glove, warranted, $1 pair.
Edward Glove, Two Buttons, $1 25 pair.
Gents' Kid Gloves, $1 and $1 50, cheap.

Edward Ridley & Son,

NOS. 309, 311, 311½ GRAND,
62, 64, 66, 68 AND 70 ALLEN-ST.,
FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

TO MILLINERS AND STOREKEEPERS.

AT THE GREAT EAST SIDE ESTABLISHMENT

JOBBING ROOMS, THIRD FLOOR

YOU WILL FIND FULL LINES OF

Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, Velvets, Velveteens, Laces, Silks, Torquois, new shades; one of the largest stocks in the City to select desirable Millinery goods from.

We have the cheapest low-priced Kid Gloves in America, our own manufacture and importation.

Edward Ridley & Son,

Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block East from the Bowery.

LORD & TAYLOR,
BROADWAY AND 20TH-ST.,
will open on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 19,
a large assortment of
FRENCH BONNETS AND HATS.
Also Untrimmed Hats, French Flowers, Feathers, Jets, &c., of the latest importation.
LORD & TAYLOR, Broadway and 20th-st

JUDGE STALLO.

Reasons of a True Reformer for Repudiating the Democratic Nominee.

Scathing Review of the Greeley Coalitionists—Clasping Hands Across the Bloody Chasm.—Demoralization of the Would-Be Reformers.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 16.—Judge J. B. Stallo, of Ohio, to-night addressed an audience of 2,500 in this city, being introduced by Col. T. T. Gantt, one of the most prominent Democrats in the State. Judge Stallo, who was foremost in the reform movement until it culminated in the absurdity of Greeley, was frequently applauded during the course of his remarks, and most heartily when he scarified the Philosopher most mercilessly.

After alluding to the origin of the Reform movement and the Missouri platform, the speaker proceeded to allude as follows to the apologies made for Greeley's nomination:

Not one of the Greeley orators is at pains to refer in detail to the proceedings of the Cincinnati Convention; they all content themselves with saying that the reform movement, by reason of its strength and spontaneity, swept beyond the limits of its original conception, or that the nomination of Mr. Greeley was one of those extraordinary, if not miraculous, events which can only be accounted for by the widening of the scope of human endeavor by the interposition of Providence, of which history is said to offer so many examples. This reference to mysterious, natural or supernatural agencies is not very common; but it is not always satisfactory. When a city is visited with a fatal epidemic, the inhabitants are asked to bow to the inscrutable decrees of Providence: but it is sometimes useful to inquire how much of this providence stands for filthy alleys and foul air, or for unripe pears and rotten apples of which people were sometimes foolish enough to partake when these abominations are offered to them on a plate labeled "the only thing attainable." And when I am asked to recognize an act of Providence or the result of an uncontrollable popular instinct in the nomination of Mr. Greeley, I am curious to know what part of this providential dispensation means Alexander McClure and Gratz Brown, and how much spontaneous popular instinct is represented by Waldo Hutchins, John Cochrane and the men who followed them from New-York and Philadelphia, or came at their bidding from Chicago. Right here it is easy for me, while to state exact facts—facts about which there can be no dispute, for they are the facts of very recent history, and are attested by the knowledge of a thousand witnesses no less than unquestionable documentary evidence—on which depends the real import and value of the phrase that the movement which resulted in the nomination of Horace Greeley had in its somewhat much healthy, popular life and vigor that it refused to be "hemmed in by the details of a political reform programme formed by its first leaders."

CHARACTER OF THE CINCINNATI CONVENTION.

The men who appeared at Cincinnati on the 1st of May came in response to a call addressed in terms to those only who concurred in the propositions of the Missouri platform. One of these propositions demanded a reduction of the tariff to a revenue basis. Efforts were made, indeed, to induce the Missouri reformers to widen the call so as to admit the friends of Mr. Greeley and others, but these reformers were at that time so impressed with the impropriety of sacrificing the strength of principle to the strength of numbers, they were so fully in accord with the noble words of Senator Schurz which I read to you a moment ago, that they refused to admit any one to the halls of the Convention who had not, in writing, by affixing his signature to the Missouri declaration of principles, pledged his honor as a man and a citizen that he concurred in that declaration. So the Convention was organized. It sat three days; and on the second day its members passed a resolution in which they declared that there were irreconcilable differences between them as to one of the propositions of the platform, without a concurrence in which they had no right whatever to be there, and that they felt constrained, therefore, to remit it to the Congressional districts. And feeling, probably, that such an asseveration was very necessary, they added that in these differences they were not only irreconcilable, but also honest. That is to say, these champions of reform declared in the very charter of their existence as an organized body, that a majority of them had stolen into the Convention by a breach of faith, and that they had begun the work of reform by ignoring the ordinary canons of truthfulness, and absolving themselves from the common obligations of faith among men. That was the "declaration of independence" which was the theme of so much eloquence in a late speech of Senator Schurz. It was a declaration of independence indeed, but of independence, not from party fealty to plain truth and simple honor. Having issued that declaration, they were in a fit condition to nominate Horace Greeley as the candidate of the reform party in its newer and more brilliant aspect, and to go before the Convention of the Democratic Party, soon to be held, in order to see whether that Convention was ready to qualify itself for effective co-operation with them by imitating their glorious example in professing principles which they reserved the right to repudiate next day.

If the nomination of Horace Greeley by the Cincinnati Convention was due to an interposition of Providence, then Providence for once assumed the very improper disguise of a scaly trick; if the diversion of the reform movement from its original direction was prompted by an irrepressible popular instinct, then the operations of this instinct bear a strange resemblance to very crooked devices.

VISIONARIES AND BOLTERS.

And now those who refuse to be duped by this transparent fuggiery, and to sanction this double dealing imposture—those who insist that the principles of the reform movement shall either be faithfully adhered to, or, if abandoned, at least abandoned openly and honestly—are called bolters, visionaries, and impracticables. Well, if bolting means persistent devotion to the cause of principle and right, and refusal to follow its treacherous and pusillanimous defenders in their devious courses, I bolt. And I decline to speculate how much good may, after all, come out of this deliberately organized evil. I can not be brought to think that what is begun in fraud can end in honesty. I believe, with the old simple-minded historian, "What is base in its inception is base in its outcome." While I am impressed as much as any one with the necessity of purifying our political life, I do not hope that this purification will be effected by filthy hands. However urgent the demand for reform may be, I prefer to await its accomplishment by agencies over which the men who took possession of the Cincinnati Convention have no control.

Judge Stallo then considered at length the question of revenue reform, and the relegation of that subject by the Cincinnati Convention to Congressional districts, closing this portion of his speech with these words: "Under whatever light it is examined, the tariff plank in the Cincinnati platform is an unmitigated sham, and the admonition addressed to us by the Greeley orators to take advantage of the opportunities afforded by the nomination of Mr. Greeley for the election of revenue reformers to Congress—to fire our guns after they have thoroughly drenched our powder—an unparalleled audacity."

In regard to the dangers of the new coalition, the Judge drew a strong picture: "Democracy has been stripped of all principle; Republicanism has been voided of all moral sense, and material has thus been gained for the organization of a party which now claims the right to bear aloft the standard of political reform! Is it to be wondered at that the worst men of both parties at once, as if by magic, rose to prominence in this new organization; that the Ben. Woods appear as the first Vice-Presidents of the Greeley ratification meetings, and the John Cochranes as the diplomatic agents of the 'reform' nominee for the Presidency at the Greeley conventions?"

CLASPING HANDS ACROSS THE BLOODY CHASM.

Those who advocate the election of Mr. Greeley in spite of the irregularity, as they are pleased to call it, of his nomination, insist upon the urgency of effecting a reconciliation between the North and South, and a renunciation on the part of those who were lately in arms against the Union. The late rebels, it is said, in offering to vote for Mr. Greeley, extend their hands across the bloody chasm, and it would be unpatriotic on our part to reject it.

I need not say that every sincere effort to bring about a restoration of fraternal feeling and good will between all the citizens of the Republic has my hearty sympathy. And if a clasping of hands across the bloody chasm promises in the least to contribute to this restoration, I am willing to waive my prejudices against dramatic performances of this sort, in spite of the signal failure of similar efforts in the past, the last of which was made, I believe, under the auspices of Senator Doolittle, some years ago at Philadelphia. But between whom is the restoration of good will to take place? Who are the parties to be reconciled? Obviously those who sought to destroy the Union during the late war on the one hand, and those who were intent on maintaining it at all hazards on the other. Will these parties be truly represented, will their reconciliation be appropriately symbolized, if the hand extended across the bloody chasm from the South is clasped by the Presidential nominee of the old Democratic Party, even if that nominee be Horace Greeley?

Let not the men of the South be deceived! Reconciliation with the North means reconciliation with the new order of things established by the war, and thorough acquiescence in the equal rights of those whom the war has liberated. An effectual destruction of the antagonism between those who were opposed to each other in that war involves, above all things, a fusion of the political antagonism among the races at the South. And whatever tends to perpetuate this antagonism is an omen of hostility, and not an augury of peace. Nothing could have been more unfortunate, in any aspect, than a re-establishment by the Southern whites of their relations with the Democratic Party, however sincere they may have been in their adoption of the first two resolutions of the Cincinnati platform. There was no garb more inappropriate in which they could have clothed themselves in making their profession of renewed allegiance to the Union, and of devotion to the freedom of all men, than the old uniform of the Democracy. For it is not sufficient for them to be sincere: it is necessary also that they should be trusted, or at least give no just cause for distrust. Will the emancipated slaves accept the invitation of their former masters to cooperate with them for the restoration of the South to the enjoyment of self-government and constitutional right if the invitation is extended to them in the name of the old party whose sole meaning to them is slavery and oppression?

If there was anything which those who aim at the pacification of the South, and the restoration of mutual confidence and good feeling among all the citizens of the Republic ought to have avoided, it was the establishment of party lines upon the lines of color in the Southern States. And for this reason, even the momentary use of the Democratic organization for any purpose which the reformers had in view, was, in my judgment, an error which it may take more than one Presidential election to retrieve.

It ought to be said, in this connection, that, irrespective of his position as the official representative of the Democratic Party, Mr. Greeley is a very unfit person to perform the ceremony of clasping hands with the South in behalf of the Unionists of the North. For, if any understanding is to be brought about, it ought not to have in it the germs of a new misunderstanding. And, whatever may be Mr. Greeley's sentiments, there is evidence in the utterances of prominent Southern men before Mr. Greeley's nomination at Baltimore, that many of them look upon him as the advocate of a theory which constituted their justification of the late war, and that his election to the Presidency imports to them promises which cannot and ought not to be fulfilled.

HORACE GREELEY!

Gentlemen, I have taxed your powers of endurance to such a degree by the length of my remarks that I cannot think of detaining you by an extended discussion of the personal qualifications of Horace Greeley for the office to which he aspires. Mr. Greeley has lived under the eyes of the public more, probably, than any other man of note in this country, and there can be no great difficulty of forming a correct estimate of his character.

Mr. Greeley owes his conspicuity and popularity to the fact that for more than thirty years he has been the principal editor of one of the leading journals in the Metropolis of this country. The necessities and opportunities of this position have developed, to an extraordinary degree, his natural versatility of intellect and volubility of speech. A few weeks ago the New-York *Tribune* published a communication from a gentleman who employed Mr. Greeley as a compositor shortly after his arrival in New-York. One of the characteristic facts mentioned in this communication was that, however assiduously he was at work, an uninterrupted stream of words ran from his lips. That stream has continued to run from his lips and from his pen ever since. Mr. Greeley has not only edited the *Tribune*, constantly increasing in its columns nearly every day, but he has delivered lectures on the most various subjects, and compiled and written books on all manner of themes. The speech of ordinary persons is subject to occasional intermissions of silent meditation. In Mr. Greeley's case the only alternation has been between the quiver of his tongue and the toss of his quill. Beginning without thorough or systematic training in anything, he has never sought or found opportunity, in his subsequent career, for mental discipline. A few moments' reflection has sufficed him for an hour's talk or a day's writing. Like all first-class chatter-boxes, he has come to be regarded by some persons as a great philosopher, and by others as a great fool—neither estimate, of course, being entirely accurate. The characteristic bias of his mind, however, is due not merely to his incessant translation of fugitive impressions into oracular utterances, but also to the position in which he has been placed. His relation to the events which he has had occasion to discuss has been such as necessarily to distort his vision, and to preclude all possibility of their correct and impartial appreciation. As the editor and proprietor of a great metropolitan journal, competing with the *Herald* and other papers, he has naturally seen these events in their sensational aspect, with all the exaggerations of crude report. As a conductor of a partisan organ, he has apprehended them, in the first instance at least, as party capital and mere material for arguments against his opponents. His position, therefore, has shut him out from that clear, calm, all-sided, stereoscopic view of things on which both the man of action and the man of thought base their inferences and form their decisions.

It is doing Mr. Greeley no injustice to say that with all his fussiness and indefatigability he has never seriously studied anything; and that his opinions, on political questions especially, have almost always been hastily and thoughtlessly formed. The consequence which has been attached to these opinions, is chiefly due to the fact that for many years, he has been the most prominent indicator of political meteorology in this country. Whenever there has been a great popular commotion, he has been shouting in the front; whenever the public mind has been aglow with a new idea or a new conceit, the editorial columns of the *Tribune* have been at the point of incandescence.

To those who bear these facts in mind, Mr. Greeley's peculiarities—his intellectual giddiness and extravagance, his political quackery and vulgar faith in legislative specifics for all the ills of society, his dogmatism, his intolerance of dissent, the intemperance of his language, &c.—are no mystery. One of his peculiarities is worthy of special mention—his absolute want of systematic knowledge. He has a standing grudge against the multiplication table and the first book of Euclid. He is the personal enemy of the logical rule respecting the distribution of the middle term, and I make no doubt that he charges it with inherent villainy whenever he is loose in the woods at Chappaqua, beyond the supervision and control of the politicians who see to it of late that he does not speak his mind on certain things within hearing of his enemies. He is sincerely of the opinion that the axiom according to which action and reaction are equal and contrary—a principle which has an application to other things than mechanics—is in the pay of English capitalists. He has a form of syllogistic reasoning entirely his own, his syllogism consisting of a broad assertion of the thing to be proved as the major premise, a ringing imprecation as the minor, and a bold charge of venality or idiocy against his antagonist as the conclusion.

I have already said that Mr. Greeley is a philosopher; his latest surname, I believe, is the "Sage of Chappaqua." His title to the distinction rests not only on his omniscience and volubility, but also on certain dogmatic brevities which his admirers have lately been at pains to collect. One of these is the well-known dictum: "The true way to the resumption of specie payment is to resume," which is a short refutation of the common delusion that to pay a debt you must have something to do it with. Another of his pithy sayings is, "Go West and take a farm"—an admonition addressed to those who flock to the cities for remunerative employment in some branch of "diversified industry," after he has helped to saddle the farmer with all the burdens of the protective system. His most pregnant apothegm, perhaps, is the famous "Root, hog, or die," which, however, has no application to the Pennsylvania iron master.

There has been much discussion of late as to Mr. Greeley's honesty, the doubts respecting it arising chiefly from his associations. No one, I presume, suspects him of any coveting of his neighbor's chickens, or of his purse. But persons of his peculiar mental constitution are rarely without a crook in their moral nature, and Mr. Greeley is not an exception to the rule. The character of his intrigues, shows that it did not require much bending to make him a successful New-York politician. It is certain he lacks one of the highest attributes of honesty—the habit of saying what he means, and meaning what he says. If he had possessed this attribute, he would never have signed and published the letter I have referred to, wherein he expressed his concurrence in the principles of the Missouri declaration, one of which, at least, he heartily detested.

Those who insist, with so much earnestness, upon Mr. Greeley's devotion to principle ought to recollect the part he bore in the Chicago Convention in 1860, and the efforts he had previously made to secure the Presidential nomination to Mr. Bates, a gentleman belonging to a political school which Mr. Greeley had denounced in the most unmeasured terms.

Mr. Greeley is credited, and I believe justly, with a certain natural softness and kindliness of disposition, evidenced by numerous acts of benevolence and generosity. This benevolence is, no doubt, one of the sources of his popularity, and has drawn toward him many persons who have little sympathy with his crotchets and vagaries. But, unfortunately, this softness has also brought him into relation with a multitude of unprincipled schemers who have constantly used him for purposes which are the reverse of patriotic. And I was not in the least surprised when I found that as soon as the Democratic politicians who regard parties as mere machines for the distribution of offices and places, looked beyond their own party for a Presidential candidate, their choice instantly fell upon Mr. Greeley.

While Mr. Greeley has for years been notoriously the centre of a group of political jugglers he has naturally been out of all relation with the sober intelligence of the country. Nearly all the men who have distinguished themselves by the inculcation of the simple doctrine of economic science as they are now recognized throughout the civilized world have been the objects of his vituperation and attack. And one of the things about which I should be curious in the event of his election would be his selection of a person for the office of Secretary of the Treasury. There are apprehensions—now well founded I know not—that the coming man for this place is Reuben E. Fenton, who has lately distinguished himself by discussing the financial affairs of the nation.

It is impossible to say what the election of Mr. Greeley as the candidate of the Democratic Party, and of such men as Fenton and McClure would portend to the fortunes of the nation. I know it would not portend purity and reform, and I fear that it would not portend order and peace.

DEMORALIZATION OF REFORMERS.

Right here I ought to say, in frankness, that, even if I did not apprehend incalculable peril from the ascendency of an organization of which Mr. Greeley is the head and the Democratic Party the body, I should still look upon Mr. Greeley's nomination as Cincinnati and Baltimore as a misfortune. It is one of the wise sayings of Lord Bacon that truth emerges sooner from error than from confusion; and I believe that the restoration of good government in this country is hindered far more by the confusion than by the errors and misdeeds prevalent in our public life. And this confusion has become next to hopeless, in consequence of Mr. Greeley's nomination as the candidate at once of the reformers and of the Democratic Party. Citizens have been crowded beyond the control of their beliefs, the political elements have been thrown out of the sphere of their natural attraction, men of similar purposes and convictions have become alienated and estranged by animosities and distrusts, resulting inevitably from false antagonisms, and alliances and friendships have been formed which are likely to outlast for a long time the clear intelligence, common virtue, and mutual esteem on which they were founded. But worse than this; the faith of the people in principles, and their confidence in the men who had assumed the right and duty to proclaim and enforce them has been seriously weakened, if not destroyed, by the spectacle just presented of an open barter of these principles for the chances of success; the popular conscience has been debased, the fountains of popular intelligence have been contaminated, and the simple rectitude of the popular mind has been distorted by sophistical attempts to show that the cause of truth can be advanced by the methods of prevarication, and the interests of reform are susceptible of being served by the instruments of corruption. Moreover, the series of stratagems and devices by which the extraordinary combination between the several elements of the Greeley Party has been brought about has established a precedent in our national politics which is sure of being followed hereafter, if the present scheme meets with success. Instead of open struggles between great bodies representing antagonisms of principles, or even of passions and prejudices, our Presidential contests will degenerate into games of chance, in which the cards will certainly not be held by honest men.

Senator Schurz has recently told you in this hall that "this period is pregnant with new formations, which need but the electric spark of an opportunity to spring into shape." Speaking with all due deference, it may be permitted to say that it is not the electric spark of opportunities, but the electric spark of ideas which brings about the crystallization of new historical forms. And whoever sacrifices his faith in the force of these ideas to a trust in the efficacy of cunning manœuvres is certainly not in league with the tendencies of natural development.

Finding myself under the control of convictions such as those to which I have this evening given imperfect utterance, I can not co-operate with the reform movement in its present phase, and give expression to my dissatisfaction with the Republican Party or with Gen. Grant by voting for Mr. Greeley. I can not accept the result of the Cincinnati Convention either as an adequate realization of the aspirations of the people for reform, or even as a part fulfillment of the hopes I had cherished in its behalf. As I said in a recent letter to a friend, I am unable to accept a lie as the first instalment of a truth, or a base trick as part payment of a debt of honesty. I do not believe that the election of Mr. Greeley would be a step in advance toward anything which is desirable in our national affairs. I am wholly at a loss how the promotion of a ferocious protectionist to the Presidential office can tend to promote the cause of revenue reform, or an Administration deriving its wisdom from the Sage of Chappaqua and its impulses and inspirations from the old Democratic Party can pave the way for reform of any kind. And if I am expected that sense of practical duty can accept with resignation what is attainable, and make the most of it, I can only answer that this admonition impresses me very much as a mariner among the breakers would be impressed by the advice to throw his compass and sextant overboard, and to run his vessel on the nearest reef, that being the only landing place immediately within his reach. I mean to retain my grasp of the helm and to keep my eye on the direction of the needle. There is something else attainable for me in this Presidential canvass than success in electing my candidate, and that is the maintenance of the integrity of my conscience and the preservation of my faith that the only way to reach the right end is to persist in traveling the right road. My vote this Fall will not, in all probability, help to make the majority or the successful candidate more imposing, or the minority of the defeated candidate more respectable. I have striven to the last with a few friends to place a candidate in the field around whom the friends of true reform could rally, if not with the hope of carrying the standard of our convictions to victory, at least with the resolution to bear it steadily aloft. We have failed, and I should bear myself but ill out of the obloquy which, in the eyes of those who march in front of a crowd, attaches to our failure. And I am happy to know that in all parts of the country there are brave and thoughtful men who take courage from their abiding faith, and who, like myself, are of good cheer in spite of our apparent discomfiture. They know that though they can not elect a President, they can keep the clear note of truth vibrating in the air, and hold the fervor of their devotion to its cause undiminished, in their own hearts at least.

BOATING.

The Argonauta-Neptune Race—Excitement Among the Inhabitants of Bergen Point and Staten Island.

The Argonauta Rowing Association, of Bergen Point, and the Neptune Boating Association, of West Brighton, compete annually for the championship of the Kill Von Kull, which flows between them. The Argonautas had never scored a victory in their contests with the Neptunes, prior to the race which took place yesterday. The Staten Island shore was thronged with pedestrians and vehicles of all descriptions, and the blue color of the Neptunes was more conspicuous than the deep opposite shore differed but in the color—the bright red of the Argonautas. Eight steam-boats laid in waiting for the start, divided in the interest of the competing crews.

The original three-mile straight-away course is from the Beacon buoy off Brighton to the light-house at the entrance of Newark Bay. But the strong wind yesterday and very choppy water in the open space at the starting point necessitated the shortening of the course by about a furlong in order to bring them in better water.

The Argonauta crew made their appearance on the course at 5:10 P. M., composed as follows: Edward Smith, bow, 140½ pounds; E. Hamilhall, 155 pounds; B. Stevenson, 153 pounds; Fred. C. Eldred, stroke, 153 pounds. Shell-boat, 40 feet long, 18 inches wide, built by George Roahr.

The Neptune crew made their first appearance at 5:20 o'clock, and consisted of Rudolph W. Schuck, bow, 134 pounds; Joseph McMurray, 154 pounds; Oliver T. Johnson, 156 pounds; H. S. Truax, stroke, 139 pounds. Shell boat 41 feet long, 20 inches wide, built by Chas. B. Elliott. Both crews used the sliding seats.

At 5:40 a start was effected. The Argonautas got away in good form on an even keel, while their competitors seemed to be unable to gather themselves; but their discomfiture was only momentary, as an instant after they got a square hold of the water and dashed after the leading boat, which was a full length in advance, Smith steering a splendid course, and the crew moving handsomely together at thirty-nine strokes per minute. The Neptunes pulled gamely astern at a forty stroke, which they subsequently increased to forty-four, the Argonautas then rowing forty, and keeping their lead without any apparent effort. For the last mile Schuck, the bowman of the Neptunes, steered very wild, and came near ending the race summarily by running into a raft which was towed behind a propeller. About here the pine brace which takes the place of the toe-strap over the steersman's stretcher, gave way in the Argonauta's boat. Smith to rip his heels up, which, upon regaining their former position, did so with such force as to break the thin skin of the boat, allowing the water free ingress through the crevice. Smith, by this mishap, also lost his sliding seat, leaving him but the sharp steel rails to sit upon.

The Argonautas, though taking in water fast, rowed handsomely to the end, winning the race in the unprecedented time of fifteen minutes five one-fourth seconds, beating the Neptunes by three lengths.

The judges' boat hastened to the Argonauta's shell, which was rapidly filling and sinking, and took the crew and boat aboard.

The judges were: For the Argonautas, E. P. White and F. M. Rice; Neptunes, Nathan Barrett and W. B. Womple; referee, W. W. Richards; Russell Forsyth, time-keeper.

As the course was shortended, the time bets were declared off, although it was at one time agreed to allow eight seconds for the difference of distance.

When the several steamers approached the landing at Bergen Point, after the race, the enthusiasm became unbounded; the ladies waved red scarfs and red ribbons, and stood up in their carriages to greet the victorious crew; and the good news quickly swept over the usually quiet place, and shout after shout rent the air in praise of the Argonauta's crew.

The Broad-Street Defalcation.

Robert M. Butler, of the firm of Clerke & Co., brokers, who is accused of absconding with $75,000 belonging to the firm, was arrested yesterday by Deputy-Sheriff Keese, at the Gleuham Hotel, on a civil suit. The order of arrest was granted by Judge Leonard, of the Supreme Court. The particulars of the case have been fully recorded in the TIMES. The prisoner was held to bail in the sum of $75,000.

BASE-BALL—CRICKET.

Mutuals Defeat the Atlantics by 12 to 4.

The Mutuals and Atlantics played the sixth of their series of nine games on the Capitoline yesterday. The game was sharply played and well contested up to the fifth inning, when the score stood at 1 to 0 in favor of the Mutuals, who, aided by poor fielding on the part of the Atlantics, increased their lead as the game advanced, and eventually won by 12 runs to 4. The Mutuals fielded well, but in this respect the Atlantics showed great lack of strength.

Today the Mutuals play the Athletics, of Philadelphia, on the Union Ground.

The Coming Contest Between the St. George and English Gentlemen's Eleven.

All the preparations for the reception of the famous English eleven are complete, and nothing is now wanting but the visitors themselves. The St. George's Ground, at the west end of Ninth-street, Hoboken, has been put in the best order for the occasion, the playing portion of the field has been carefully leveled, mowed and rolled, while the accommodations for guests—both ladies and gentlemen—are all that could be desired. The restaurant will be in charge of an accomplished caterer, and the comforts of the guests will be looked after by the members of the Club. The following "twenty-two" was yesterday finally determined on by the St. George Club: Bance, Bowman, Cox, Fortun, Gibbs, Jones, McDougal, Stubberfield, Torrance, Moeran, Cashman, Brewster, G. Wright, H. Wright, of the Boston Base-ball Club, Lemon, Kieler, Sleigh, Eyre, Talbot, J. Hatfield, (of the Mutual nine,) Jackson and Sparks. The English party are not expected to reach the City until this afternoon or evening, but should they arrive sufficiently early, they will probably visit the Union Grounds to witness the ball match between the Mutuals and Athletics.

The National Board of Trade—Important Meeting.

On Tuesday, Oct. 15, at noon, will be convened at Chambers of Commerce the National Board of Trade, representing the commercial interests of the entire country. The Board is composed of delegates from Augusta, Boston, Baltimore, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Dubuque, Denver, Louisville, Mobile, Milwaukee, Nashville, Newark, New-Orleans, New-York, Oswego, Peoria, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Providence, Portland, Norfolk, Petersburg, Quincy, Richmond, San Francisco, Salem, St. Joseph, St. Louis, St. Paul, Toledo, Troy, and Wilmington. A Board of Trade was organized at New-Haven, Conn., The Board will be called to order at 12 M. precisely by Frederick Freeley, of Philadelphia, President of the Board. When the Board will be formally organized, Hon. Wm. E. Dodge, President of the New-York Chamber of Commerce, will welcome the delegates to the City in the name of the commercial interests of New-York. The business in order is the report of the Executive Council on the state of the commercial interests of the country, after which officers for the next year will be elected. The preliminary proceedings will be conducted at the Chamber of Commerce. After the formal organization, it is probable that the Board will adjourn to the room in the City Hall that has been offered by Mayor Hall. The Board will probably continue its sessions till Saturday, Oct. 20.

A Greenpoint Officer Assaulted by Roughs.

While attempting to quell a disturbance among a party of Greenpoint roughs on Saturday night, Officer Whalen was struck in the face by Thomas Thompson, who hurled a stone at him. Whalen arrested Thompson, whereupon the roughs assaulted the officer and rescued their comrade from his custody. Subsequently Officers Whalen and Shannon arrested Wm. Heverin, John Hughes, John Ryan and James Kelly, four of the gang, and afterward Thompson was secured. Yesterday the first four named were fined $15 each for disorderly conduct, while Thompson was committed to await the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of felonious assault.

The Arrest of Matt Morgan.

In reference to the arrest of Matt Morgan, on Saturday night, on suspicion of being a burglar, the Police state that the janitor of the building No. 35 Nassau-street preferred a charge of assault against him; that he was forcing his way into the building after having been told that the person he was looking for was not known there, and that he, the janitor, believed he was a person of suspicious character. The Police Sergeant states that the Police only did their duty in arresting him, as the assault was witnessed by a Police officer. The Sergeant denies having read Mr. Morgan's letters.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

Extensive and desirable improvements are taking place at the Fulton Ferry-house, on the New-York side.

The Department of Public Parks announce music by the Central Park band at the Battery today, from 4½ to 6½ P. M.

Yesterday evening Sarah Aaronson, two years old, fell out of the fifth story of No. 33 Orchard-street, and was instantly killed.

The body of a drowned man, about twenty-seven years of age, brown hair and small moustache, was found in the river at the foot of Jayne-street, yesterday evening.

George Edgar, fifteen years old, of Hunter's Point, had two fingers of his left hand cut off while at work in Pfyfe & Co.'s saw-mill, No. 235 East Forty-second-street, yesterday evening.

The New-York and Cape May through line over the New-Jersey Railroad was discontinued a week ago, and yesterday the through train to Long Branch made its last trip for the season.

Gasper Eigelsbacher and John Hoffman, of No. 175 Norfolk-street, quarreled last night, when Eigelsbacher stabbed Hoffman in the cheek, wounding him severely. He was arrested.

Maria Wessels, charged with passing a counterfeit $10 bill, was honorably discharged, yesterday, by Commissioner Shields. James M. Brady was held in $500 bail for a violation of the Shipping law.

The Methodist Preachers met yesterday, Dr. Porter presiding. The question as to whether it was desirable to organize the local preachers into district conferences, was resumed by Rev. C. C. Leigh, who spoke strongly against it.

Joseph Frank and James Kelly, two sailors, quarreled in the Thomas Churchhill Sailors' Boarding-house, No. 45 Oak-street, last night, when Frank stabbed Kelly three times in the left leg, wounding him severely. He was arrested.

Last night the pool-rooms of Johnson & Marshall, corner of Twenty-eighth-street and Broadway, were filled with an eager throng of turfmen, to learn the entries for the Fall meeting of the Fleetwood Association, which closed with a large number of entries.

Patrick McCauley, of No. 182 Madison-street, while at work at Pier No. 45 East River on Wednesday night, fell overboard and was drowned. The body was found yesterday at the same place by the Police, and was surrendered to the friends of the deceased.

At the Rheinlust Park, foot of Sixty-third-street, the Marschner Maennerchor gave a picnic and Summer-night's festival yesterday, in which the Arndt Maennerchor, Abtsschueler, Hudson Maennerchor and several other German vocal organizations participated.

The Veteran Society of the Turner Regiment will celebrate the anniversary of the battle of Jena with a concert and ball at the Turn Hall in Fourth-street this evening. The New-York Saengerrunde, the Veteran Vocal Society and several artists will participate.

The German Landwehr Verein, a semi-military organization of former Prussian militia men, held its second annual picnic and Summer-night's festival at Funk's Union Park, Sixty-third-street and First-avenue yesterday. The members of the organization turned out in a new parade uniform.

An examination was held at Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, before Justice Ledwith, in the case of William Schotte, accused of embezzlement by the proprietors of the *Mercantile Journal*. The prisoner, through his counsel, waived a preliminary examination, and the case will come up in the Supreme Court today.

The White Star steam-ship Baltic, which left Liverpool on Sept. 5, and Queenstown on Sept. 6, reached this port early yesterday morning, with mail news later by three days than that previously at hand. The officers and the management of the line are once more entitled to our thanks for valued additions to our foreign files.

During an altercation on board the brig Maria Wheeler, lying at the foot of East Twenty-first-street, yesterday evening, David Morrill, the second mate, was stabbed in the left arm and breast, and severely wounded, by William Hyer, one of the sailors, who was arrested and locked up in the Eighteenth Precinct Station.

The injunction suit brought by Mrs. James Fisk to restrain the Erie Railroad Company from using, copying or abstracting the private papers of the late Col. Fisk, which were left in a private box in the vault of the Erie Railroad Company by Col. Fisk's private Secretary, was not discussed yesterday before Judge Leonard, as was expected, and may not be for several days, as it is placed low down on the Court Calendar.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Timothy J. Coe, of the Spingler House, whose physical form is of a massive character, went out driving, and at the corner of Thirty-sixth-street and Seventh-avenue his wagon became wedged between a heavily-laden truck and car No. 123 of the Seventh-avenue line. Mr. Coe's wagon was completely demolished, and, not releasing the reins, he was dragged for a half a block after his horse. He escaped with a few bruises.

An iron church was shipped from this City last week to Callao per ship Canada. It is composed entirely of iron being 125 feet long by 65 wide, and comprises beside the main building, a vestry, dead-house, tower, steeple, belfry and altar. It is also accompanied by a fine organ, manufactured by Jardine. The entire expense of the contract amounted to $150,000. This is, perhaps, the first instance of the shipment of an iron church from this port.

The United States mail steam-ship Minnesota, Capt. Morgan, Williams and Guion line, arrived here yesterday from Liverpool with 900 passengers, of which number 600 are recent converts to the Mormon faith, and are on their way to Salt Lake City. Some 300 of these are robust, healthy and fine-looking young people from Norway, Sweden and Denmark. The remainder are from England, Wales and Scotland. The Mormon agent in this City will forward them immediately to Salt Lake City.

BROOKLYN.

The Controller was yesterday authorized by the Board of Aldermen to sell at auction the old building known as the James-street Market.

Mr. Charles Goodwin, a prominent citizen of Brooklyn, and a well-known Republican, died at his residence, in the Eighteenth Ward, yesterday.

The Board of Aldermen yesterday authorized the Mayor to obtain counsel's opinion as to the legality of the Board of City Works as now constituted.

Mayor Powell yesterday nominated John Cunningham as a member of the Board of Education, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Daniel Hart.

The Board of Aldermen have received a remonstrance from property owners on Third-avenue against an assessment for laying the Scrimshaw pavement on the avenue.

Chief Campbell yesterday received from the Police Commissioners of Chicago an acknowledgment of the receipt of $3,047 71, contributed by the Brooklyn Police to the sufferers by the great fire in Chicago.

The Corporation Counsel yesterday notified the Board of Aldermen that Daniel Gallagher had obtained a judgment against the City for $2,100, for grading and paving Ferris-street. The Board ordered the judgment to be paid.

The reports of Commissioners in the matter of opening Middleton-street from Throop-avenue and Broadway to Harrison avenue, and Quincy-street from Marcy-avenue to Lewis-avenue, were confirmed yesterday by Justice Pratt in the Supreme Court.

At a late hour Sunday night, Mary Austen, aged twenty years, residing at No. 234 Sixth-street, New-York, attempted suicide by jumping off a Fulton ferry-boat, while entering the slip on the Brooklyn side. Officer Dougherty, who was on the boat, rescued her. Mary had quarreled with her parents, who had turned her out of the house.

The Brooklyn Board of Aldermen yesterday passed a resolution to the effect that the State tax assessed upon Kings County is unequal, being largely in excess, in the valuation of real estate, of the amount levied upon any other portion of the State; hence unjust, and believed to be illegal; and that, unless a satisfactory reduction is made, it will be resisted, for the purpose of a test case.

The Fall meeting of the Prospect Park Association begins today and two races are on the programme. The first race for horses that have never beaten 2:50, has four entries, and the second, for horses that have never beaten 2:35, has eight entries. In the pools, last night, Gloster, in the first race, sold for $25, Dawn $10, and the field $4. In the second race Gazelle was the favorite against the field at $50 against $17.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

The September Term of the Circuit Court and Court of Oyer and Terminer for Westchester County opened at White Plains yesterday. In the absence of Justice Gilbert, who was attending the funeral of Justice Hogeboom, of Columbia County, Justice A. B. Tappan presided. On motion of Judge Hart, the Court adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning, out of respect to the memory of Judge Hogeboom.

NEW-JERSEY.

The New-Jersey State Fair, at Waverley, will commence today.

The taxable value of property in Sussex County for the year has been fixed by the Board of Assessors at $17,436,000.

The police of the First Precinct, Jersey City, yesterday, formed themselves into a target company, for Fall practice.

Peter M. Arbucke, a well-known citizen of Newark, died suddenly on Sunday evening, in the forty-first year of his age.

The foreman of the Essex County Grand Jury, which meets today at Newark, is Hon. John McGregor, President of the Newark and New-York Railroad Company.

Rev. Mr. Dalton, who returned from Europe to his charge in Newark, yesterday, was met down the bay by a party of his parishioners, who had left their homes on the night preceding to meet him.

On account of the crowded condition of the State Lunatic Asylum at Trenton, the Chosen Freeholders of Morris County have voted to build an asylum of their own, with accommodations for thirty patients, at a cost of $6,000.

The Democratic or Parker Board of Police Commissioners met at the office of Mr. James Flemming at 8 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Commissioners Flemming, Monks, De Hart, Gaede, and Mayor O'Neill, were present. Commissioner Hart was elected President of the Board.

The funeral of Mr. Thomas C. Hughes, of the Jersey City *Standard*, who died suddenly on Saturday, took place, yesterday, from St. Peter's Church. Hon. Leon Abbett and Judge Rankin were among the pall-bearers. The body was removed to Calvary Cemetery, Long Island, for burial.

Lewis Wittergreen, of No. 276 Broome-street, Newark, attempted to kill his wife on Sunday night, but she escaped from him. He then took the razor with which he had tried to kill her and cut his own throat. He was prevented from killing himself by some men who were accidentally passing the house.

James Tuttle was knocked down, on Sunday afternoon, on the corner of Warren and Norfolk streets, Newark, by a party of young roughs, and was robbed of $5. James Ward, another feeble man, in Mr. Tuttle's company, was also assaulted. James Brady, Patrick Feeley, and Thomas Clemens were taken into custody.

The fourteenth annual Fair of the New-Jersey State Agricultural Society will commence, at Waverley, today. There will be a fine exhibition of machinery, and a large amount of money will be given in prizes. It is announced that Dexter will visit the grounds sometime during the four days of the fair, and that he will appear upon the track.

Advertisement.

Summer Roses have faded, and with them many a glossy Hat; we must await another season for the roses, but the perfect Hat can be had of KNOX, No. 212 Broadway.

Closing of Foreign Mails at Post-Office.

TUESDAY.

For Port-au-Prince and Turk's Island, by the Vicksburg, at 2 P. M.

WEDNESDAY.

For Europ